Exhibit I - Parker Deposition

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1	CERTIFICATE OF
2	CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER
3	I, THE UNDERSIGNED CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER IN
4	AND FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DO HEREBY CERTIFY:
5	THAT THE FOREGOING PROCEEDINGS WERE TAKEN BEFORE ME
6	AT THE TIME AND PLACE THEREIN SET FORTH; THAT ANY
7	WITNESSES IN THE FOREGOING PROCEEDINGS, PRIOR TO
8	TESTIFYING, WERE DULY SWORN; THAT A RECORD OF THE
9	PROCEEDINGS WAS MADE BY ME USING MACHINE SHORTHAND,
10	WHICH WAS THEREAFTER TRANSCRIBED UNDER MY DIRECTION;
11	THAT THE FOREGOING TRANSCRIPT IS A TRUE RECORD OF THE
12	TESTIMONY GIVEN. FURTHER, THAT IF THE FOREGOING
13	PERTAINS TO THE ORIGINAL TRANSCRIPT OF A DEPOSITION IN A
14	FEDERAL CASE, BEFORE COMPLETION OF THE PROCEEDINGS,
15	REVIEW OF THE TRANSCRIPT [X] WAS [] WAS NOT REQUESTED.
16	I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT I AM A DISINTERESTED
17	PERSON AND AM IN NO WAY INTERESTED IN THE OUTCOME OF
18	SAID ACTION, OR CONNECTED WITH OR RELATED TO ANY OF THE
19	PARTIES IN SAID ACTION, OR TO THEIR RESPECTIVE COUNSEL.
20	THE DISMANTLING, UNSEALING OR UNBINDING OF THE
21	ORIGINAL TRANSCRIPT WILL RENDER THE REPORTER'S
22	CERTIFICATE NULL AND VOID.
23	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I HAVE SUBSCRIBED MY NAME ON
	THIS DATE: October 19, 2019.
24	Xo we of Mito
25	CSR NO. 2818

Tho	mas Parker Trinita Farm	er v	Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al.
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21	California, before Louise K. Mizota, CSR #2818.	21	Exhibit 9 Las Vegas Metropolitan Police 194 Department Partners with the
22		22	Exhibit 9 Las Vegas Metropolitan Police 194 Department Partners with the Community (Department Manual 5-24-2017), LVMPD 0001 through LVMPD 0018
23		23	LVMPD 0018
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Page 7 They're pretty good about that. Q. You've done a few depositions in your time? 1 1 2 THE WITNESS: That's fine. 2 A. A few. 3 MR. McNUTT: Nobody has been short on the cash 3 O. Are you aware of the rules that govern in this case on any side of the table as far as taking depositions? care of their experts, from what I can see. A. Pretty much so. I -- I slip once in a while O. Mr. Parker, you're familiar with, because you and speak before I'm supposed to. spoke about it at length in your report, a syndrome Q. I think we probably all do that. Occasionally called excited delirium? I'll ask a question that you won't understand, whether 9 A. I am. truthfully or you just want to hear it again. Either 9 Q. And I don't know if you refer to it as excited 10 way, ask me to restate it and I'll be happy to. 10 delirium syndrome. How do you prefer to discuss it? A. Okay. 11 12 A. Both ways. Q. I do have one inquiry. I know we're sitting 12 Q. So if I refer to excited delirium, that's 13 13 here without a video and you recently had shoulder sufficient. surgery and you mentioned that you're taking a pain 14 A. That's fine, yeah. My understanding, the 15 15 pill -syndrome is usually that aspect of it's progressed to 16 16 A. I did. the point that death is either right at hand or about to 17 O. -- this morning. 17 happen. Otherwise, it's called excited delirium for the 18 A. Yeah. 19 action, so to speak, leading up to that. Q. Is that pain pill going to cause any issues? 19 Q. Okay. If an individual -- and I may refer to 20 A. No. It's -- it's Motrin. It's an individual, suspect, subject interchangeably throughout 21 over-the-counter pain pill. this deposition. Is that okay with you? Q. Okay. So is there any reason we can't go 22 23 A. Sure. 23 forward --O. But if an individual is suffering from excited 24 A. No. 24 delirium and that individual -- I mean, as it turns out, 25 O. -- with your deposition this morning --25 Page 8 Page 6 just as a matter he's suffering from that and he A. Not at all. 1 attempts to carjack a vehicle, is use of a Taser Q. -- and get your full and truthful testimony? 2 authorized by a police officer to stop that carjacking? 3 A. Absolutely. A. Well, it's a pretty hypothetical situation Q. Okay. Then I will dispense with the rest of 4 the admonitions and we'll get started. without more information around it. 5 Q. Take what I've said as true, that he's 6 And you received your check from Mr. 6 7 attempting to carjack a vehicle. Lagomarsino? A. Again, it would depend on the circumstances. 8 A. I -- I did. It would depend on what the -- what has led up to that, Let me clarify. I think there was a little what the danger is, if there is any, to the occupants of misunderstanding between he and I. What I normally the car. It would depend on -- as is reflected in this require, and I can show you my rate sheet if you need 11 11 case, it would depend on how confident the officer was, to, if we go into the afternoon I usually require 12 13 that it was an attempted carjacking. another check at the start of the afternoon. In other 13 14 I -- I can't give you a direct yes or no answer words, it's like I want the retainer up front. 15 on that. Unfortunately, in this business, once in a while there 15 16 O. Isn't a carjacking a felony in the State of are attorneys out there that will take 60, 90, 120 days 16 17 California? 17 to pay. 18 Q. Well, I know you've dealt with Mr. Anderson A. It is. 18 Q. It is in the State of Nevada. 19 before, but not me. The check came from my office. 19 20 A. Yeah. 20 We'll deal with the afternoon as we --21 Q. Are you aware of that? 21 A. That's fine. 22 A. I am. I -- I worked in Nevada early in my 22 Q. -- get there. 23 career, in Las Vegas. MR. ANDERSON: If we do, I can tell you I'll 23 O. Are you aware that carjackings are presumed to have you a check by next week. MR. LAGOMARSINO: I would agree with that. be violent crimes?

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Page 11 Q. Okay. Will you take that position at trial? 1 1 A. I don't know about the presumption. Most of 2 A. I would doubt it, but I -- I don't know. I them are violent crimes. 3 mean, it would depend on the question. It would depend 3 Q. By statute they're presumed to be. on what are the circumstances, what other information is 4 A. I -- I don't know that for sure. presented. I mean, it's -- it's a very general Q. So let's go back to the question. Let me ask a 5 hypothetical question. I -- I can't answer it different one. Is it your position that an individual 6 7 truthfully. suffering from excited delirium can use that, whatever you want to call it, syndrome, illness, as a defense to 8 Q. Well, are there some facts that you don't 8 believe you have in your possession to articulate an 9 committing a crime? A. I've never heard of it being used as a defense. answer to the question? 1.0 10 11 A. Every case is different and the facts are Q. But I'm asking you whether you think that. 11 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form. 12 different. So the facts --12 THE WITNESS: I -- you know, I don't know that 13 Q. That's not --13 A. -- you presented to me, it's so general, sir, I I could really answer that. There are some medical 14 14 15 can't give you a yes or no answer. considerations there. There's behavioral 15 16 Q. Well --16 considerations. I don't mean to be ducking your A. I would not think that without additional 17 question, but it's -- it's one that I think is difficult 17 information that anybody could give you a direct answer, 18 to answer as you presented it. anybody that, you know, works as an expert in police Q. BY MR. McNUTT: So how would I present it to 19 procedures. Again, I'm not a medical expert. And, you 20 make it more clear? know, I know there are provisions for mental deficiency 21 A. I don't know. That's your issue. It's not defenses. I don't know whether it would qualify in this 22 mine. 23 23 Q. So I'll ask a very direct question again. It would also depend on where -- I think where 24 24 the individual is in terms of the -- the onset of that O. In your professional expert opinion, can the 25 Page 12 Page 10 presence of excited delirium in an individual act as a excited delirium syndrome, if we want to refer to it 1 that way. legal defense to a crime? A. Again, as I said, I can't give you a yes or no 3 So you've asked me a very general hypothetical 3 question and I've given you an answer that I -- I can't answer. There's legal ramifications. There's medical issues involved there. There's observational issues. answer it based on what you've asked me. Q. Sir, that's a very prolix response to a It -- it depends on all of that. question I did not ask. I asked whether or not you're Q. So have you made that opinion anywhere in your aware of any facts that are going to be presented to report? And when I say your report, I mean your fulsome you, facts, evidence, not hypothetical questions, at reports, including your supplemental -trial that you don't have in your possession now that 10 A. Uh-huh. are going to allow you to render that opinion at trial. 11 Q. -- report. Is that okay? 12 A. Well, how can I answer that question? If the 12 A. Yes. facts aren't in my possession, I don't know what they 13 Q. So if I say the report, it's not just your 13 14 initial report. It includes any opinions in your 14 15 Q. So I'll take it that you won't answer the supplement. 15 16 question. A. That's fine. 16 17 A. That what? O. Fair? 17 18 Q. I'll take it that you will not answer the 18 A. Fair. Q. I didn't know if we -- you answered before, I 19 19 20 A. I'm saying that I cannot answer the question. think, I finished. 20 21 It's certainly not by choice. If you -- if I had more A. Yeah. 21 22 22 O. So are you taking that position in your report facts, I would -- I would certainly do my best to answer. But it's a hypothetical. It's very general. that excited delirium can act as a defense to a crime? 24 There's not enough facts there for me to render an A. I don't think I took that position in the 24 25 opinion on. 25 report.

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	Page 13		Page 15
1	Q. So if the evidence is presented that someone is	1	Q. And let me know when you're ready.
2	attempting a carjacking, which, as you stated, is a	2	A. Well, the one it's the fourth one up from
3	felony in both California and Nevada. Correct?	3	the bottom on page 2, starts "Civil litigation over
4	A. In most states I think it's a felony.	4	in-custody death." That was a case that excited
5	Q. And you're suggesting it's an open question	5	delirium symptoms presented themselves.
6	that maybe there's a defense to that crime if you're	6	Q. Sure. What was the name of that case?
7	suffering from excited delirium?	7	A. I don't remember the name of it.
8	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form. Incomplete	8	Q. Because it's not identified here.
9	hypothetical.	9	A. I understand that.
10	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: I'm just asking you whether	10	Q. Okay. Do you need to are you continuing to
11	it's a	11	review, or not?
12	A. I would say	12	A. I am.
13	Q possibility.	13	Q. Okay.
14	Let me finish the question. I'm just asking if	14	A. Yeah. I think that's the only one that's on
15	it's a possibility.	15	<u> </u>
16	A. And I'm trying to answer that. I guess there's	16	
17	a possibility it could be a defense depending upon what	17	A. I've done I've done a lot of expert witness
18	the surrounding facts and circumstances are.	18	work over the last 25 years. You know, this is not the
19	Q. Have you ever testified at trial regarding any	19	complete list of cases that I've been on. As this says,
20	aspect of excited delirium being involved in one of your	20	these are examples.
21	cases?	21	Q. Well, this actually isn't a list of cases at
22	A. Not in a trial. I've testified in depositions	22	all, is it? There are no case names on this document.
23	to that effect, but not at a trial, that I that I can	23	A. No.
24	recall.	24	Q. And why is that?
25	Q. And is that as an expert, or in your law	25	A. Because my contracts with all of those
	Page 14		Page 16
1	enforcement career?	1	basically are that I don't divulge the the name of
2	A. No. It would have been as an expert.	2	the case or the details of the case unless it's in a
3	Q. And what was the name of the case that you did	3	court of law.
4	that?	4	Q. Even though they're public record?
5	A. I don't remember. It's been several times that	5	A. Pardon me?
6	excited delirium has come up.	6	Q. Even though lawsuits are public record?
7	Q. Can you remember the names of any of those	7	
8	cases?	8	not. You know, that's in my contract. I try to adhere
9	A. Oh, boy. You know, I've handled so many, I'd	9	to it.
10	the state of the s	10	
11	doesn't come to mind. It's happened probably, oh, maybe	11	,
12	three or four times in recent years. When I say recent	12	Q. And is that the same in your contract with Mr.
13	years, over the last ten years or so.	13	
14		14	1
15	which you provided that testimony?	15	, ,
16	A. I think there's been one or two that were in	16	contract. Did we?
17	Nevada, either southern Nevada, Las Vegas, or I think	17	
18		18	THE WITNESS: I don't remember.
19	the statement of Many 1 de Calife	19	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Better make sure you get paid
20	1.	20	if you don't have a signed contract.
2.	(Defendant's Exhibit 1 was marked for	21	A. I don't
22	l	22	Q. If you'd like to put the terms on the record
23		23	d today.
2		24	,
25	A. Okay.	25	Q. Are you familiar with an expert's obligations

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	Page 17		Page 19
1	under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure	1	shortly after this deposition.
2	A. I think so.	2	Q. Of course, unless you're agreeing to provide it
3	Q 26?	3	now.
4	Are you?	4	A. I don't have it with me now.
5	A. I think so.	5	Q. No. Meaning you're agreeing on the record to
6	Q. Okay. What's your obligation to provide a list	6	provide that information.
7	of prior cases?	7	A. If if I'm instructed to do that by my
8	A. I think it's provide a list. I I've been in	8	attorney, I I will do that.
9	this same situation before, and I don't remember exactly	9	Q. Okay. So let's look at Exhibit 1. Can you
10	which case it was. It was probably five, six years ago,	10	tell me any cases here where you were representing a
11	where I had done exactly the same thing and the judge	11	defendant?
12	was satisfied with it.	12	A. A defendant? I will tell you up front that
13	Q. Okay. So was that Judge Navarro?	13	probably 97 95, 97 percent of my cases are usually
14	A. No.	14	for plaintiffs.
15	Q. Was it any Federal judge in Nevada?	15	Q. Okay.
16	A. I don't think it was in Nevada.	16	A. I don't control who calls me, so but let me
17	Q. So the requirement is, and I'll pull up the	17	take a look at them.
18	rule, "a list of all other cases in which during the	18	Q. Have you ever turned down any defense cases?
19	previous four years the witness testified as an expert	19	A. Have I ever turned any down?
20	at trial or by deposition."	20	Q. Yeah.
21	A. Uh-huh.	21	A. Yes, I have. I I one thing I insist on
22	Q. So what you've provided is a vague summary of	22	when I'm asked into a case is I want to know the details
23	some cases that you've provided expert	23	of the case. I don't want to take on a case where I'm
24	A. Uh-huh.	24	being asked to to look at something and I'm I'm
25	Q testimony in. That's not a list of the	25	not convinced that I have anything, really, to add to
-23	Page 18	2.5	Page 20
- 1	rage IA		
1	-	1	_
1	cases.	1	the case as it stands. And I I'm very hesitant to
2	cases. A. Well, in my mind	2	the case as it stands. And I I'm very hesitant to get into a case that I don't agree with whatever the
2	cases. A. Well, in my mind Q. Do you understand	2	the case as it stands. And I I'm very hesitant to get into a case that I don't agree with whatever the defense position is.
2 3 4	cases. A. Well, in my mind Q. Do you understand A it is	2 3 4	the case as it stands. And I I'm very hesitant to get into a case that I don't agree with whatever the defense position is. Q. So I appreciate the 98 percent. You said 98
2 3 4 5	cases. A. Well, in my mind Q. Do you understand A it is Q the distinction?	2 3 4 5	the case as it stands. And I I'm very hesitant to get into a case that I don't agree with whatever the defense position is. Q. So I appreciate the 98 percent. You said 98 percent of prior cases are
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	Page 21	,	Page 23
1	them, those are all for the defendant in the case.	1	A. First of all, let me say I'm not a lawyer, but
2	Sometimes they're a plaintiff in a lawsuit or they're	2	my understanding is that some of these cases, when it is
3	the the petitioner in an appellate process, but, you	3	in that process, my understanding, some of them are, in
4	know, they are for the defense.	4	fact, civil cases. Okay?
5	Q. Let me ask a better question. Have you ever	5	Q. So the are you done? I'm sorry.
6	represented a defendant in a civil litigation case	6	A. I guess so.
7	involving use of force?	7	Q. Well, no. I'm asking. Are you done?
8	A. I represented a defendant in an actual criminal	8	A. I'm done with answering your question. Yeah.
9	case in Federal Court in Alabama. I've represented a	9	Q. Okay. So has your for the entire time
10	well, let me look at the list here.	10	you've been an expert, has your contract always stated
11	The the second case on page 1 was up in the	11	as you suggested, that the name of the case is not to be
12	far reaches of Northern California. That was not in the	12	disclosed?
13	civil litigation case yet. It was in the appellate	13	A. That's not the specific wording. It says that
14	process. I represented the defendant in that who was on	14	my involvement in the case, the name of the case, the
15	California's death row.	15	details of the case are all confidential and I will not
16	Q. Is being on death row a civil case?	16	divulge them. And the only time it's not been in there,
17	A. It's a criminal case. I don't know what	17	because I go over that contract normally with the
18	Q. I asked for civil cases.	18	attorneys if they said, "Look, we don't care," you know,
19	A. Okay. Let me finish looking at the list, then.	19	then I'll take it out.
20	So your question, again, is have I ever been	20	Q. And how long has that been the case for you,
21	use the term retained on a civil case, is that what	21	that that's been in your contract?
22	you're asking, where I was representing the defendant in	22	A. 20, 25 years.
23	a criminal case who was now engaged in a civil action?	23	MR. McNUTT: Okay. So we'll mark what are
24	Q. That's what I asked.	24	we on? Exhibit
25	A. That's what you asked. Okay.	25	THE REPORTER: 2.
	Page 22		Page 24
1	Several of these would be, quite frankly.	1	(Defendant's Exhibit 2 was marked for
2	Q. Identify them.	1	identification.)
****	Q. Identify them:	2	identification.)
3	A. I'm trying to.	3	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Take a minute and look at
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3	A. I'm trying to. Q. It would be easier if there were case names.	3	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Take a minute and look at
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3 4 5	A. I'm trying to.Q. It would be easier if there were case names.A. I beg your pardon?Q. It would be easier to identify if there were	3 4 5	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Take a minute and look atExhibit 2.A. Okay. I recognize this.Q. You do recognize it?
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Tho		er v	Las vegas Metropontan Ponce Department, et al.
	Page 25		Page 27
1	A. Without knowing when this was presented and the	1	A. Of those two, I can.
2	case that was presented and the circumstances	2	Q. No, no, no. All of these articles.
3	surrounding presenting it, it may have been a case where	3	A. I probably could. I mean, they've all been for
4	I was told to by a judge or whoever whomever was		the California Attorneys for Criminal Justice and for
5	presiding to list the cases	5	their their journal, The Forum. I'm sure I could ask
6	Q. Okay.	6	them for question for copies of them.
7	A at which point I would have done that.	7	Q. Did any of these articles involve excited
8	Q. Do you recall a judge ever telling you or	8	delirium?
9	telling your lawyer that you had to produce a case such	9	A. I don't believe so.
10	as Exhibit 2?	10	Q. Okay. Have you ever written any article
11	A. I do recall that once or twice. Yes.	11	involving excited delirium and the use of force?
12	Q. Which jurisdiction was that in?	12	A. I don't believe so.
13	A. I don't recall.	13	Q. Is this a complete list of articles that you've
14	Q. Do you remember the name of the judge?	14	authored or co-authored?
15	A. I don't remember the name of the judge.	15	A. I don't know. I on occasion wrote articles
16	Q. Do you remember the name of the case?	16	back during my FBI days. I've I've written articles,
	A. I don't.	17	you know, over the 25 years. I think there's a time
17	MR. McNUTT: So we're going to mark a few	18	requirement, isn't there, on the articles?
18		19	Q. I'm just asking a simple question if these are
19	documents which we'll then routinely use this morning.	20	all the articles or not.
20	So that's the next one.	21	
21	(Defendant's Exhibit 3 was marked for		A. No, they're not.
22	identification.)	22	Q. My hope was the answer was yes.
23	MR. McNUTT: Andre, that's just his report, not	23	A. Looking back 50 years, I don't think they are.
24	his supplement.	24	I don't think it is a complete list.
25	We'll make that one next.	25	Q. Take a look at the list of documents
			Dog 29
	Page 26		Page 28
1	(Defendant's Exhibits 4 and 5 were marked for	1	A. Yes.
1 2	(Defendant's Exhibits 4 and 5 were marked for identification.)	2	A. Yes. Q that you said you reviewed for this matter.
	(Defendant's Exhibits 4 and 5 were marked for identification.) MR. McNUTT: And we may as well do one more.	2 3	A. Yes. Q that you said you reviewed for this matter. Do you have it?
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Page 31 or another helped me form my opinions or helped me 1 THE WITNESS: All the documents from this case analyze the facts of the case. 2 were provided to me. Yes. Q. Okay. Item 271 is identified as an article 3 3 O. BY MR. McNUTT: By Mr. Lagomarsino? authored by you. Correct? A. By his office. Yes. 5 A. That's correct. Q. Okay. That's all I was asking. Q. But it's under the list you have where this 6 A. Okay. document was provided by Mr. Lagomarsino. Did he give Q. Okay. So on page, I guess, 4 where at the you that document, or is that just a typo? bottom it says Media Videos and Articles, do you see 8 9 A. That may be a typo. where I'm at? 9 10 O. But the other articles, "Excited Delirium and A. I do. 10 Q. And on the next page it goes over and it starts 11 Dual Response Preventing In-Custody Death," item 267, 11 with document, or whatever, number 108. 12 was that yours, or was that from -- meaning your 12 research, or was that from Mr. Lagomarsino? Item 267. 13 13 A. I see that. A. Yeah. I -- I see it. I'm just looking at the Q. Okay. So was this page, were these list of 14 14 context of the other articles that are listed there. 15 15 media files and articles, were these also provided by 16 I -- I think those are articles that I -- that Mr. Lagomarsino, or did you independently obtain them? 16 17 I either had because I recognize all of them from A. No. These were provided by -- by him and his 17 18 roughly 261 forward. 18 office. Q. So those just should have been on the list of 19 19 Q. Okay. Let's go to -- well, I don't have a page literature reviewed, meaning Mr. Lagomarsino didn't number. Where it starts with item 272. Are you there? 2.0 provide it to you. That was from your own research. 21 21 A. I am. 22 Correct? 22 Q. So it says Literature Reviewed. 23 A. Let me -- let me see what the heading is for 23 A. Right. 24 this list. Media articles, was it? Yeah. Q. These documents, were they provided to you by 24 25 It -- it definitely belonged in the category Mr. Lagomarsino? 25 Page 32 Page 30 that it's in because there's no delineation on here A. No. These are documents that I either already 1 between what were my articles or what the articles were had in my office either from other cases or research provided to me by Mr. Lagomarsino's office. But I that I've done or seminars that I've attended and ones recognize those as articles that I've had in my files. that I have used rather extensively in my expert witness 4 Q. Okay. And I think you said from 261 down to 5 work. 271 were also from your files --Q. Okay. So those were documents that you rely on 6 A. Let me -as an expert in a variety of manners -- excuse me, in a Q. -- at a minimum. Correct? 8 variety of matters? 8 A. In general, yes, but they all would have had 9 A. Let me take a little bit closer look here. Well, it looks like Farmer or Brown, however we 10 applicable aspects to the books that -- that I would refer to this, it looks like that's essentially the -take into account for this --11 appears to be the end of the list of media articles that Q. Okay. 12 13 was provided by Mr. Lagomarsino's office. 261, 262, A. -- whether I used them directly or not. 14 263. Q. So you didn't reference anything on this list 15 It looks like from 261 on down to 290 are all of documents that weren't, in your opinion, relevant to 15 things from -- from my library, my research files. 16 this case? 16 Q. Okay. Do you ever identify documents that 17 A. I believe I would have referred to -- let's you've reviewed that don't support the positions you're see. You're asking me if I -- if I referenced something 18 taking in the case, in any case? from these articles or books or -- what's your question 19 20 A. Do I identify them? I've identified here. 20 again? 21 What are you referring to? 21 Q. That wasn't my question, but you can answer 22 Q. No. So do all these articles support the that one if --2.2 23 positions you've presented in your report? 23 A. Yeah. 24 A. For the most part, they contributed to Q. We'll get to that one eventually. 24 25 supporting the positions, yeah. A. I -- I would say every one of them in one sense 25

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Page 35 Page 33 already responded, some cases they haven't. It depends Q. So I'll go back to my original question --2 on the situation, you know. 2 A. Okay. 3 Q. Okay. Q. -- which maybe with that question makes it A. Literally every -- I think every situation that 4 clear to you. 5 the police are normally involved in is a dynamic Do you ever cite articles -- and if I'm talking situation, but, again, that definition is based on the 6 too loud, by the way, let me know. 7 circumstances. A. No. You're -- you're doing just fine. 8 Q. Fair enough. O. I don't mean to be shouting at you. And did the FBI have a definition of dynamic 9 A. I understand. Normally I ask people to speak situation or elements, or was it more of a standard, 10 10 up. like you articulated just now? 11 11 Q. You said talk loud. A. I think every agent in the FBI recognizes a 12 12 A. For his -- he and I -- I forgot your name. 13 dynamic situation. I don't remember ever being --MR. ANDERSON: Craig. 13 hearing that word used in the Academy, in any in-service THE WITNESS: I think since Craig and I met 14 training or anything like that. It was -- we use the last, my hearing deteriorated tremendously and I wear 15 term more it was ongoing, it was developing, fast hearing aids now. 16 moving. You know, all of those can contribute to the 17 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: You have them in. Right? 17 use of the word "dynamic." It was not a common word 18 18 A. I do have them in. 19 that we -- we used. Q. Do you ever identify in a report or on a list 19 O. And is it fair to say it was not a common word of documents for a report materials that do not support 20 20 that you used in your FBI service, which ended in 1994. 21 your positions you take in a --21 22 Correct? 22 A. That do not support? 23 A. Correct. 23 Q. That do not support. 24 Q. Is that a word that has come into vogue in A. Generally not. 24 policing since then? Q. Okay. I just wanted to know. 25 Page 36 Page 34 A. I don't know whether it's come into vogue since A. I understand. 1 then. I was a police officer before my FBI days, and I Q. Do you believe that there is a standardized -- I can recall hearing the phrase on occasion. I don't definition for a dynamic situation in policing? think it was a common term that was used back then. A. Say that again. As you've seen in my qualifications, I -- I'm a Q. So you've heard of the phrase it's a dynamic Fire and Police Commissioner for the City. We oversee situation. Correct? 7 the Police and Fire Departments. I've heard the terms A. Sure. used there a number of times on specific cases or Q. In the context of police action? situations are developing or reasons why something 9 A. Most police actions are dynamic situations. happened the way it did, but --10 1.0 O. Fair enough. And my question to you is, is there a standardized definition of what constitutes a 11 Q. So --11 12 A. -- but it wasn't a common term in the FBI. 12 dynamic situation. Q. Okay. I may refer to the Las Vegas 13 A. I -- I think the circumstances dictate that. 1.3 Metropolitan Police Department today as LVMPD --14 Circumstances are generally different in -- in --14 15 A. I understand that. 15 O. Okay. 16 O. -- Metro or the Department. A. -- the vast majority of cases. 16 A. Yeah. From my time from Las Vegas I've heard 17 Q. And I'm asking a follow-up question. Are there 17 18 every one of those terms. any elements to the definition of dynamic that need to 19 O. So we're tracking on my terminology. Okay? be present for someone to say this is a dynamic 19 20 A. I think we are. 20 situation? Q. Okay. Do you know if Metro has a definition of 21 A. As far as whether there are any specific 21 articulable or recognizable aspects of that, I don't 22 what constitutes a dynamic situation? A. Off the top of my head I don't know. Could I 23 think I've ever seen any, but having been in hundreds of 23 24 have seen that word in some of the documents that I dynamic situations, I would say they are generally

situations that are ongoing, that some cases police have

25 reviewed that were provided by Metro through Mr.

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Page 39 Page 37 A. I've only used a fire arm one time. Lagomarsino? It could have been there. I don't Q. Okay. Have you ever used lethal force 2 2 remember it. personally any other times? Q. So is it fair to say that in your expert 3 A. Again, you're kind of splitting hairs here. experience, just talking as an expert now, you have not Q. No, sir. You're splitting hairs. seen any standardized definition of dynamic situation or A. Well, I'm trying to answer your question. Your the word "dynamic" amongst departments or the FBI? 6 questions are very, very general. I don't want to get A. That would be a fair statement. I don't recall into an argument with you, but -- but based on my right now specifically ever seeing a description of 8 experience, which it appears you probably don't have 9 "dynamic." that experience, but the -- I would say any situation 1.0 Q. I'm aware that you were involved in a shooting 10 where force is used, if the situation develops in a bad as an officer in Santa Clara. Correct? 11 way, some of them do, it could end up being a situation 12 12 A. I was. where the force used ended up being lethal. That's how Q. Was that a dynamic situation, in your opinion? 13 I'm trying to answer your question here. A. It was very dynamic. 14 So to use the term "force," that -- that kind 15 Q. Let me finish. I know you know the question, 15 16 of opens the door very broadly to a lot of these but, please, for her sake. 16 situations in terms of lethal force specifically. So was your shooting when you were a Santa 17 17 Situations that I've been involved in that were Clara police officer a dynamic situation? 18 18 shoot-outs, you know, that was all lethal force. In 19 A. That was your question and I said yes. 19 those situations I was usually there as a manager. I 20 MR. McNUTT: We can go off the record real 20 didn't -- I didn't fire my weapon. I've been in 21 quick. 21 situations where, you know, it's a -- a knock-down, 22 (Discussion held outside the record.) 22 23 drag-out physical fight. Those can end up lethally, MR. McNUTT: We're back on the record. 23 24 depending on how they develop. Q. Was that -- in your law enforcement career, was 24 that the only time you personally utilized lethal force 25 So I -- I can't -- that's the way I would Page 40 Page 38 answer your question. In all of those I was personally was that one shooting when you were a Santa Clara police 1 involved in either as an agent or -- or a police officer 2 officer? or as a supervisor or manager over the -- over the 3 A. With a firearm. That's correct. 3 4 situation. O. Okay. So you used lethal force in another 4 Q. So you're including in your, quote, experience, 5 instance? end quote, the use of lethal force if someone else used 6 A. I've -- I've never used any force which it but you were present? resulted in the death of anyone, including that shooting 8 A. That's correct. 8 situation. 9 Q. Okay. Even if you were just a manager at a O. Well, but did you -- you seem to be making a 9 distinction between the shooting and an instance where 10 headquarters? 10 you applied lethal force but it did not result in death. 11 A. Well, as a -- in my role I was essentially the 11 chief operations officer for the Los Angeles Division, 12 12 A. Well, I -- I've been involved in other second largest in the FBI, 750, 800 agents. We -- we situations where a shooting occurred, exchanges of -- of 1.3 had, if I use your term, dynamic situations happening shootings. I've been in situations where there have 14 many times a day. And most of those I -- it was a part been physical altercations where death could have 15 15 16 of my job to respond to it if it was a very serious occurred but did not. 16 situation, provide on-scene management. 17 I don't know if that answers your question or 17 Q. San Jose State, what's now San Jose State. 18 18 not. 19 Q. Well, I used the word "personally" in the Correct? 19 20 A. What's that? 20 auestion. 21 O. San Jose State. Is that your alma mater? A. Well, I was involved personally in every one of 21 22 A. That's my undergrad. Yeah. 22 Q. Different name back then? 23 O. But I said where you personally used lethal 23 A. San Jose State College back then. 24 force. And the answer to that question is you've only 25 Q. Got you. used lethal force one time? Yes or no.

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	Page 41	,	Page 43
1	A. San Jose State University now.	1	those. That's correct.
2	Q. Master of arts in public safety and	2	Q. Okay. And so that was just this 15,000
3	administration, 1990?	3	number does not include any work as an expert. Correct?
4	A. That was not from San Jose State.	4	A. No. Does not.
5	Q. Correct. I'm asking the question. Was it an	5	Q. Does it include any work as a private
6	online course?	6	
7	A. No. It was a class course.	7	A. No.
8	Q. Who was that? Where was that?	8	Q. Okay. Just to be clear, it's just all this
9	A. At that time it was the College of St. Thomas.	9	is your sworn law enforcement career, this 15,000.
	It's now the University of St. Thomas. It's a large	10	
11	Jesuit school in St. Paul, Minnesota.	11	A. Correct.
12	Q. Is that while you were stationed up there with	12	(Defendant's Exhibit 7 was marked for
13	the	13	,
14	A. It was.	14	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Take a look at what we've
15	Q FBI?	15	marked as Exhibit what was that one?
16	A. Yeah. I actually finished it. I had one class	16	THE REPORTER: 7.
17	left when I was promoted out of there back to FBI	17	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Do you recognize this as
18	headquarters. And I for the time I was at	18	another one of your CVs?
19	headquarters on that time I didn't have the capability	19	A. Yes.
20	to finish it. But when I came to Los Angeles, St.	20	Q. Look on
21	Thomas had an off-campus program out here and I was able	21	A. This looks like an earlier one.
22	to get the last course that I needed.	22	Q. Look on page they're not numbered, so please
23	Q. So on	23	go to the third page.
24	A. Finished here in Los Angeles.	24	A. Mine are numbered. The upper left-hand corner.
25	Q. On page 2 of your professional qualifications	25	Q. Oh, you're right. Go to page 3.
	Page 42		Page 44
1	document, which we've referenced as Exhibit what did	1	A. And where on page 3?
2	we reference it as? Look at the front page. Exhibit 4.	2	Q. The fifth paragraph down.
3	You identify or state in the second paragraph, "During	3	
4	his police and" did you narrate this in the third	4	
5	. 9	1	
	person?	5	010,000,000
6	A. I wrote this.	5	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct.
6 7	•		and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct.
	A. I wrote this.	6	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV.
7	A. I wrote this. Q. In the third person. Correct?	7	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV. Correct? A. It's an earlier version, and somewhere between
7 8	A. I wrote this. Q. In the third person. Correct? A. Yes.	6 7 8	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV. Correct? A. It's an earlier version, and somewhere between there I remember the situation. I was with a group
7 8 9	A. I wrote this.Q. In the third person. Correct?A. Yes.Q. So where it says "his," that means you?	6 7 8 9	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV. Correct? A. It's an earlier version, and somewhere between there I remember the situation. I was with a group of my former colleagues, Assistant Agents in Charge,
7 8 9 10	 A. I wrote this. Q. In the third person. Correct? A. Yes. Q. So where it says "his," that means you? A. That's me. 	6 7 8 9	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV. Correct? A. It's an earlier version, and somewhere between there I remember the situation. I was with a group of my former colleagues, Assistant Agents in Charge, retired, and we got to talking about this because some
7 8 9 10 11	 A. I wrote this. Q. In the third person. Correct? A. Yes. Q. So where it says "his," that means you? A. That's me. Q. So that you had commanded let's sec. 	6 7 8 9 10	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV. Correct? A. It's an earlier version, and somewhere between there I remember the situation. I was with a group of my former colleagues, Assistant Agents in Charge, retired, and we got to talking about this because some
7 8 9 10 11	 A. I wrote this. Q. In the third person. Correct? A. Yes. Q. So where it says "his," that means you? A. That's me. Q. So that you had commanded let's see. "Personally investigated, managed and/or commanded over 	6 7 8 9 10 11	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV. Correct? A. It's an earlier version, and somewhere between there I remember the situation. I was with a group of my former colleagues, Assistant Agents in Charge, retired, and we got to talking about this because some of them do expert witness work. And they challenged me on the 10,000. They said, "My God, in L.A. you had a
7 8 9 10 11 12	 A. I wrote this. Q. In the third person. Correct? A. Yes. Q. So where it says "his," that means you? A. That's me. Q. So that you had commanded let's see. "Personally investigated, managed and/or commanded over 15,000 state and Federal criminal investigations." Do 	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV. Correct? A. It's an earlier version, and somewhere between there I remember the situation. I was with a group of my former colleagues, Assistant Agents in Charge, retired, and we got to talking about this because some of them do expert witness work. And they challenged me on the 10,000. They said, "My God, in L.A. you had a
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	 A. I wrote this. Q. In the third person. Correct? A. Yes. Q. So where it says "his," that means you? A. That's me. Q. So that you had commanded let's see. "Personally investigated, managed and/or commanded over 15,000 state and Federal criminal investigations." Do you see that? 	66 77 88 99 100 111 122 133	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV. Correct? A. It's an earlier version, and somewhere between there I remember the situation. I was with a group of my former colleagues, Assistant Agents in Charge, retired, and we got to talking about this because some of them do expert witness work. And they challenged me on the 10,000. They said, "My God, in L.A. you had a lot more than that." So together we did some
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	 A. I wrote this. Q. In the third person. Correct? A. Yes. Q. So where it says "his," that means you? A. That's me. Q. So that you had commanded let's see. "Personally investigated, managed and/or commanded over 15,000 state and Federal criminal investigations." Do you see that? A. I do. Q. Okay. So that 15,000 number includes 	66 77 88 99 100 111 122 133 144 155	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV. Correct? A. It's an earlier version, and somewhere between there I remember the situation. I was with a group of my former colleagues, Assistant Agents in Charge, retired, and we got to talking about this because some of them do expert witness work. And they challenged me on the 10,000. They said, "My God, in L.A. you had a lot more than that." So together we did some refiguring, and that's when I changed it to 15,000,
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	A. I wrote this. Q. In the third person. Correct? A. Yes. Q. So where it says "his," that means you? A. That's me. Q. So that you had commanded let's see. "Personally investigated, managed and/or commanded over 15,000 state and Federal criminal investigations." Do you see that? A. I do. Q. Okay. So that 15,000 number includes everything if you were as you noted, your last	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV. Correct? A. It's an earlier version, and somewhere between there I remember the situation. I was with a group of my former colleagues, Assistant Agents in Charge, retired, and we got to talking about this because some of them do expert witness work. And they challenged me on the 10,000. They said, "My God, in L.A. you had a lot more than that." So together we did some refiguring, and that's when I changed it to 15,000, which is a more accurate figure.
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	A. I wrote this. Q. In the third person. Correct? A. Yes. Q. So where it says "his," that means you? A. That's me. Q. So that you had commanded let's see. "Personally investigated, managed and/or commanded over 15,000 state and Federal criminal investigations." Do you see that? A. I do. Q. Okay. So that 15,000 number includes everything if you were as you noted, your last assignment was as the Assistant Special Agent in Charge	66 77 88 99 100 111 122 133 144 155 166 177	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV. Correct? A. It's an earlier version, and somewhere between there I remember the situation. I was with a group of my former colleagues, Assistant Agents in Charge, retired, and we got to talking about this because some of them do expert witness work. And they challenged me on the 10,000. They said, "My God, in L.A. you had a lot more than that." So together we did some refiguring, and that's when I changed it to 15,000, which is a more accurate figure. Q. How did you come up with that number?
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A. I wrote this. Q. In the third person. Correct? A. Yes. Q. So where it says "his," that means you? A. That's me. Q. So that you had commanded let's see. "Personally investigated, managed and/or commanded over 15,000 state and Federal criminal investigations." Do you see that? A. I do. Q. Okay. So that 15,000 number includes everything if you were as you noted, your last assignment was as the Assistant Special Agent in Charge of L.A. Right?	66 77 88 99 100 111 122 133 144 155 166 177	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV. Correct? A. It's an earlier version, and somewhere between there I remember the situation. I was with a group of my former colleagues, Assistant Agents in Charge, retired, and we got to talking about this because some of them do expert witness work. And they challenged me on the 10,000. They said, "My God, in L.A. you had a lot more than that." So together we did some refiguring, and that's when I changed it to 15,000, which is a more accurate figure. Q. How did you come up with that number? A. Based on the average caseload of of the
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A. I wrote this. Q. In the third person. Correct? A. Yes. Q. So where it says "his," that means you? A. That's me. Q. So that you had commanded let's see. "Personally investigated, managed and/or commanded over 15,000 state and Federal criminal investigations." Do you see that? A. I do. Q. Okay. So that 15,000 number includes everything if you were as you noted, your last assignment was as the Assistant Special Agent in Charge of L.A. Right? A. Right.	66 77 88 99 100 111 122 133 144 155 166 177 188 199	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV. Correct? A. It's an earlier version, and somewhere between there I remember the situation. I was with a group of my former colleagues, Assistant Agents in Charge, retired, and we got to talking about this because some of them do expert witness work. And they challenged me on the 10,000. They said, "My God, in L.A. you had a lot more than that." So together we did some refiguring, and that's when I changed it to 15,000, which is a more accurate figure. Q. How did you come up with that number? A. Based on the average caseload of of the agents, both working for me in L.A., working for me as a
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7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	A. I wrote this. Q. In the third person. Correct? A. Yes. Q. So where it says "his," that means you? A. That's me. Q. So that you had commanded let's see. "Personally investigated, managed and/or commanded over 15,000 state and Federal criminal investigations." Do you see that? A. I do. Q. Okay. So that 15,000 number includes everything if you were as you noted, your last assignment was as the Assistant Special Agent in Charge of L.A. Right? A. Right. Q. So are you counting all of the investigations that occurred at the L.A. FBI office during your tenure there?	66 77 88 99 100 111 122 133 144 155 166 177 188 200 211 222	and/or managed in excess of 10,000 cases"? A. Correct. Q. So this is an earlier version of your CV. Correct? A. It's an earlier version, and somewhere between there I remember the situation. I was with a group of my former colleagues, Assistant Agents in Charge, retired, and we got to talking about this because some of them do expert witness work. And they challenged me on the 10,000. They said, "My God, in L.A. you had a lot more than that." So together we did some refiguring, and that's when I changed it to 15,000, which is a more accurate figure. Q. How did you come up with that number? A. Based on the average caseload of of the agents, both working for me in L.A., working for me as a supervisor or when I was a case agent and had agents working for me in that category, what the average caseloads were, what our caseloads were for the various
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underestimated on the old one and that the new one is at that time. And just extrapolating those numbers, it 2 much more accurate. came much closer to the 15,000. Q. Well, why isn't it 14,000 or 15,500? 3 Q. So you extrapolated numbers based upon average 3 A. Because it fell -- it figures higher than that. amounts of cases of offices? 5 The estimates were higher than that. 5 A. I added up and multiplied numbers. Okay? 6 Q. Were you ever --6 O. But you --7 A. Let me say this. I don't make those numbers A. Based on the offices that I had been assigned to, supervisory, management jobs I had, the number of up. Okay? They -- they were based on memories. They were based on the shared experiences. There was -agents I had and what I knew the average caseloads were. there was a colleague in this meeting who I replaced Q. So average caseloads based upon your memory. 10 10 when I came to Los Angeles. It was a result of a -- a 11 Correct? 12 number of different discussions and refiguring those A. No. Based on the statistics that I had to sign 12 13 off on every month as to what our caseloads were. statistics. 13 Q. So when you made this change, which is a 50 14 Q. Were you ever in your law enforcement career, 14 which, when I say law enforcement career I'm including 15 percent increase of the amount of cases you claim to 15 Santa Clara and your FBI time. Okay? have personally investigated --16 16 17 A. There's one more in there. I was the first --A. Correct. 17 Q. -- and/or managed, you did not have access to 18 Q. Park ranger. 18 19 A. -- law enforcement park ranger in Yosemite. the FBI files at that time, did you? 19 Q. So we'll include it all. Okay? 20 A. At the time I did these? 20 So during your law enforcement career were you 21 Q. No. At the time you made the change in your CV 21 22 ever an instructor for use of force? from 2013 at 10,000 cases to your CV that you provided 22 23 A. In a general sense, yes. 23 in this case, 15,000 cases. Q. No. In a specific sense where you had the 24 24 A. No. I did not have access. I had to rely on title or whatever your department called it. 25 my memory. Page 48 Page 46 A. The only part of use of force that I ever Q. So can you remember the name of any of those 1 taught was not the physical part of it. I taught 2 cases of those 5,000 you added? management and supervisory concerns as they related to A. That's a ridiculous question, quite frankly. 3 use of force situations. I was -- during my -- my agent No. I don't remember any of those. I know what -- I 4 know what the average caseloads were. I knew for the days before I got into management I was an FBI-certified 5 police instructor where I taught not only police 6 most part how many agents I had at any given time. officers and agents but also sergeants, lieutenants, Those were figures that we kept very, very accurately. captains about the managerial aspects of managing use of They were reported regularly that entered into not only force and use of force investigations. our budget concerns but whether we were requesting Q. So you never taught the physical aspect of it. additional manpower, or whatever. They -- they are 10 numbers that I was very, very comfortable with. 11 Correct? 11 12 A. I didn't teach physical aspects, no. Q. But you can't point to a list and validate that 12 Q. Were you ever an instructor where you taught 13 1.3 number, 15,000, can you? 14 the physical aspects of any sort of defensive tactics? A. I think I answered that. I don't have access 14 15 A. Not that I recall, unless something came up in to those records anymore. 15 one of those classes. But, no, I didn't specifically 16 Q. And nor did you have it when you increased your 16 teach those. I might answer a question if somebody had 17 claimed experience by 50 percent. Correct? 17 18 one, but --A. Can you ask that again? 18 Q. During your time at the FBI did the FBI teach 19 Q. Nor did you have access to that database or 19 those reports when you increased your claimed experience 20 any sort of neck restraint procedure? 20 21 21 in your CV by 50 percent? A. I did not have access at that time, no. I went 22 O. Do you know if the FBI teaches a neck restraint 22 23 on memory. I went on the shared experience of my fellow procedure to its agents now? Assistant Agents in Charge as we were discussing this. 24 A. I don't know. I've been -- I've been gone 25 2.4 25 And I'm fairly comfortable with the fact that I years.

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Page 49 that aircraft in an undercover capacity posing as a O. Well, that's -co-pilot, and I had a number of responsibilities. A. I still have a lot of contact with FBI agents. Number one was to try and -- and we also had a hostage I don't know whether they're physically teaching that at negotiator outside the plane while we were still on the this time. I don't know. ground. You know, I had the responsibility to try and Defensive tactics training is -- is -- it's -- and do what I could to contain that situation, to get pretty broad for the most part, trying to address the 6 more passengers released, if we could, to protect the situations that we end up in. We don't normally get in passengers and crew that were on the plane. And that -- or we didn't get into the same type of day-to-day things that I experienced when I was a police officer. was my responsibility. I didn't go on there with a 9 specific purpose of physically disarming him. We planned for arrests. We always took sufficient 10 10 Q. So I'll read from your CV, page 4. In --11 11 numbers and most situations that agents would get into 12 A. Which document are you referring to? were, you know, either just an occasional one-on-one 12 13 situation or -- or whatever. But we -- we believe Q. Your CV. 13 14 A. You gave me two of them. strongly in strength in numbers and planning. 14 Q. Well, the one you produced in this case, 15 15 Q. Are you done? although I acknowledge there is different language in 16 16 A. I am. 17 each of them, but --MR. McNUTT: Move to strike as vacuous and 17 18 A. I don't -- I don't know that I would have 18 nonresponsive. produced it. Did I produce this in this case? 19 Q. During your time at Santa Clara, did Santa 19 20 Q. No. Clara ever utilize or authorize any sort of neck 20 21 A. Or is it from a prior case? restraints? 21 22 Q. That's from a prior case from 2013. A. We did use neck restraints at times. I don't 22 remember what instruction we might have had. It might 23 A. Okay. So you're not referring to this one. 23 Q. I'm not referring to that one. have been on the job. You know, that was back in the 24 24 '60s. The -- the police environment was a heck of a lot 25 A. Okay. What page is it? 25 Page 52 Page 50 1 Q. Page 4. different then than it is now. 1 2 A. Okay. O. You could shoot burglars back then. Correct? 2 3 A. Well, legally you could, but we didn't do it. Q. Third paragraph down, second sentence, it says, "In that role, he also posed undercover as a replacement O. Well, you did. Right? 4 co-pilot of a skyjacked jet liner and boarded the 5 A. I shot at him. aircraft in order to obtain the release of passengers 6 Q. Yeah. Were you -being held hostage." A. There was a number of other dynamics involved Are you following me? 8 in that at the time. He was fleeing. He had assaulted 9 A. I am. 9 10 Q. "And to incapacitate the skyjacker." O. Was it a warning shot and you did not intend to 10 Did you incapacitate the skyjacker? 11 11 shoot him? 12 A. No, I did not. 12 A. No. I intended to shoot him. 13 Q. That's how it reads. Do you see that? Q. You just missed? 13 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form. 14 A. I missed. Yeah. 14 THE WITNESS: That was -- that was part of my 15 15 O. Were you a very good shot when you were -purpose of going on, was to try to -- try to do that. A. I was a pretty good shot, yeah, but it's 16 17 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: "Who was armed with a difficult to be extremely accurate when the subject is 17 18 military-style automatic weapon." running and I'm running. 18 19 A. Correct. 19 Q. He was running away from you? 20 Q. What is that? What is a military-style 20 A. He was. automatic weapon? 21 O. So you were trying to shoot him in the back? 21 A. It appeared to be an automatic weapon that A. I didn't care where I hit him, quite frankly. 22 22 23 looked like it was military issue. Q. So tell me about the time that you disarmed a 23 Q. Break that down for me. What does it look 24 skyjacker with a military-style automatic weapon. A. I didn't disarm him per se. I was -- I went on like? Like an AK-47? Do you know what an AK-47 is?

Page 53 1 A. I do know what an AK-47 is. I would say it was foreign made. It would have been closer to something like an AR-15. It had the look of a military-issue weapon, not a hunting-type weapon. Q. AR-15s are foreign-made military weapons? A. No. That's American made. Q. Okay. A. But there are a lot of weapons. I don't know if you've been in the military, but there's a lot of weapons from different countries that look somewhat the same. Many of them follow the American style of weapons. Q. So it looked like an AR something or other. An automatic rifle made in foreign— A. It looked like an automatic military-style weapon. Q. So your "undercover presence in the cockpit during the flight resulted in the capture and ultimate conviction of the skyjacker." See that? A. That's correct. Q. So you took custody of him? A. That's correct. Q. So you took custody of him? A. That's correct. Q. So you took custody of him? A. That's correct. Q. So you took custody of him? A. That's correct. Q. So you took custody of him? A. That's correct. Q. So you took custody of him? A. That's correct. Q. So you took custody of him? A. That's correct. Q. So you took custody of him? A. That's correct. Q. So you took custody of him? A. That's correct. Q. So you took custody of him? A. That's correct. Q. So you took custody of him? A. That's correct. Q. So you took custody of him? A. That's correct. Q. So you took custody of him? A. That's correct. Q. Page 5. A. And where on page 5? Q. Forth paragraph down. A. Okay. Q. Why don't you just tell me what kind training you provided and to who you provide intertaining yo	n. sence ut all for money f a very cct? ew, but bund in
would have been more along the lines of as recall, it was foreign made. It would have been closer to something like an AR-15. It had the look of a military-issue weapon, not a hunting-type weapon. Q. AR-15s are foreign-made military weapons? A. No. That's American made. Q. Okay. A. But there are a lot of weapons. I don't know if you've been in the military, but there's a lot of weapons from different countries that look somewhat the same. Many of them follow the American style of weapon, or German or Swedish, normal manufacturers of military weapons. Q. So it looked like an AR something or other. An automatic rifle made in foreign A. It looked like an automatic military-style weapon. Q. Os your "undercover presence in the cockpit during the flight resulted in the capture and ultimate conviction of the skyjacker." See that? A. Not during the flight I didn't, no, because he Page 54 bailed out, but we were working towards that. But my I was the one who was able to identify him because I was up close. I was from the cockpit i was able to feed information to our agents on the ground. I was able to the agents that were considering an actual assault on A. Can I ask what page you're on? A. I'm not saying MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. For THE WITNESS: I didn't say that my punde him bail out. I think he planned to bail along. He had asked for parachutes. He asked and a bag, all of that. Q. BY MR. McNUTT: So you were part of Yeapon, and a bag, all of that. Q. By MR. McNUTT: So you were part of Yeapon, along the flight deal with this skyjacker. Con the was a large team that dealt with this skyjacker. Con the gas all of weapon, and a bag, all of that. Q. What was the name of the company the founded after you the multinational security consulting and investigative firm in Los Ange you retired? A. The Emrald Group was the operating think it was the Emerald International Security was the full corporate name. Q. And my understanding based upon you is that you provided investigative training to I was	n. sence ut all for money f a very cct? ew, but bund in
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6 the agents that were considering an actual assault on 6 training you provided and to who you provi	0
7 the plane Resignily, my work on the plane contributed 1.71 \(\Delta \). To a lot of people. Provided training	
8 to his ultimate capture and his conviction. I testified 8 a lot of corporate security people. Provided	
9 extensively at his trial. 9 off and on for three years to Russian Nation	
Q. Did you identify yourself, reveal yourself to	
be an undercover officer to him at any moment? 11 small town police departments. There was	lot of
A. To him? 12 training across the board over that time.	
Q. Yes. 23 Q. So including international locations	
A. That would have been crazy. 14 addition to Russia, Australia, the UK, South	Africa,
Q. Okay. So the answer is no? 15 Germany. Correct? I'm reading your list.	
A. I never identified myself 16 A. Let me read the paragraph.	
17 Q. Okay. 17 I don't see training in there anywhere.	
A as an agent to him. I was there in an lab provide that training that I just described, b	
19 undercover capacity. 19 think I represented that in that paragraph.	
Q. So you said he bailed out during the flight. 20 Q. So tell me what kind of you provi	t I don't
21 Is that correct? 21 investigative training to those entities, your	t I don't ed
A. He did. 22 A. Whatever the type of training was the	t I don't ed clients?
Q. So if he didn't know you were an undercover 23 asked for that we were comfortable with, a	t I don't ed clients?
24 officer 24 was in the investigative area. On the corpo	ed clients? tt they d most of it
25 A. Uh-huh. 25 it had a lot to do with corporate security, w	ed clients? at they d most of it ate side,

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	Page 57	1	Page 59
1	hardening the companies they worked for as targets of	1	have the authority to inquire of both the Police and
2	foreign espionage or trade secrets or what have you.	2	Fire Departments about their activities, the full range
3	Q. The Secretary of State of the United States,	3	of their operational concerns. We have a voice in their
4	did they authorize you to export these skill sets of	4	budgets. We have a voice in the personnel strengths.
5	training?	5	We have a voice in situations that fall outside of
6	A. I don't understand your question.	6	normal operating procedures. We report to the Mayor and
7	Q. Did the Secretary of State of the United States	7	to the City Council. We make recommendations. And if
8	not the Secretary, but the department, the Secretary	8	we don't get answers, we have the authority to issue
9	of State authorize your company to provide, export that	9	subpoenas.
10	training to foreign organizations?	10	Q. Go back to your list of documents that you
11	A. Why would that authorization have been needed?	11	reviewed in this matter and look at item 68. It says
12	It wasn't need.	12	"Body Worn Camera Videos." Do you see that?
13	Q. Are you familiar with ITARS?	13	A. I do.
14	A. With what?	14	Q. But it has no identification of which body worn
15	Q. Are you familiar with ITARS?	15	camera videos you reviewed.
16	A. ITAR.	16	A. That is correct.
17	Q. ITARS.	17	Q. Can you tell me which body worn camera videos
18	A. That was	18	to
19	Q. It's an acronym.	19	A. It is only one.
	A. It was interstate transportation arms	20	Q to prepare your
20	_	21	Let me finish.
21	racketeering.	22	
22	Q. That's not what it means, but I'll		A. I'm sorry. Q to prepare your report.
23	A. Why don't you explain to me what it means,	23	
24	then.	24	A. I was having computer problems when I prepared
25	Q. So in order to provide certain training in	25	the first report. I was unable to download the body
			D CO
	Page 58		Page 60
1	investigative techniques to foreign agents, governments,	1	worn camera stuff. I have had a chance to see them
1 2	investigative techniques to foreign agents, governments, individuals, any sort of organization or individual has	2	worn camera stuff. I have had a chance to see them recently, and the ones that I have seen was the one worn
	investigative techniques to foreign agents, governments,		worn camera stuff. I have had a chance to see them recently, and the ones that I have seen was the one worn by Officer Lopera. And I don't remember if Officer Lif
2	investigative techniques to foreign agents, governments, individuals, any sort of organization or individual has to be approved by the Secretary of State to export that training.	3 4	worn camera stuff. I have had a chance to see them recently, and the ones that I have seen was the one worn by Officer Lopera. And I don't remember if Officer Lif had had one. I I've seen a couple of them.
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Page 63 Page 61 1 it in front of me right now, but --Lopera. Flores four or five seconds later. O. Is any aspect of your retention contingent upon O. But you don't know whether you watched their 2 2 the outcome of this case? body worn cam? A. No. That -- that's not allowed. You know 4 A. Well, it wouldn't have been their body worn cameras that were seen. That might have been a Venetian that. Q. Well, I'm entitled to ask the question. security camera. I -- I don't know. 6 7 A. I -- I don't operate that way. 7 Q. Do you --O. You reference item 286, "The Self-Defense of 8 A. I don't remember right now. Q. Do you know if all the officers wore body worn Kodokan Judo." 10 A. Just a minute. 10 cameras? 11 Yes. 11 A. I don't know. 12 Q. And in your CV or somewhere you reference that 12 O. Look at item 115. "Tulsa leaders urge peace in college in the '60s you did some of this type of judo 13 after cop acquitted in man's death." Do you see that? 13 14 training. Correct? 14 A. My first judo training was in college. I -- I 15 O. Do you recall reading that? Is it an article, 1.5 -- my first competition was in college. After that, or was it a media file? 16 during the early years of my FBI career I -- I met a A. I don't remember at this point. I -- I would 17 17 number of people of approximately my age at one of the 18 think it was an article. Q. Why is that listed here for this matter? Las junior colleges. I was not attending, but they had an 19 adult judo program there that I participated in. This Vegas is not Tulsa, Oklahoma. You'd agree. Correct? 20 was in -- in St. Louis. I participated in that for A. Because it was an article presented to me that 21 three or four years on a -- on a part-time basis. I 22 possibly had bearing on the case, and I took a look at 22 didn't have the time to do it the way some of them were everything that was presented to me as best I could. 23 23 24 committed to it. Q. Do you know how -- do you personally do your 24 Q. Do you claim to be an expert in martial arts? 25 25 billing in this matter? Page 64 Page 62 1 A. I don't. A. I do. 1 2 Q. Are you offering any expert opinions in the Q. And do you know how much time you've spent on 2 martial arts in this matter? 3 this case? A. No. I think the only thing that I've referred A. Up to the end of the last report, I do. Well, 4 to here, and I don't think I specifically referred to it's in an invoice that I submitted to Mr. Lagomarsino's any of that, but I -- I do recall -- I do -office. I have not done those calculations as far as specifically I do recall the chokeholds. When I was in the -- the supplemental report or preparing for today. -- in college our -- our coach was Yoshio Ushida, who I haven't done those yet. 8 was the Olympic coach, very -- 95 years old. He's still Q. So when you say the end of the last report, 9 10 alive. it's not some reporting period like a month. 10 But one of the things he required is that in 11 11 A. No. 12 order to be familiar with the dangers of a chokehold and Q. It was your initial report? 12 what could happen, we had a requirement that each one of 13 A. I -- I don't -- I don't issue my invoices based 13 us would go through a choke-out and it was done by a 14 on specific reporting periods in general. 14 member of the U.S. Olympic Team who happened to be a Q. So it's based on the work you did? 15 student at San Jose State. So we experienced that. So 16 A. Correct. 16 Q. And do you recall how much money you've charged I remember the chokehold specifically. 17 17 Q. And did your coach train you in the lateral 18 for your initial report? 18 19 vascular neck restraint? A. Well, I operated on a -- with an initial \$5,000 19 A. It wasn't called that then. As I recall, it 20 retainer from the start of the case and the -- I believe 20 was just chokeholds. And in fact, even today, my 21 the -- the billing, excluding that retainer, I believe recollection is that the -- the LVNR and what's called the billing from my work on that first report was in the 23 the rear naked choke in judo were generally -- back then range of \$22,000. Plus I -- in submitting the invoice I were generally considered essentially the same choke. I applied the \$5,000 retainer to it, as I recall, or

don't remember if there was a -- I -- I don't recall if

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something in that -- in that range. I -- I don't have

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Page 67 There was a book that I had. there was any specific restriction on which one you used Q. The LVNR was referenced in "The Self-Defense of 2 2 in competition, but they -- they were generally rarely 3 3 Kodokan" -used. A. Chokeholds were referenced in there. 4 Q. Can you explain to me the difference between a Q. Sir, let me finish, please. rear naked choke and a lateral vascular neck restraint, 6 A. All right. if you think there is one? 7 Q. I understand what you're saying, but it's the 7 A. Yeah. 8 court reporter. 8 Q. And, sir, let me qualify. If you don't think 9 A. I understand. there is one, just so state. 9 10 Q. So you're saying that the lateral vascular neck A. Well, there is a difference. 10 restraint was referenced in the item number 68 which is 11 Q. Okay. 11 on your list of documents, "The Self-Defense of Kodokan A. Specifically, the --12 13 Judo"? 13 O. What's the difference? A. The difference is in -- technically in the way 14 A. As I recall, the chokeholds were discussed in 14 there and there were pictures of them. I -- I've got a 15 they're applied. In the LVNR it's -- it's a -- the 15 number of books on judo, some from the old days, a actual LVNR, it's done by -- once you've encircled the 16 17 couple that I acquired to refresh my memory of -- of neck and placed the elbow where it's supposed to be 17 18 what they were and to understand, again, how they were placed, then to apply the pressure you're using the 18 applied in this case. And the differences are 19 19 other hand. Generally the hands are clasped together or 20 explained. you're using the judoki, grabbing the lapel or sleeve or I also -- I also stumbled into some literature 21 whatever to help accentuate that hold and hold it 21 tighter, be able to control the tightness of it. 22 from -- it was a national training center or something, 22 23 whoever -- there's a center out there that lays claim to 23 In the rear naked you are doing it differently. the LVNR. I read some of their stuff online that helped Instead of using the lapel of the gi or the sleeve, you 24 24 my memory too, and they specifically talked about the are placing the hand on the opposite arm and that free Page 68 Page 66 1 different holds, chokeholds. hand is then going on the -- call it the uki. And --1 Q. In your law enforcement career did you ever run and you have toris and ukis. It goes on the head of the into a gentleman named James Lindell? person it's being applied to and you use that in terms of tightening or increasing the pressure on it. And A. No. I don't know the name. Q. Okay. Physiologically -- well, let me -- are that's the one that gets very dangerous because you can there any physiological differences between the effects apply much more pressure that way than you can this way. that a rear naked choke has on an individual versus a So that's the difference, as I understand it lateral vascular neck restraint? and as I recall. Q. How did you learn -- is that from your own A. Well, let me say it's been a long, long time since I've had any direct connection to it. But, you training and experience in judo that you provide that 10 know, one of them takes out or applies pressure onto the testimony, or did you talk to somebody about that today? 12 -- the arterial channels that blood goes to the brain 12 A. I'm not --13 and the other one takes care of the air. And both of Q. Excuse me. For purposes of this case. 13 14 them can be deadly. Both of them can be very, very 14 A. I'm not talking to anybody about it for 15 damaging to an individual. Those are the main purposes of this case. I've gone back and done some 16 differences. 16 research to refresh my memory. 17 O. And so to rephrase in layman's term, would you 17 Q. So what --A. I remember the chokeholds. When it came up in characterize one as a blood choke whereas the other one 18 here I remember, oh, okay, I remember that. 19 is an air choke? 19 Q. So how do you know how a lateral vascular neck 20 A. That would be correct. 20 21 restraint is applied? MR. McNUTT: I'm going to go into his report 21 A. Because I read information. I read literature 22 next, Andre. Do you want to take a break? 22 23 23 on it. MR. LAGOMARSINO: Yeah. 24 MR. McNUTT: I can read your mind. 24 Q. The literature --25 MR. LAGOMARSINO: That's fine. A. And it -- I believe it was in that book, also.

THO	mas Parker Trinita Farm	ei v	. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al.
	Page 69		Page 71
1	(A recess was taken from 10:13 A.M. to 10:50	1	Q. When you said "I timed it," what were you
2	A.M.)	2	watching when you timed it?
3	MR. McNUTT: We're back on the record.	3	A. I was watching I don't know which camera it
4	Q. Mr. Parker, you're still under oath.	4	was, but I was watching it on film and and it was
5	A. Yes.	5	easy to determine that.
6	Q. Do you know well, let me back up.	6	Q. Was it a body worn cam, or was it the external
7	Do you know how long any pressure was applied	7	Venetian camera?
8	to Tashii Farmer's neck by Officer Lopera?	8	A. I think it was probably an external Venetian
9	A. I'm I'm aware and I've I've timed it	9	camera. It was a little bit it was higher than
10	myself based on the the film that I saw and I've also	10	than a person's height, but I I don't know
11	read that it was in excess of a minute, like a minute	11	specifically right now which one it was.
12	10, minute 12, something like that, in total.	12	Q. So during that minute plus time frame when Ken
13	Q. And so that's the time that Officer Lopera's	13	Lopera's encircling arm was around Tashii Farmer, do you
14	encircling arm was around Tashii Farmer's neck.	14	know how much pressure was applied to Tashii Farmer?
15	Correct?	15	A. I don't have any way of knowing that. I could
16	A. That's correct.	16	see that his other arm was in that rear naked hold. It
17	Q. I'm just trying to	17	was up on top of the head or the back of the head. I
18	A. As I understand it.	18	could see that.
19	Q. I'm trying to make sure we have the start and	19	Q. Or at least your definition of a rear naked
20	end parameters when I talk about it.	20	choke. Right?
21	So Detective Kirkegard, do you know who she is?	21	A. Well, it fit the description of what I know as
22	A. Yes, I do.	22	the naked rear naked chokehold.
23	Q. Who is she?	23	Q. So isn't it fair to say that no one knows how
24	A. She was involved in the investigation on behalf	24	much pressure was applied then other than Ken Lopera and
25	of either the FIT Team or the CIRT Team. I don't know	25	the decedent, correct, meaning no one can look from a
		ļ	
	Page 70		Page 72
1	Page 70	1	
1	which.	1 2	video and tell how much pressure was being applied
2	which. Q. And we pretty much established that that		
2	which. Q. And we pretty much established that that timestamp that you were talking about, the minute and	2	video and tell how much pressure was being applied during that period? That's all I'm asking.
2 3 4	which. Q. And we pretty much established that that timestamp that you were talking about, the minute and some change, was when Ken Lopera first attempted to	3	video and tell how much pressure was being applied during that period? That's all I'm asking. A. Well
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 144 15 166 17 18 19 20 21 22	which. Q. And we pretty much established that that timestamp that you were talking about, the minute and some change, was when Ken Lopera first attempted to employ, we'll just call it a neck restraint, I don't want to argue over which you think it is, but the neck restraint and when he removed his encircling arm. Is that your understanding of what that time is as well? A. I I don't have an understanding in that regard. I have an understanding from what I saw and and what I read and what I saw when I timed it myself as best I could. Just with my watch, when I saw him come around behind or kind of get behind Farmer and put his arm around and did what looked to me like applying that that neck hold, I started timing it, then up to the point where he let go and rolled off. And it was very clear that he had let go at that point. That was like a minute 12, minute 14, something like that. Q. So we'll call that time when he removed his encircling arm. Is that okay with you? A. That's fine. Q. When you say rolled off, I'm just	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	video and tell how much pressure was being applied during that period? That's all I'm asking. A. Well MR. LAGOMARSINO: Hold on. I'm going to object as to form as to "how much pressure" being vague. THE WITNESS: I don't know if anyone knows. It was certainly enough to kill Tashii Farmer Brown. Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Are you rendering are you qualified to render any medical opinions in this case or any case? A. No, I'm not. But from my experience, you you can tell when someone is dead. And from what I read in the report, it was obvious that, you know, he died as a result of that and, in fact, that the autopsy and the doctor's report in the autopsy was was confirming of that. Q. Do you intend to opine on the cause of death in this case at trial? A. I don't. Q. How long do you do you have any understanding of how long it can take for an LVNR to be effective before a subject goes unconscious?
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	which. Q. And we pretty much established that that timestamp that you were talking about, the minute and some change, was when Ken Lopera first attempted to employ, we'll just call it a neck restraint, I don't want to argue over which you think it is, but the neck restraint and when he removed his encircling arm. Is that your understanding of what that time is as well? A. I I don't have an understanding in that regard. I have an understanding from what I saw and and what I read and what I saw when I timed it myself as best I could. Just with my watch, when I saw him come around behind or kind of get behind Farmer and put his arm around and did what looked to me like applying that that neck hold, I started timing it, then up to the point where he let go and rolled off. And it was very clear that he had let go at that point. That was like a minute 12, minute 14, something like that. Q. So we'll call that time when he removed his encircling arm. Is that okay with you? A. That's fine. Q. When you say rolled off, I'm just A. Yeah. I don't know specifically that's when it was. That's when it appeared to me that that was the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	video and tell how much pressure was being applied during that period? That's all I'm asking. A. Well MR. LAGOMARSINO: Hold on. I'm going to object as to form as to "how much pressure" being vague. THE WITNESS: I don't know if anyone knows. It was certainly enough to kill Tashii Farmer Brown. Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Are you rendering are you qualified to render any medical opinions in this case or any case? A. No, I'm not. But from my experience, you you can tell when someone is dead. And from what I read in the report, it was obvious that, you know, he died as a result of that and, in fact, that the autopsy and the doctor's report in the autopsy was was confirming of that. Q. Do you intend to opine on the cause of death in this case at trial? A. I don't. Q. How long do you do you have any understanding of how long it can take for an LVNR to be effective before a subject goes unconscious? A. Well, I I know that some of the studies have shown that depending on the level I I'm not an

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Page 73 understanding. O. That's all we need to get, then. Q. So is it fair to say that you are not going to 2 2 A. Okay. I'm not an expert on it. I -- I have offer any opinions at trial regarding what standard or some experience with it, I've done some study on it and 3 what Constitutional or legal standard should be applied 4 I know what I saw in the videos. to the facts of this case? O. Are you an expert on the rear naked choke? 5 A. Well, I think there are legal experts for that. 6 A. I'm not an expert on either one, no. Again, I You know, my -- my position would be more to testify in -- and I'm not -- I don't think I'm testifying to -- to terms of what the policy is and what the practices were. be an expert or -- or whatever. I -- I know what it is. 8 O. So the answer is no, you're not going to I understand it. I've had some experience with it, but 9 testify regarding what standard applies to the facts of 10 that's -- that's the extent of -- of my testimony. And 10 I don't think I rendered an opinion on that, if I recall 11 this case? 11 A. I'm not aware of -- I have no plans to do that. 12 12 correctly. 13 I don't know if I would be asked to do it. O. Are you -- do you understand what I mean if I 13 O. Have you been asked to opine on that at all up 14 say there's been a violation of a department policy in 14 15 to today? this case; Metro's policy? 15 16 A. To reply on --A. I understand that. I know what policies are. 16 17 O. To opine on it. 17 Q. All right. And depending on which one, of 18 A. Not specifically, no. I mean, I've had some course, is violation of a policy necessarily a crime, or discussions, obviously, with Mr. Lagomarsino about the can it just be a violation of policy? 19 applicability of that, but not to the point of trying to A. It can be a crime depending on what -- what the 20 policy is and what's the reason behind it and whether it offer any kind of an expert opinion on it. 21 22 Q. Because if you have, it's not in your -- you marries up to a state or federal law. 22 23 would agree with me --Q. But not every violation of policy is a crime. 23 24 A. Correct. Correct? 24 25 Q. -- that's not in your report or your 2.5 A. That's true. Page 74 Q. Is a violation of a department policy, is it supplemental report. Correct? 1 the same answer for whether a violation of policy is a 2 A. That's why they're not in there. 3 Q. Okay. Tell me about your discussions with Mr. violation of the Constitution, U.S. Constitution? 3 Lagomarsino regarding the applicability of the legal 4 A. It would be essentially the same answer. 5 standard. 5 Q. But --A. Very, very general discussions to make sure 6 6 A. There's a reason -that I understood it. Q. I'm sorry. But it depends upon what the policy 8 Q. To make sure you understood the legal standard, violation was. Correct? or the case? Which are you talking about? 9 A. That would be part of what it's dependent upon, 9 A. It would be a little bit of both. I want to 10 10 sure. 11 make sure that I understood. I haven't dealt with --Q. What's the rest of it? 11 A. Well, the circumstances of it, you know, what's with those -- those particular amendments specifically 12 the basis for that policy. Most policies arise from in -- in quite some time. But in terms of confirming my 13 understanding and confirming how it applied to -- to either a prior problem or the law or an incident or --14 15 this case. or whatever. When I was chief of strategic planning at 15 Q. Other than in your judo experience or -- would FBI headquarters, we wrote a lot of policies there and 16 16 you call that a hobby, or what do you call that? -- and they were either based on -- on legal decisions 17 17 A. It wasn't much more than a hobby. that came down, precedent, situations, what have you. 18 18 19 Q. And you were a brown belt. Is that correct? O. Are you familiar with the legal standard or 19 20 A. I was. 20 Constitutional standard that governs 14th Amendment Q. Give me the lowest ranking belt in your type of 21 21 cases? 22 judo. 22 A. I know in a very general sense what the 14th 23 A. Well, Kodokan judo, it's -- they're fairly Amendment is, but as far as, you know, what -- what went 23

into that, all of that, I -- I'm not an expert on that

at all. I -- I have nothing more than a very general

similar. The colors are a little bit different, but it

25 starts as a white belt. It's a rank amateur, a student

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Page 77 some consider it martial art. The early days of Kodokan 1 just -- just coming in. were -- were more self-defense and whatever. That goes Q. So we're all white belts as -- well, at least back a long ways. Andre and I are. Correct? My last involvement would have been late '70s. MR. LAGOMARSINO: You probably have some Q. So if I broaden it out to any type of martial martial art based on -arts, is that your last interaction with any type of THE WITNESS: Are you into martial art? martial arts? MR. McNUTT: No, I'm not. A. Well, in -- in the classic sense of -- of THE WITNESS: It -- it starts as a white belt. either taking instruction or -- or going through MR. LAGOMARSINO: You didn't have defensive workouts or competing, yes, it would. tactics or any kind of martial arts in the military? 10 10 11 Now, whether you want to discuss defensive MR. McNUTT: I don't know. I don't recall. 11 12 tactics and some of those things, you know, obviously, MR. LAGOMARSINO: Oh. 12 that popped up now and then through my whole career. MR. McNUTT: He already testified to my lack of 13 Q. So since you retired in 1994, have you had any experience in that realm. 14 personal experience with any sort of -- you personally, 15 MR. LAGOMARSINO: I think he just asked you --15 not testifying as an expert, you personally he wasn't sure if you were in the military or not. I 16 17 participating in classroom instruction or giving actually was a yellow belt in taekwondo. 1.7 18 classroom instruction regarding martial arts or MR. McNUTT: I don't know what that is. 18 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Next up after white. After defensive tactics? 19 19 20 A. No. 2.0 that I was a --Q. Okay. Do you have an opinion as to whether the 21 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: So after the beginner white, 21 Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department violated the 22 22 what's next in --Constitution by allowing its officers to employ the 23 A. It can be green or yellow. It depends on the 23 lateral vascular neck restraint? My question is just -- the style. There's some latitude that's given to 24 24 whether you have an opinion on that. whoever the -- the coach is, but generally it's -- it's 25 Page 80 Page 78 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form. 1 a yellow or a green. In some areas there's a blue. 1 O. BY MR. McNUTT: Excuse me. Or are offering an 2 Those are all really the -- the real student type 3 opinion. 3 levels. Brown belt, there are three degrees of brown MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form. 4 belt. And then you get -- from brown belt the next is THE WITNESS: I -- I think the way I would 5 answer that is in this case, going back to my own days the black belt, and there's 13 degrees of black belt. in Las Vegas with the FBI and one or two other cases 7 Q. Which degree of black were you? 8 I've had with LVMPD, I think the opinion that I formed A. I was first degree, ikkyu. 8 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Of black, or brown? is that they are lax in their enforcement of their 9 10 prohibitions in that sense. I think they are lax in the 10 MR. McNUTT: Of brown. Excuse me. -- the enforcement of their training. Any type of THE WITNESS: Brown belt. I'm sorry. 11 training, you can't just -- my master's is technically 12 12 There's sankyu. Trying to remember what the -in curriculum and instruction, but it's public safety 1.3 13 the term was. management. Basically, any type of training, any type O. BY MR. McNUTT: I don't need those terms. 14 of education, you have to have -- to maintain currency 15 A. Okay. in it. You have to have refresher training. There has 16 Q. Do you think the average lay person walking around understands the distinction between a rear naked 17 to be reinforcement of that training. 17 choke and a lateral vascular neck restraint? 18 In looking through the training records that I 18 have looked through, I -- I haven't seen a lot of that. 19 A. I doubt it. 19 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: So I guess that's your answer Q. When was the last time, barring your shoulder 20 20 injury here, when was the last time you participated in 21 to what would have been my follow-up question. I'm 22 going to ask my question again. any sort of martial arts training where you were 22 23 Are you providing an opinion in this case as to actively involved? 23 whether Metro violated the Constitution by allowing its 24 A. Well, I've never participated in martial arts. officers to use the lateral vascular neck restraint? 25

I consider the form of judo I was in as a sport. I know

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MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form.

Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Yes or no. Just whether you're

A. Well, I'm thinking about whether it's a yes or a no or somewhere in between.

Again, I'm not a constitutional lawyer. I understand the basic concepts of what's constitutional, what isn't constitutional in police work. But in -- in terms of -- what my experience -- let me answer this way. What my experience has been over these 25 years and my law enforcement career before that is you have to pay attention to what your people are doing, especially your officers. You have to pay attention to how they're trained. You have to pay attention to the reinforcement of that training. You have to -- you have to pay attention to enforcing your policies.

And my opinion is, and if asked I would render an opinion based on this, that I think Las Vegas Metro PD has been lax in that. I don't think they've done the job that they should have done. They -- they've had a number of problems over the years not only in their shooting situations, but in other problems that they've had going back to the days that I was in Las Vegas back in the late '70s. There was a significant amount of corruption within Metro. And I haven't seen any

damn well what they want to do. I think that's a problem. And it's hard to recognize when that's going to happen ahead of time. Departments are getting much more sophisticated in the psychological analysis of individuals they're hiring. People do slip through the -- the process.

But I think in general, the use of any chokeholds is a very dangerous proposition in today's world.

- O. So given that opinion, do you believe that -well, you've reviewed the training records for Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. Correct?
- A. I -- I have, as they apply to this case. In a general sense I -- I looked at other individuals that were listed in there, but my focus was on the people in this case.
- Q. Do you have an opinion as to whether Metro provides adequate training to its officers regarding the use of the lateral vascular neck restraint?
- A. In terms of volume of training, it would appear so, but I saw some things that were very disturbing. For example, I believe in Lopera's case there was a -- I forget what it was. It was a training class where he attended three eight-hour trainings in one day. And I don't know how that happened, whether it's a

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evidence that -- that there has been an elimination of those problems.

- Q. Do you believe that any police department should allow its officers to use a neck restraint in a low-level force situation?
- A. No. I don't.
- Q. Do you believe any department should authorize its officers to use any type of neck restraint in an intermediate level -- as an intermediate level use of force option?

A. Let me answer this way. I think the use of any neck restraint in law enforcement is -- is a bad idea, and I think a lot of modern day departments are waking up to that fact. I have seen information, I've seen reports and I've heard of reports where some departments are still allowing that. I've seen others where they've disallowed it. I've seen situations, and I -- I -- it's my understanding that Metro has changed the level of the LVNR, that instead of a low level it's now either a medium or it's one of the higher levels in the continuum of -- of force.

But I -- I think that one of the problems is that -- and this is -- I think one of the problems is it's -- you know, some officers just disregard their training, disregard what the policies are and they do recordkeeping error or -- or whether they're fudging the records or what. I don't have enough experience or enough information to judge that.

But in terms of looking at their compliance with POST standards and -- I -- I also am one that --I'm a strong believer in the model policies that are put out by the IACP that I'm a member, International Association of Chiefs of Police. I would say that on paper they appear to be in compliance with those. Whether in practice they are, I -- I -- I don't really know. I can only judge it by individual situations.

Obviously, in this case Mr. Lopero -- Lopera had no compunction. He bragged about it afterwards in using the rear naked chokehold. To me that's a breakdown in training. That's a breakdown in -- in the enforcement of policy. You know, I don't know much about him other than what I read in the reports. And it appears he has a very strong personality. I would suspect that he's an individual that probably did pretty much what he wanted to do. But the fact that he bragged about using the rear naked in this particular case was very disturbing.

Q. What evidence are you citing for your suggestion that he, quote, bragged about it as opposed to tried to make some sort of --25

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1	A. It's it's right there in front.	1	thirst, rapid movements, kind of erratic movements,
2	Q. Let me finish my question.	2	hallucinations, delusions, feeling I don't know what
3	A. It's right there on one of the videos, that I	3	the correct word would be, but it goes with the
4	recall. And I also saw mention of it in the report,	4	sweating, feeling extremely hot. And if if it's not
5	that he he was bragging about he finally put him out	5	treated when it gets to that point, if it's not treated,
6	I'm paraphrasing this put him out with a rear	6	it can very quickly result in death.
7	naked.	7	Q. Is it true that methamphetamine, cocaine, PCP
8	Q. So where he said "I rear nakeded his ass"? I	8	and even bath salt intoxication are associated with
9	think that's the quote.	9	excited delirium?
10	A. I think that was the quote.	10	A. I don't know that I've heard all of those, but
11	Q. Okay.	11	I've heard it can be any number of drugs.
12	A. It's pretty clear.	12	Q. You've heard that methamphetamine is involved?
13	Q. And you view that as being braggadocious as	13	A. Mostly definitely.
14	opposed to informative that he had employed some sort of	14	Q. Would you agree that, quote, subjects may
15	neck restraint?	15	demonstrate profound levels of strength, end quote?
16	A. I think it was braggadocious.	16	A. I've heard that also.
17	Q. Okay. Would you at least agree with me that	17	Q. Do you agree with that, though?
18	the lateral vascular neck restraint does not exactly	18	A. In some situations, yes. I I would agree
19	roll off the tongue after you've been in a dynamic	19	with it.
20	situation?	20	Q. And that subjects suffering from excited
21	A. Well, LVNR is. And I think if he had done an	21	delirium can, in fact, resist even painful stimuli.
22	LVNR and he was proud of that, I think he would have	22	Correct?
23	said "I did an LVNR."	23	A. I don't know about that.
24	Q. So "LVNR" does roll off the tongue?	24	Q. You don't know, or you don't agree?
25	A. I think it can.	25	A. I haven't heard about that or read about it.
	Page 86	-	Page 88
1	Q. You said "is." I don't know what that referred	1	Q. Well, these are all positions that are taken by
2	to.	2	the authors of one of the articles you reference. So
3		3	that's why I'm asking you about them.
4	44 24 2	4	A. All right.
5		5	
6		6	
7		7	Kelsey Echols and Dr. Aaron Burnett. Are you familiar
8		8	with that?
9		9	
10		10	
11		11	
12		12	you referenced. And as you testified earlier, this is
13		13	one of the articles you believe supports your position.
14		14	Correct?
15		15	1
16		16	
17		17	that you don't agree with, that you recall?
18		18	
19		19	
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21		21	
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4.9	And it results in the person usually the		
25		25	

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1	least we didn't know about it by that that term. But	1	Q. And when you were a park ranger, how would you
2	the the symptoms vary depending on the situation, you	2	define were you a patrol officer?
3	know, and at what stage you encounter the person.	3	A. I was everything
4	Q. Isn't it true that bizarre and erratic behavior	4	Q. Okay.
5	can also be attributed to being under the influence of	5	A from a law enforcement perspective.
6	illegal narcotics?	6	Q. All right. And when you became an FBI agent,
7	A. I've seen that in drug users.	7	my understanding is you spent about the first ten years
8	Q. So the answer is yes?	8	as an active agent in investigations and things of that
9	A. Yes.	9	nature. Correct?
10	Q. Isn't it true that profuse sweating can be	10	A. Well, I was an active agent my entire career.
11	indicative of being under the influence of a controlled	11	Q. I understand.
12	substance?	12	A. We were all special agents. But ten years I
13	A. That, I don't know.	13	was I was a case agent. I worked cases.
14	Q. Isn't it true that demonstrating significant or	14	Q. And then the last 14, so from approximately
15	I don't want to say extra-human strength, but more	15	1980 to 1994, your retirement, you defined it as being
16	strength than normal can be indicative of an individual	16	in the management supervisory levels. Correct?
17	being under the influence of a controlled substance?	17	A. Correct.
18	A. I don't know that either.	18	Q. Including being a speech writer for a couple of
19	Q. Okay. Do you recall you identified, but do	19	years for Director Webster?
20	you recall reviewing Metro's training policies for	20	A. The jobs at headquarters were not pure
21		21	investigative. I did I did not manage cases per se
	dealing with excited delirium?	22	when I was at headquarters. I was the first time I
22	A. As we sit here I couldn't recite them to you,	,	was there I was in Congressional public affairs, which
23	but I remember looking at them, yes.	23	
24	Q. Do you believe as an expert and how do you	24	is part of the Director's office, and my primary job was
25	define yourself as an expert? As a use-of-force expert?	25	handling public affairs matters, handling some
	Page 90		Page 92
1	As a police practices expert? How would you define your		Congressional affairs matters, and I was a speech
2	expertise?	2	writer.
3	A. As a police practices expert and, of late, with	3	Q. So when was the last time that you personally
4	the types of cases I've had, more from a management or	4	were involved in arresting a suspect for something?
5	supervisory perspective, but also where I've had	5	Would it have been before 1980, before you got into
6	personal experiences with them, you know, as a topical	6	those management roles?
7	type expert depending on what it is. I'm not a	7	A. No. I was present at a lot of arrests.
8	use-of-force expert.	8	Q. No, no. Where you personally arrested someone.
9	Q. Okay. And if I understand your career	9	A. Personally arrested? Within the few years
10	correctly, you were a patrol well, I didn't ask that	10	before I retired. You know, I I still made arrests
11	question. Were you a patrol officer for all four years	11	on occasion.
12	with Santa Clara, or what were your job descriptions	12	Q. What cases were those?
13	then?	13	A. I would have to look. I don't know. I mean,
14	A. I was, but the type of patrol officer was that	14	we had so many cases, but there
15	I was changed. The first couple of years that I was	15	Q. What would you look at to find a case that you
16	there I drove a black and white car. I was assigned a	16	made an arrest in?
17	beat. I was on a routine patrol. The last year and a	17	A. I don't know if I could find it anymore, you
	1	1	know. I mean, it would depend on I have no rights at
18	half or so I was there I was assigned to unmarked car	18	, ,
18 19	half or so I was there I was assigned to unmarked car responsibilities, which is felony suppression. We wore	18	this point beyond freedom of information type things.
	responsibilities, which is felony suppression. We wore		
19	responsibilities, which is felony suppression. We wore uniforms, but we wore a civilian jacket over the	19	this point beyond freedom of information type things.
19 20	responsibilities, which is felony suppression. We wore uniforms, but we wore a civilian jacket over the uniforms. It was an unmarked car. And so that was a	19 20	this point beyond freedom of information type things. Q. When death occurs as a result of excited
19 20 21	responsibilities, which is felony suppression. We wore uniforms, but we wore a civilian jacket over the uniforms. It was an unmarked car. And so that was a little bit different than straight patrol.	19 20 21	this point beyond freedom of information type things. Q. When death occurs as a result of excited delirium, it's usually cardiac in nature. Correct? MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form, foundation.
19 20 21 22 23	responsibilities, which is felony suppression. We wore uniforms, but we wore a civilian jacket over the uniforms. It was an unmarked car. And so that was a little bit different than straight patrol. Q. But you were still interacting with the public	19 20 21 22	this point beyond freedom of information type things. Q. When death occurs as a result of excited delirium, it's usually cardiac in nature. Correct? MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form, foundation. THE WITNESS: Again, I'm not an expert. I
19 20 21 22	responsibilities, which is felony suppression. We wore uniforms, but we wore a civilian jacket over the uniforms. It was an unmarked car. And so that was a little bit different than straight patrol. Q. But you were still interacting with the public at large in that role?	19 20 21 22 23	this point beyond freedom of information type things. Q. When death occurs as a result of excited delirium, it's usually cardiac in nature. Correct? MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form, foundation. THE WITNESS: Again, I'm not an expert. I mean, obviously, death occurs when the heart stops.

	Page 93		Page 95
1	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: But isn't that what your	1	to read and interpret those results?
2	authors say in the various articles?	2	A. Well, I I could do some interpretation. I'm
3	A. You'd have to let me see the article again.	3	not a technological expert in that, but I know that
4	Q. Well, I'm asking you whether you recall that.	4	there are standards put out by the companies and and
5	Yes or no?	5	put out by by various departments and policies in
6	A. What's the question again?	6	terms of the number of triggering events, the the
7	Q. When death occurs as a result of excited	7	time between events, the number of triggering events
8	delirium, isn't it normally associated with a cardiac	8	that there should be.
9	event?	9	Q. Well, that's reading the print-off of the data.
10	A. Well, again, my answer is a cardiac event is	10	A. Can I finish my answer?
11	involved in every death. Is it not?	11	Q. I thought you were done.
12	Q. I don't know.	12	A. No, I wasn't. I didn't stop speaking.
13	A. A death occurs when the heart stops.	13	Q. You seemed to linger.
14	Q. I'm	14	A. I I know also that there there is most
15	A. It's a cardiac event.	15	departments that I've seen have policies that after a
16	Q. I'm not a doctor and I'm not offering medical	16	certain number of unsuccessful events their policy is
17	opinions in this case. Are you?	17	you stop and you resort to something else.
18	A. I'm not. I'm giving you the answer that I	18	Q. That's the policy about the Taser. Let's stay
19	know. I have not seen a death where the heart didn't	19	focused.
20		20	So you're not qualified to analyze and explain
21	stop. Q. You never heard of somebody being brain dead?	21	to a jury, for example, what a Taser pulse log shows.
22	A. I've heard of that, yeah.	22	Correct?
	Q. Okay. Do you know whether or not Metro	23	A. Well, I think I could describe to a jury what
23	authorizes its officers to utilize force to take an	24	it is. To explain the technical aspects of it, no. I'm
24		25	_
25	Page 94	-	Page 96
1	delirium?	1	Q. So you can't look at a Taser pulse log and tell
2	A. I know that excited delirium, if an officer	2	me whether the circuit was closed and any energy was
3	encounters that, they certainly have a right to attend	3	transferred to the subject?
4	to that person. And whether you want to classify it as	4	A. I would expect that there's information there
5		1	2
6	taking them into custody of whether it's a determine of	1 5	that I could arrive at an answer on that. But be able
O	_	5	
7	whatever it is, officers have the right to do what needs	6	to say as an expert that's exactly what happened, no.
7	whatever it is, officers have the right to do what needs to be done to try and help save that person's life.	6	to say as an expert that's exactly what happened, no. I'd have to depend on what the records say.
8	whatever it is, officers have the right to do what needs to be done to try and help save that person's life. Q. Up to and including using force. Correct?	6 7 8	to say as an expert that's exactly what happened, no. I'd have to depend on what the records say. Q. Okay. Now, you can look at a printout that
8 9	whatever it is, officers have the right to do what needs to be done to try and help save that person's life. Q. Up to and including using force. Correct? A. Well, I think that gets into some real	6 7 8 9	to say as an expert that's exactly what happened, no. I'd have to depend on what the records say. Q. Okay. Now, you can look at a printout that says the Taser was triggered at this certain time and it
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	Page 97		Page 99
1	to use the Taser more than policy states if certain	1	case was brought by the children.
	circumstances exist, such as the officer is acting alone	2	A. Correct.
	and doesn't know when his backup would arrive.	3	Q. That's your understanding?
4	Would you agree with that statement or not	4	A. Yes.
- 1	agree with that statement?	5	Q. Okay. So he was the use-of-force expert
6	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Can the court reporter repeat	6	identified and disclosed by plaintiffs. Do you know him
- 1	that question. Or if it's easier to restate it. It was	7	professionally?
	a long question. I wasn't sure. If you want to restate	8	A. I don't.
9	it.	9	Q. Okay. Have you ever been involved in a case
10	MR. McNUTT: I'm happy to restate it. Whatever	10	where he was on your side or the other side?
-	the court reporter prefers.	11	A. Not that I'm aware of.
11	THE REPORTER: Please.	12	Q. Okay. Did you review his deposition from the
12	MR. LAGOMARSINO: I'm sorry.	13	estate case?
13		14	A. No.
14	MR. McNUTT: One question was does he know who	15	Q. Okay. Is it your opinion that Tashii Farmer
15	Michael Bland is. I presume that's not the question.	16	suffered from excited delirium?
16	MR. LAGOMARSINO: The next one.	17	A. I think he was in the early stages of suffering
17	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: He was identified by Metro as a	18	from that when he encountered Lopera and Lif.
18	subject matter expert.	19	Q. Is it your opinion that Officer Lopera made a
19	A. Okay.		mistake by identifying him as being under the influence
20	Q. And he testified that an officer can, with	20	of a controlled substance versus identifying excited
21	certain facts, go outside of policy with respect to	21	delirium?
22	utilization of the Taser. For example, Metro policy	22	
23	says you can use the Taser three times and then you	23	A. I think he made a mistake not recognizing that
24	should go to some other force option.	24	excited delirium was a very strong possibility.
25	A. Uh-huh.	25	Q. And do you have any idea how long it takes to
	Page 98		Page 100
	-		_
1	Q. You're familiar with that?	1	properly diagnose someone with excited delirium?
1 2	A. Yes.	2	properly diagnose someone with excited delirium? A. From a medical perspective? Is that what
	A. Yes. Q. Okay. And he said if an officer is operating	3	properly diagnose someone with excited delirium? A. From a medical perspective? Is that what you're asking?
2	A. Yes. Q. Okay. And he said if an officer is operating alone, doesn't know when their backup is going to	2 3 4	properly diagnose someone with excited delirium? A. From a medical perspective? Is that what you're asking? Q. From any perspective.
2	A. Yes. Q. Okay. And he said if an officer is operating alone, doesn't know when their backup is going to arrive, they would be authorized to utilize the Taser	2 3 4 5	properly diagnose someone with excited delirium? A. From a medical perspective? Is that what you're asking? Q. From any perspective. A. Well, I think, you know, every person in law
2 3 4	A. Yes. Q. Okay. And he said if an officer is operating alone, doesn't know when their backup is going to arrive, they would be authorized to utilize the Taser more than policy otherwise states, meaning a fourth time	2 3 4 5 6	properly diagnose someone with excited delirium? A. From a medical perspective? Is that what you're asking? Q. From any perspective. A. Well, I think, you know, every person in law enforcement makes decisions based upon their training
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 166	A. Yes. Q. Okay. And he said if an officer is operating alone, doesn't know when their backup is going to arrive, they would be authorized to utilize the Taser more than policy otherwise states, meaning a fourth time or a fifth time. Now, I'm just asking you whether you agree with his position that he's taken regarding Metro's policy. A. Let me answer it this way. I would agree, having been involved in policy making, that there are exceptions to almost every policy in law enforcement work, depending on the circumstances. If that is their position and it is his position that there would be exceptions to going beyond the three times, I wouldn't argue with that. Q. Do you know who Scott Dafoe is?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	properly diagnose someone with excited delirium? A. From a medical perspective? Is that what you're asking? Q. From any perspective. A. Well, I think, you know, every person in law enforcement makes decisions based upon their training and their experience. And I think one of the purposes of training is to understand what the various possibilities are because you have to make, sometimes, instantaneous decisions. And I I see I saw no indication that in those very early stages of the encounter that he even considered excited delirium. I saw where he said later on that he started questioning whether he was under the influence of a controlled substance. And he got the acronym wrong on that, which kind of bothered me a little bit. But in terms of of taking action to address what the symptoms primarily indicated, in my opinion, I
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2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 144 15 166 17 18 19 20 21 22	A. Yes. Q. Okay. And he said if an officer is operating alone, doesn't know when their backup is going to arrive, they would be authorized to utilize the Taser more than policy otherwise states, meaning a fourth time or a fifth time. Now, I'm just asking you whether you agree with his position that he's taken regarding Metro's policy. A. Let me answer it this way. I would agree, having been involved in policy making, that there are exceptions to almost every policy in law enforcement work, depending on the circumstances. If that is their position and it is his position that there would be exceptions to going beyond the three times, I wouldn't argue with that. Q. Do you know who Scott Dafoe is? A. I do. Q. Do you know him personally? A. I don't. Q. He's an expert that was retained by the plaintiffs in what we refer to as the estate case. Do you know what that is?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 20 21 22	properly diagnose someone with excited delirium? A. From a medical perspective? Is that what you're asking? Q. From any perspective. A. Well, I think, you know, every person in law enforcement makes decisions based upon their training and their experience. And I think one of the purposes of training is to understand what the various possibilities are because you have to make, sometimes, instantaneous decisions. And I I see I saw no indication that in those very early stages of the encounter that he even considered excited delirium. I saw where he said later on that he started questioning whether he was under the influence of a controlled substance. And he got the acronym wrong on that, which kind of bothered me a little bit. But in terms of of taking action to address what the symptoms primarily indicated, in my opinion, I I don't think he recognized those. Q. So is it your opinion that an officer in, let's say, the span of ten seconds or less is supposed to be able to differentiate a subject between excited delirium versus being under the influence of a controlled subject?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 144 15 166 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	A. Yes. Q. Okay. And he said if an officer is operating alone, doesn't know when their backup is going to arrive, they would be authorized to utilize the Taser more than policy otherwise states, meaning a fourth time or a fifth time. Now, I'm just asking you whether you agree with his position that he's taken regarding Metro's policy. A. Let me answer it this way. I would agree, having been involved in policy making, that there are exceptions to almost every policy in law enforcement work, depending on the circumstances. If that is their position and it is his position that there would be exceptions to going beyond the three times, I wouldn't argue with that. Q. Do you know who Scott Dafoe is? A. I do. Q. Do you know him personally? A. I don't. Q. He's an expert that was retained by the plaintiffs in what we refer to as the estate case. Do you know what that is? A. Yes.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 20 21 22 23	properly diagnose someone with excited delirium? A. From a medical perspective? Is that what you're asking? Q. From any perspective. A. Well, I think, you know, every person in law enforcement makes decisions based upon their training and their experience. And I think one of the purposes of training is to understand what the various possibilities are because you have to make, sometimes, instantaneous decisions. And I I see I saw no indication that in those very early stages of the encounter that he even considered excited delirium. I saw where he said later on that he started questioning whether he was under the influence of a controlled substance. And he got the acronym wrong on that, which kind of bothered me a little bit. But in terms of of taking action to address what the symptoms primarily indicated, in my opinion, I I don't think he recognized those. Q. So is it your opinion that an officer in, let's say, the span of ten seconds or less is supposed to be able to differentiate a subject between excited delirium versus being under the influence of a controlled subject?

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Page 101 assumption, that Tashii Farmer was suffering from THE WITNESS: It depends on the case. 1 excited delirium, as you believe, would Officer Lopera 2 MR. McNUTT: Substance. have the right to follow him down the employee-only 3 THE WITNESS: It depends on what the hallway in the Venetian? circumstances were. A. Again, it would depend on the circumstances. In this particular case, from what I read, what 5 O. No. Those circumstances, sir, not a I've seen, I think the -- the indications were much 6 hypothetical you want to make up. In the facts of this. stronger that -- that an onset of excited delirium was -- was in progress here versus a reaction to controlled That's what I asked you. A. Did he have the right to follow him down the substances. 10 thing? Legally, I don't think he did, no. O. BY MR. McNUTT: And how long did it take for 10 11 O. Why not? 11 you to arrive at that opinion? 12 A. Because he had done nothing wrong. It's not --12 A. How long did it take me? 13 it's not a crime to be approaching the excited delirium. 13 O. Yeah. It's a medical condition. Okay? And I don't think --A. The time it took me to read the facts as they 14 up to that point Tashii Farmer had not committed any were presented in the reports. Matter of seconds to a 15 15 crime. And I -- I don't believe that -- if you look at minute or so. I don't know. It should have been a very 16 the toxicology report, and I'm not an expert on this at easy, quick decision if he paid attention to his 17 17 all, but I understand that the level of methamphetamine 18 training. in his system was right on the borderline of whether he O. So you agree with me that some of the 19 could have been considered under the influence or not. symptomology of excited delirium presents the same as 20 20 21 But when -- when you -- you put the suspicion being under the influence of a controlled subject? 21 22 of drug use together with what the physical symptoms 2.2 Substance. 23 were that were being presented, I'm saying that I don't A. No, not --23 believe Officer Lopera even considered excited delirium. 24 O. You did agree with me earlier. 24 25 And -- and --25 A. I don't agree with you on that, no. Page 104 Q. Again, that wasn't the question I asked. Q. Well, you agreed with me when I went through 1 2 A. Well, that will be a little bit more to my 2 the list earlier. 3 answer here. 3 A. Well --If he had considered it, okay, I don't believe 4 4 Q. Do you want to change --A. I misunderstood your question. he had the legal right to follow him, to -- to attack 5 him, to take him down on the ground, to apply the 6 O. Would you like to change your opinion? A. Would you like to ask the question again? chokehold or whatever. There was no legal basis for 7 that. He had not committed any crime. If someone is 8 O. Which one? ill, you don't treat them by tackling them, take them 9 A. I don't know. Whichever one -down to the ground and applying a -- a chokehold to Q. I think when you read this transcript you're 10 10 them. That was -- that was totally improper. 11 going to want to change a lot. 11 Q. I appreciate that you would like to --12 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. 12 THE WITNESS: What? 13 A. But if --13 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Hold on. Move to strike. 14 Q. I appreciate that you want to get your 14 narrative out, but save that for some other time. Argumentative. 15 15 I'm asking very specific questions. I asked 16 THE WITNESS: I'm not trying to change my 16 17 you nothing about tackling him, nothing about Tasing answer. Okay? What I'm trying to say is that both 17 situations should have been considered by him and they him. I asked you exclusively about following him down 18 1.8 the hallway, which was a yes or no. And we've sat here should have been considered almost instantaneously if he 19 19 20 for about 90 seconds of my time, wasting it on answers was properly trained and had the experience to make that 21 to questions I did not ask. 21 decision. And I think that -- I don't think he 22 So I'd like to speed this deposition up. So recognized the symptoms that were presented to him as

23

24

could you please just answer the questions I ask.

A. Let me respond to that. I think I have the right, and I've got enough experience to know that I

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25

being within the realm of possibility of excited

O. BY MR. McNUTT: Assuming, it's a big

	Page 105		Page 107
		1	assistance and/or take the individual into custody.
	have a right to explain my answer, and that's exactly	2	A. Well, I don't know that he can take the
2	what I'm doing. If you don't want me to do that, then		individual into custody to provide medical assistance.
3	let's change the rules here and you do what you need to	4	I don't know of any legal right to do that unless the
4	do.	5	person is a danger to himself or others.
5	Q. Well, let's just go by the rules of civil	6	Q. If there's a Metro policy that says different,
6	procedure, which apparently you are unfamiliar with,	7	will you change your opinion?
7	sir.	8	A. I'd have to read it and see.
8	A. No. I I think I'm familiar with the fact	Ì	Q. Or would you just not agree with the
9	that I have a right to explain my answer.	9	A. No. It depends what the policy says.
10	Q. No. You do not have a right to bloviate and	10	Q. So as it turns out and you've reviewed the
11	talk about an answer that has no relevance to the	11	
12	question. So	12	toxicology report. Correct?
13	A. I take great offense to your term "bloviate."	13	A. Correct.
14	I think that's improper, I think it's rude and I don't	14	Q. And you reviewed the coroner's autopsy report?
15	think you have a right to do that.	15	A. I have.
16	Q. Then don't	16	Q. And both of them identify that Tashii Farmer
17	A. If you don't like my answer, tell me that.	17	had significant levels of illegal methamphetamines in
18	Q. Then don't do it.	18	his system. Correct?
19	So let's break it down. Yes or no. Ken Lopera	19	A. I don't remember seeing the word "significant."
20	had the right or even a duty to follow Tashii Farmer	20	
21	into an employee-only area, whether he was exhibiting	21	substances identified as in his system.
22	signs of excited delirium or under the influence of a	22	Q. One of which was methamphetamines.
23	controlled substance?	23	A. Correct.
24	A. I think he has the right to follow an	24	Q. And you would leave to the medical experts
25	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25	
	Page 106		Page 108
		1	
1	place.	1	
1 2	place. Q. Okay. So are you done?	1 2	A. That would that would be the expert
	Q. Okay. So are you done?		A. That would that would be the expert opinion would have to come from a medical person, you
2	Q. Okay. So are you done? A. No, I'm not.	2	A. That would that would be the expert opinion would have to come from a medical person, you know.
2	 Q. Okay. So are you done? A. No, I'm not. Q. Okay. A. If he recognizes that as a medical situation 	2	A. That would that would be the expert opinion would have to come from a medical person, you know. Q. So isn't it true that as it turns out, Ken
2 3 4	 Q. Okay. So are you done? A. No, I'm not. Q. Okay. A. If he recognizes that as a medical situation 	2 3 4	A. That would that would be the expert opinion would have to come from a medical person, you know. Q. So isn't it true that as it turns out, Ken Lopera's street cop instincts were exactly correct and
2 3 4 5	Q. Okay. So are you done? A. No, I'm not. Q. Okay. A. If he recognizes that as a medical situation and Tashii Farmer is walking away and obviously is not interested in that, I don't know that he has a right to	2 3 4 5	A. That would that would be the expert opinion would have to come from a medical person, you know. Q. So isn't it true that as it turns out, Ken Lopera's street cop instincts were exactly correct and Tashii Farmer was, in fact, under the influence of a
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1	Q. Okay. So are you done? A. No, I'm not. Q. Okay. A. If he recognizes that as a medical situation and Tashii Farmer is walking away and obviously is not interested in that, I don't know that he has a right to take any action. Legally I don't know that he does. Q. So does Officer Lopera as a sworn officer with Metro, does he have a duty to provide medical assistance to an individual with excited delirium? A. I think he can attempt to provide assistance. If the person doesn't want it, I don't think he can force the person to undergo it. Q. I A. That's my answer to your question. Q. I'm just asking whether it's Metro's policy that he has a duty to do so. And if you don't know, that's fine. A. I don't know. I don't recall reading that there's a policy that he can force a person to submit to medical assistance but whether or not the officers have	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 20 21 22 23	A. That would — that would be — the expert opinion would have to come from a medical person, you know. Q. So isn't it true that as it turns out, Ken Lopera's street cop instincts were exactly correct and Tashii Farmer was, in fact, under the influence of a controlled substance? MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form, foundation. THE WITNESS: I can't answer whether he was under the influence or not of a controlled substance. I — I — I can testify that, based on my experience and training, that the symptoms of excited delirium were there. And if that's bloviating, I'm sorry, but that's my answer. Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Oh, I didn't think that was bloviating. I just think it's wrong because the question was whether, in fact, Ken Lopera was correct. Tashii Farmer was under the influence of a controlled substance as that phrase, USCS, is defined in statute. Correct? MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form. THE WITNESS: I — I can't answer that. Q. BY MR. McNUTT: You can't. Why not?

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	Page 109		Page 111
1	he had would be considered under the influence. Those	1	the neck restraint. I don't know whether they used the
2	levels indicated that he had those in his system,	2	word "excited delirium" or not, but I read that as they
3	indicating that there was a certain quantity of it in	3	were saying that excited delirium was a possible part of
4	his systems, and whether that where that falls on the	4	that.
5	continuum of being under the influence or not, that's a	5	Q. You read that the coroner's report references
6	medical decision. I don't know.	6	that he died as a result of the neck restraint, and
7	Q. It's a medical, not a legal decision as to	7	you're connecting that to excited delirium?
8	whether any amount of methamphetamine in Tashii Farmer's	8	A. Do you have a copy of that?
9	system is okay?	9	Q. I do, but I'm asking you the question.
10	A. I I don't know the answer to that, to be	10	A. My recollection in reading that was that they
11	honest with you.	11	were referring to excited delirium and the asphyxia that
12	Q. Can excited delirium cause paranoia?	12	that came from that.
13	A. Yeah.	13	Q. Do you know what role, if any, metabolic
14	Q. Can it cause aggressive behavior?	14	acidosis plays in excited delirium?
15	A. Yes.	15	A. I don't.
16	Q. Can excited delirium impair one's judgment?	16	Q. Do you know what role, if any, dopamine plays
17	A. Could it do what?	17	in excited delirium?
18	Q. Impair one's judgment.	18	A. I know there were changes in the dopamine
19	A. Yes.	19	levels in the body as a result of that.
20	Q. Has the American College of Emergency	20	Q. And do they go up, or do they go down?
21	Physicians recognized excited delirium?	21	A. I don't recall specifically. I know there's
22	A. Yes.	22	changes.
23	Q. Do you know?	23	Q. Do you know if there's a genetic susceptibility
24	A. Yes.	24	to excited delirium?
25	Q. Can it impair one's ability to understand	25	A. Is there a what?
	Page 110		Page 112
1	verbal commands?	1	Q. Genetic susceptibility to excited delirium.
2	A. Yes.	2	A. I don't know that.
3	Q. Is superhuman strength sometimes reported in	3	Q. Can it be determined whether a decedent had
4	association with excited delirium?	4	excited delirium from a neurochemical examination of the
5	A. Yes.	5	decedent's brain?
6	Q. Are you aware of any medical experts who have	6	
7	concluded that Tashii Farmer suffered from excited	7	
8	delirium?	8	were still available, could any test be performed on the
9	A. I don't recall any reference along those lines.	9	blood that might indicate whether he had excited
10		10	delirium?
11	a role in his death.	11	A. I don't know. Like I said, I'm not a medical
12		12	
13	1	13	
1.4	_	14	
15	,	15	· ·
16	1	16	
17	, s	17	
18	A. I don't remember the name. I'd have to see the	18	
19	<u> </u>	19	
		20	
20		i	
20		21	, ,
	A. The autopsy report. When they described the	22	is a complex and not fully understood syndrome?
21	A. The autopsy report. When they described the cause of death Q. Okay.	22	is a complex and not fully understood syndrome? A. Complex and not fully understood?
21 22	A. The autopsy report. When they described the cause of death Q. Okay.	22	is a complex and not fully understood syndrome? A. Complex and not fully understood? Q. Not fully understood.

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1	Q. Do you know if excited delirium can cause	1	instruction on December 8, 2014 in your report. Do you
2	arrhythmias?	2	recall that?
3	A. Cause what?	3	A. I do.
4	Q. Arrhythmias.	4	Q. Do you think that was an adequate amount of
5	A. I don't know that.	5	training?
6	Q. So you don't know whether, then, under	6	A. I do not.
7	arrhythmias, whether it causes atrial versus ventricle	7	Q. How much do you think in terms of hours
8	fibrillation?	8	since we have one hour, what is an adequate amount of
9	A. I'm not a medical expert, sir.	9	training? If you were writing the policy for Metro, how
10	Q. Can it cause pulmonary arrest?	10	much training would you have them give each patrol
11	A. Pulmonary arrest?	11	officer?
12	Q. Uh-huh.	12	A. I think it would be two or three times that.
13	A. Well, it can cause death, and I presume	13	Q. So two to three hours?
14	pulmonary arrest is cardiac arrest or or parts of	14	A. Two or three hours, for familiarization
15	that.	15	purposes.
16	Q. Well, your assumptions are wrong. Those are	16	Q. In your opinion, what should an officer who
17	two different things, pulmonary	17	encounters someone with excited delirium do?
18	A. I understand.	18	A. First thing they should do is is get medical
19	Q versus cardiac.	19	rolling, get medical on the way. And I I think
20	A. I understand that, but both of those are part	20	that's it in terms of, I think, approaching the person
21	of the dying process, too.	21	to to try and verify the symptoms, if they can, to
22	Q. So you automatically have both when you die?	22	determine are they willing to accept medical help. I
23	A. I'm not saying automatically, but they occur.	23	don't think any officer has the right to force a person
24	MR. LAGOMARSINO: I'm just going to object to	24	to to submit themselves to medical help.
25	the line of questioning as beyond the scope of this	25	
		 	D 11/
	Page 114		Page 116
1	Page 114 witness' designation.	1	
1 2	witness' designation.	1 2	violence, you don't believe that the person should be
2	witness' designation. Q. BY MR. McNUTT: In your opinion, is it a		
2	witness' designation. Q. BY MR. McNUTT: In your opinion, is it a violation of law for a patrol officer not to instantly	2	violence, you don't believe that the person should be taken into custody so they can be provided medical assistance?
2 3 4	witness' designation. Q. BY MR. McNUTT: In your opinion, is it a violation of law for a patrol officer not to instantly be able to diagnose a suspect in terms of the difference	2	violence, you don't believe that the person should be taken into custody so they can be provided medical assistance? A. Again, it would depend on the circumstances. I
2 3 4 5	witness' designation. Q. BY MR. McNUTT: In your opinion, is it a violation of law for a patrol officer not to instantly be able to diagnose a suspect in terms of the difference between USCS and excited delirium?	2 3 4	violence, you don't believe that the person should be taken into custody so they can be provided medical assistance? A. Again, it would depend on the circumstances. I don't think an officer has the right to force a person
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Page 119 Page 117 their officer, Ken Lopera, pursuing Tashii Farmer substance. I think --through that employee-only area? Q. But I'm not asking about the statute. A. Well, I'm -- I'm trying to give you an answer. A. I disagree with that. 3 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form. I think he had the right to follow him down Q. BY MR. McNUTT: No, no. I'm just saying are that hallway. I think he should have been calling for you aware of that position. medical assistance right away and follow him enough to MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Mischaracterizes make sure that he's not going to be a danger to somebody 7 8 testimony. else. I don't think that gives him the right to -- to 9 THE WITNESS: I'm aware that there was a 9 do what he did. 1.0 position in either the FIT or the CIRT report that he Q. So one of the reasons that Officer Lopera or 10 had no cause to -- of taking the action that he took. any officer could follow Tashii Farmer would be to 11 11 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Okay. So are you aware of any 12 provide some sort of containment to then get the medical other testimony by Metro, like Chief McGrath, who attention. Correct? Containment of the subject. 13 testified that he had no problem with Ken Lopera and A. Well, I --14 believed he had reasonable suspicion to follow him MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form. 15 THE WITNESS: I think my answer to that is I through the hallway? 16 A. I don't remember specifically who it was. 17 don't know that he has the right to contain the person 17 There were other people that -- that felt he had no unless the person is obviously presenting a danger to --18 18 problem with that, or they had no problem with that. 19 19 to other people. Q. Okay. But you --O. BY MR. McNUTT: So if Metro's policy says 20 2.0 21 A. But I -- I -- if I can answer the rest of it. differently, would you disagree with it, or not? 21 22 But I think the real answer to that solution in terms of A. I'd have to see the policy. I don't know. 22 what Metro's position was is the action they took 23 O. So you've testified earlier you're not a 23 24 against Officer Lopera. use-of-force expert. You're a police policies and 25 Q. Fair enough. practices expert. Correct? Page 120 Page 118 So it's your position that a patrol officer who 1 1 A. Correct. believes someone that is under the influence of a Q. So are you going to offer any opinions at trial 3 controlled suspect -- "subject" and "substance" are regarding the use of force employed in this case? 4 tripping me up. Let me start over. MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form. 5 Is it your opinion that an officer who 5 THE WITNESS: From the perspective of the policy and the practice, I would offer an opinion if so encounters a suspect who he believes is under the 6 influence of a controlled substance who then flees into 7 asked. Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Please explain what that means. a restricted area of a casino does not have reasonable 8 suspicion to pursue that individual? What opinions would you offer, if asked? 9 A. I disagree with what Officer Lopera did in that 10 10 A. Well, going back to the very beginning, I don't 11 situation. think that Officer Lopera had a right to -- to detain 11 12 MR. McNUTT: Nonresponsive. Strike. Tashii Farmer. I don't think he had the right to take 12 13 MR. LAGOMARSINO: I'm going to -- sorry. him down to the ground the way he did. I don't think he 13 14 Before your next question, I'm going to object as an had the right to apply a chokehold to him to try and 14 15 incomplete hypothetical. take him into custody. I think all of those are outside 15 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: I'm just asking you that same 16 the bounds of what is proper for the situation. 16 17 Q. And are those use-of-force opinions, or are question. 17 18 A. Ask me again. I'm sorry. 18 those police policy and procedure? Q. So is it your opinion that a patrol officer A. They're both. You know, I -- in terms of -- of 19 19 does not have reasonable suspicion to follow someone he what is practical and what is proper in a given 20 20 situation, based on my training and experience, I think believes is under the influence of a controlled 21 21 I -- I can form opinions on that and offer them. And I 22 substance --22 23 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Same objection. think that he was totally out of bounds in terms of what 23 24 O. BY MR. McNUTT: -- and then flees into a 24 he did.

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restricted area of the casino?

Q. Are you aware that Metro had no problem with

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MR. LAGOMARSINO: Same objection.

THE WITNESS: As I said earlier, I think he has 2 the right to follow anybody in a public area that he 3 wants to -- to follow and observe perhaps to determine whether they are, in fact, under the influence of a controlled substance. In terms of -- I -- I don't believe that that situation where he went into this area beyond those plastic chains that were there, this floating area that -- that the public was restricted 9 from, I -- I don't believe there was any criminal 10 violation involved with that that Lopera had a right to 11 do. They weren't in there to enforce the -- the 12 casino's or the resort's rules, as I understand it. 13 They were there to keep the peace and deal with any --14 any criminal violations that came to their attention. 15

It's my opinion that what I've read, what I've seen in the videos, that that did not rise to that level.

- O. BY MR. McNUTT: And so one of the things that Metro would be there to enforce are laws regarding being under the influence of a controlled substance. Correct?
- A. If there was a basis for -- for feeling that, you know.
- Q. Have you ever encountered someone under the 24 influence of a controlled substance in your law

A. I don't know that he was high on meth. I -- I -- that I've been told. I don't know it to be a fact that 950 nanograms of methamphetamine is right on the line between being under the influence or not being under the influence.

- Q. Are you aware of what Metro's policy is with respect to levels of resistance in their use of force continuum?
- A. I -- I recall seeing that. As we sit here today I don't -- I know there's various levels there in 10 -- in terms of what action can be taken in terms of the 11 12 use of force.

I don't know if that's the question you're asking, but -- are you talking about the use of force continuum and their -- their policies surrounding that?

- Q. So in your report and in your supplemental report you never mentioned, really, any aspect of the fact that Tashii Farmer was utilizing methamphetamines and had an enlarged heart at the time of this incident. 19 20 Why did you fail to mention that?
- 21 A. I'm sorry. I'm not sure I understand your question. 22
- 23 Q. Do you think Tashii Farmer's enlarged heart had 24 any relation to his death?
 - I have no idea.

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- enforcement career?
 - A. I sure have.
- Q. And you were able to -- did you have a blood test on site, or did you tell it from their physical symptoms?
- A. I conducted enough of a discussion or you want to use the term investigation to be able to form an opinion that I could support. You have to be able to support an arrest or a -- a detention leading to an arrest.

I don't believe he had enough information to do that. He certainly had enough information that there was a potential medical condition there.

- O. Did he have enough information to detain Tashii 14 Farmer? 15
 - A. I don't believe so, no.
- Q. And you agree that detention is different than 17 18 arrest. Correct?
 - A. Sure. It's a level below that. Yeah, I do.
- Q. And you don't even think that Ken Lopera had 20 enough reasonable suspicion to detain Tashii Farmer for 21 further inquiry. Is that your opinion? 22
 - A. I do not.
- Q. Even though, as it turns out, Ken Lopera was 24 correct and he was absolutely high on meth?

- Q. Because you're not a medical expert and you 1 2 can't offer medical opinions?
 - A. That's correct.
- O. What about the presence of methamphetamines in 5 his system? Does that have anything to do with his 6 death?
 - A. I think it was probably a potential precursor to the excited delirium. Whether it was sufficient to contribute to his death separate from that, I -- I -- I would doubt that, but again, I'm not a medical expert.
 - Q. If Tashii Farmer wasn't on meth that night, would he have survived the encounter exactly as it occurred?

MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form, foundation. THE WITNESS: It's a possibility. Sure. You know, again, it -- it's the -- if I could finish my answer to that.

- Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Sir, there was about a 60-second blank there. No one was cutting you off.
 - A. Well, I was thinking. Okay? If you don't want the rest of it, that's fine.
 - O. I really don't.

So in your report you discount essentially, from what I can tell, everything that Ken Lopera said in his CIRT statement. Is that accurate?

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Page 125 to read it to know whether your -- your hypothetical A. I discount most of it. Yeah. 1 there is correct, if it is a hypothetical. I do not Q. And did you give credibility to anything Ken 2 believe that law enforcement has the right to force a 3 Lopera said? person to submit to medical attention if they don't want A. Did what? to submit to it or their actions indicate they don't Q. Did you give any credibility to anything Ken 5 want to submit to it. Lopera said? 6 A. Well, I think he certainly recognized that he Q. You referenced that Ken Lopera was wearing BDUs at the time of the event. did a rear naked chokehold. I think he did that. I take that as a credible statement on his part. I think A. Yes. Q. Do you recall that? a lot of the reasons that I read that he took the 10 10 11 A. Yes, I do. actions that he took on Mr. Farmer, I don't believe 1.1 Q. Do you have an understanding as to whether that hardly any of those. I think he made those up as he --12 was his choice or whether that was directed by his 13 as he was required to after -- after realizing how this 13 command? 14 14 situation ended up. A. I do know that the sergeant has the authority 15 O. Did he make up the fact that Tashii Farmer was 15 under the influence of a controlled substance? 16 to direct or to authorize the wearing of BDUs. MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form. Misstates. 17 O. So --17 THE WITNESS: I don't know whether he made that 18 A. Whether it's his personal choice or not, I 18 don't know the extent of -- of that authority. I do up or not. I don't think there was enough objective 19 20 know that there was a specific purpose behind BDUs when signs there at that point to reach that conclusion. 20 they were first introduced into police work. 21 O. BY MR. McNUTT: No. I'm talking about the 21 factual record evidence of this case. Ken Lopera said 22 Q. I'm sorry. Say that again. 22 A. I said I know there was a specific purpose days after this event, well before the toxicology report 23 23 behind BDUs becoming a -- a part of the uniform of was done, correct, that Tashii Farmer, he believed, was 24 24 25 police officers. under the influence of a controlled substance? 25 Page 128 Page 126 Q. Do you know the specific purpose why Metro MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. He did not say 1 1 introduced them into Metro's department? 2 that. A. BDUs are normally for tactical purposes. They 3 O. BY MR. McNUTT: You can answer. 3 started with SWAT teams and teams like that. I am aware A. I -- I -- I recall him discussing the fact that 4 that a lot of departments give a lot of discretion to that was one of the considerations, but he made those 5 officers to wear them. I'm also aware there's a lot of statements well after the fact when he's in a position controversy surrounding that. of having to explain or felt he had to explain his --7 I don't know beyond the sergeant level. I 8 his actions that he had taken that resulted in a death. 8 don't recall reading anything that an individual officer Q. Are you done? 9 has the free choice to decide whether to wear that or A. I think so. 10 the standard police uniform. Q. You took a really big breath, so I was making 11 Q. You say on page 11 of your report, paragraph E, 12 sure there wasn't a pause. 12 and this is a parenthetical underneath paragraph 26, 13 13 A. It was a pause. which is talking about things that you would like to or 14 MR. LAGOMARSINO: I think, Counsel, you're 14 15 need to have accessible in order to conclude your expert being kind of argumentative, a little harsh. 15 opinions. Do you see where I'm at? I actually went Q. BY MR. McNUTT: If Ken Lopera had a duty to 16 16 render assistance to Tashii Farmer because he was 17 back to page 10. 17 A. Yeah. Let me read that. suffering from excited delirium, and I'm asking a 18 18 hypothetical here, if Metro's policy is that Ken Lopera 19 Q. Paragraph 26. 19 A. Okay. I read that. What's your question? 20 should have contained Tashii Farmer because he was O. So my question is going to be, have you been suffering from excited delirium or anybody suffering 21 21 provided these materials that you identify in A, B, C, 22 from excited delirium, does that change any aspect of the subparts of paragraph 26, at this point. your answer about Ken Lopera's -- the propriety of him 23 23 A. I recall being provided some information, and following Tashii Farmer for containment purposes? 24

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A. I don't recall reading that policy. I'd have

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that's where I got the information about the -- the

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Page 131 Page 129 1 Citizen complaints on Tasers. sergeants having the authority to do it. Q. But I'm asking a more general question. 2 Most of those items in there, I would say I 2 have not received the vast majority of that. 3 A. Okay. Q. Are you waiting -- is there any opinion that Q. Are you familiar with the phrase "SOP" or "standard operating procedure"? you cannot provide in this case today because you have 5 6 A. I am. not gotten the information and you're telling your Q. And is it your understanding that partners, law 7 lawyer, "Look, I need this information to either support enforcement partners working in tandem often develop the my positions or to come to a conclusion about my way, standardized way that they interact with citizenry? 9 opinions"? 10 A. You say partners? A. Well, I think question 26 indicates that there 10 11 O. Yes. are -- is this list A through L of items of information 11 12 A. You have to define partners for me. that I would like to have to be able to render an 12 13 Q. Two people working in tandem routinely. adequate opinion. And as far as the BDUs, I recall 13 14 A. Okay. They should develop standardized receiving some information on that. As I said, that 14 procedures. They should know how each other is going to indicates the sergeant has the authority to -- to grant 15 15 16 that. I don't recall reading anything that the 16 Q. Okay. And so if you and I were partners --17 individual officer has the right to do that. 17 18 So I don't know what I wasn't provided. Okay? 18 A. Uh-huh. 19 Q. -- there would be things where you and I would Q. Sir, I'm off the BDUs. 19 20 do the same things over and over and I wouldn't have to 20 A. Okay. tell you what I'm going to do and I wouldn't have to 21 Q. I'm asking a broader question about paragraph 21 tell you in relation to my action what your reaction 22 22 26. 23 should be. Correct? 23 A. Okay. 24 A. I don't know that's totally correct. In my 24 Q. Is there any information that you've asked for experience, training and what I've seen in terms of -but have not yet received? 25 Page 132 Page 130 of policies and procedures, when partners first get A. Yes. 1 together, they usually start having discussions about, 2 Q. What? okay, in a given situation I'm going to do this and I A. Let me start with F, an unredacted version of 3 expect you're going to do that. They -- they work out a the CIRT, C-I-R-T, report. It's got tremendous working arrangement as to how they're going to do 5 redactions in it, the copy that I got. things, and they should be in a position where they're Q. Okay. going to know how each other is generally going to react A. Pages are blacked out. Q. But do you understand that that was pursuant to in any given situation. Q. So in this case, in the CIRT report, Ken Lopera 9 a court order? talked about the fact of him being cover or, excuse me, 10 A. I don't know what it was. 11 contact and Officer Lif being cover. 11 Q. Okay. 12 A. But I have to read the other ones here. Let me A. Correct. 12 13 O. You recall that? 13 read it. 14 A. I recall that. I haven't received Lopera's personnel records, 14 Q. Do you think that was inappropriate for any 15 that I know of, and his background information, any --15 16 reason for them to operate in that manner? any psychological assessments that were made. 16 17 A. If they actually operated in that manner, I I don't know that I've received all of the --17 think it would be very appropriate. I don't think they the LVMPD policies in terms of that particular 1.8 19 did. Officer Lif disagreed with the statements in that assignment they had on that team that they were on. 19 20 regard. 20 I haven't received any information, that I'm 21 O. No, no, no. I'm asking just about whether it aware of, about citizen complaints, especially as they 21 22 was inappropriate for Ken to say that's how they relate to the LVNR, the rear nakeds. I've seen some 23 operated. reports. I -- I don't -- I don't recall 24 A. If they didn't operate that way, it would be there being any specific analysis or conclusions from 2.4 25 inappropriate. 25 that.

Trinita Farmer v. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al. Thomas Parker Page 135 A. Yeah. I think most officers in a situation Q. And so who mans the radio, if you know, in a 1 like that, when one officer takes off, they would have 2 2 cover and contact situation? been right there with them. A. It depends on what each one is doing in the 3 Q. Would you agree with me that had Officer Lif situation. The -- the -- it would depend. Whoever -been with Ken Lopera and stayed with him throughout the who is closest to the radio? Who is the one that's pursuit that Officer Lopera would have had a wider range making the contact in the given situation? Who has the 6 of tools to utilize in either containing or detaining freedom to use the radio? Tashii Farmer, meaning because of the presence of his Q. Well, closest to the radio isn't really an issue anymore because they had radios on them. Correct? 9 partner? 10 A. I think a truthful answer to that would be that 10 A. That's fine. that's a possibility. He might have also had somebody Q. A little bit different than back in --11 11 there that would have said, "Ken, what the hell are you A. Yes. 12 doing here" and told him much sooner to let go. Q. -- your patrol days in Santa Clara. Right? 13 What I started to say was the way I assessed 14 A. Yes. Very different. 14 Officer Lif and Lopera in terms of their relationship, O. Did you ever question the credibility of 15 16 and a lot of it depends on the way she described him as Officer Lif's CIRT statement or her FIT statement? 16 being much a more boisterous, talking loud, more A. I saw some inconsistencies in her statements 17 17 aggressive individual, whereas she was kind of the more that -- that concerned me. 18 1.8 calm, thoughtful type. My experience has been that in a 19 O. Such as? -- in a partnership where you have two officers together 20 A. In -- in the beginning, as I recall, the 20 like that, the one that is the calmer, more logical statements she made were supportive of the actions that 21 21 thinker is usually the one that's going to prevail. I Lopera took. Later on, I don't remember whether it was 22 22 the FIT team or the CIRT team, she offered much 23 don't know that that would have worked with Officer 24 Lopera. different opinions that -- that his actions were 24 25 Q. Do you think a calmer approach than the one Ken inappropriate. That caused me concern. 25 Page 136 Page 134 Lopera identified where he was asking Tashii Farmer I think I made a statement in my report that in about show me who's chasing you and things of that making decisions in that regard you often have to look nature, what could have been more calm about that? I'm at the personalities of the individuals, you have to not talking about the pursuit. I'm talking about just look at their past examples of how they work together. the words that were expressed by Ken Lopera that he And in this case, my opinion is that Officer Lopera did interfaced with with Tashii Farmer. not accurately represent what their real working 6 A. I think those were very appropriate questions 7 relationship was. to ask. It was what he did afterwards that became Q. So I may have asked not a very good question 8 8 9 inappropriate. 9 there. Q. I don't agree with your distinction, but I Did you have any issues with the actions that 10 10 appreciate you for answering that question, making that Officer Lif did not take, such as why was she not on her 11 11 12 segregation. partner's hip, so to speak, throughout the pursuit of 12 13 A. Sure. 13

Tashii Farmer? Did you render any opinions or have any questions about that?

- A. I don't think I rendered an opinion. In my mind --
- Q. I agree you didn't render an opinion. Do you 17 have any questions about that? 18
- A. I question how she lost track of where they 19 went. I don't know the reasons for that. I think most 20 officers would have reacted differently. I know she 21
- Q. Excuse me. Than Officer Lif? You said "most 2.3 officers would have reacted differently" and I just want 25 to make sure --

- Q. Are you aware of how someone can get trespassed off private property, trespassed in a criminal sense or in a criminal situation?
- A. In a general sense. I also reviewed the -- the statute on that.
- O. NRS 207.200?
- A. I don't know what the number was. I think that was it.
- Q. 207.200. You've got part of it, I believe, in your report here on page 19.

Would you agree with me that in one instance a person can be told, with respect to private property,

talked about --

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that you are no longer welcome on this private property, hallway? 1 A. It would depend on my reasons for wanting to --2 and that's kind of one precursor to trespass under the to leave to go down that hallway. If I was in -- in 3 statute? fear of my life, if I was afraid and I wanted to get out A. It is if it comes from the appropriate person, a manager or owner or someone given that authority to -of that building, if my approach to whoever I was 5 talking to didn't go the way that I hoped it would and I 6 Q. Do you believe that an officer, a law felt some kind of threat, I -- I would have taken 7 whatever exit was the most available. enforcement officer cannot provide that warning? 8 Q. Or if you're high on meth, that would look A. I think without the other provisions of the --9 the requirements of that statute, I -- I -- in a general 10 good, too? 10 sense. I don't think an officer would just on the face 11 A. I've never been on meth, so I don't know. 11 12 Q. So page 20 of your report, under paragraph 48. of it have the authority to declare someone trespassing. 12 13 Q. Is it your opinion that Tashii Farmer had the Are you there? 13 14 A. Yes. 14 right to run down that hallway in the Venetian? 15 Q. So paragraph 48, it looks like you've attempted 15 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form as to "right." 16 to quote from the CIRT statement. MR. McNUTT: I'll let the question stand. 16 17 A. I think I did quote from it. I don't think it 17 THE WITNESS: Well, I think the thing you have 18 was an attempt. to remember, and I saw this on the video, right at the 18 19 Q. Okay. Well, not all of the italicized words beginning of that hallway that he ran down there's 19 inside quotes in your report are accurate, meaning they 20 people in the background. It's hard to delineate who 20 21 are not the complete quote. We'll presume that's maybe they are. There's a door off to the right. But there's 21 22 some sort of typo, but that's why I say I think you're a great big red lit exit sign right there. And if 22 23 attempting to quote it here. Tashii Farmer is thinking that he wants to get out of 23 24 there, he wants to leave, I would think that's probably A. Are you telling me that what I've quoted within 24 the main thing that he saw. And I think anybody could 25 the quotes there is not accurate? 25 Page 140 Page 138 Q. I'm saying that in places in your report that 1 be confused by that. I don't recall seeing any signs or reading anywhere that there was anything posted there is absolutely correct, but I'm not taking that position with respect to this one because it's not relevant to my saying that that's prohibited to do that. 3 4 auestion. The -- the temporary plastic cones and chains A. I would be -- I would be surprised with that that are there, the impression that I have from seeing that, and I've not read anything beyond this, that there because I usually take great pains when I'm going to make a quote and I put it within quotes to make sure was mopping of the floor going on. I've seen those in those situations many, many times. And the fact that that it's accurate. Tashii backed up into those obviously indicated that he 9 O. I can point those out to you -didn't know they were there, at least initially. And 10 A. Okay. 10 11 I'm not even sure that he knew they were there when he Q. -- at some point. 11 12 So you reference Ken Lopera's statement that was kind of stumbling and recovered his footing and --12 "I'm not that kind of guy, to backtrack. He's and took off running. 13 Like I said, in my opinion, based on the committing an offense." And I'm going to paraphrase 14 15 this. He's in an area he's not supposed to be, I feel evidence that I saw, that red exit sign and the fact 15 like it's my lawful duty. I wasn't going to stop that there were people behind him, the only thought --16 16 not the only thought, but I'm -- I would think that he 17 because I busted my butt. 17 18 This is right after he was talking about 18 thought that was a way out. 19 falling in that hallway on the soap, I guess. Q. BY MR. McNUTT: You think that was a reasonable 19 20 A. Uh-huh. belief on behalf of Tashii Farmer? A. Based on what I've seen and read, I -- I think 21 Q. Do you recall that? 21 22 it was reasonable for him to think that, yeah. A. Yes. 23 O. You say, "This is the best indication yet of Q. If you stumbled or ran through a yellow chain 23 Officer Lopera's state of mind and intentions in this link fence with yellow cones cordoning off a hallway, matter." And you -- and I'll drop down a couple lines. would you think it's reasonable to continue down that 25

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Page 141 unreasonable for him to expect Officer Lif to be the one You say, "No such legal basis existed in this situation, broadcasting their whereabouts on the radio? 2 and Farmer's attempts to leave the area where he encountered Officers Lopera and Lif did not violate any A. I don't know what their agreements were. According to her, they didn't have an advance agreement laws, and Lopera had no justifiable basis for his the way he described it. actions." Q. Well, according --See where I'm --6 6 A. They didn't operate that way. 7 A. I do. Q. I'm sorry. Go ahead. Are you done? 8 Q. And I skipped a few lines, but I'm trying to --8 9 A. I'm done. A. Sure. No. I'm right with you. 9 10 O. According to him in his CIRT statement, he did Q. Okay. So you say no such legal basis exists. 10 say that he was contact, she was cover, you know, when Are you saying no such legal basis at all exists to 11 he was contacting, she was on the radio. So I'm just pursue Tashii Farmer? 12 asking, I guess, two parts. We'll start with the first. 13 A. Yes. One, do you have a problem if that's the way the two Q. Okay. So even though Ken Lopera says he 1.4 14 15 operated? believed that Tashii Farmer was under the influence of a 15 A. I have a prob -- well, let me take that back. controlled substance and was trespassing, you disagree 16 16 with his statement of those two things that, in his 17 If they, in fact, operate that way and if, in 1.7 fact, there had been no disagreement between the two of 18 mind, constituted reasonable suspicion? 18 them as to what their standard operating procedure was, A. I think this is a rationalization on his part. 19 I would not have a problem with it. I don't -- I don't He stated this after the fact. He's trying to explain 20 think Officer Lopera accurately reflected what the the actions that he took. Believe me, I've been in a 21 21 22 working arrangement was. enough situations, personnel type situations, internal 23 In this particular situation it's clear he investigations, what have you, that -- and I've seen 23 ended up as the contact agent. In that case I would countless situations where officers and even FBI agents have expected that if she had a radio, she would have try to justify an inappropriate action they took and Page 144 Page 142 tried to call it in. they grasp at straws out there to try and do that. I 1 Q. So --2 think that's exactly what he was doing here. A. I would have expected her to do that. What I say in number 48 up there, what I think 3 Q. So if I'm right and that's what he said in his was an accurate quote, I've seen that attitude multiple CIRT statement, this is how we've been working --5 times in law enforcement. It's part of that braggadocious attitude. It's part of him trying to seem A. Uh-huh. 6 Q. -- if he said something like we were a 7 7 like he's a real tough guy, he's a real tough cop. And well-oiled machine with respect to contact and cover, is I think those -- as I said, I think it's -- it's a 8 it reasonable for him to expect, when he approached fantastic indication of how he approaches police work 10 Tashii Farmer, that Officer Lif would get on the radio 10 and what he was thinking that night. 11 and make whatever appropriate radio transmissions needed I don't think it's accurate. I don't think he 11 was thinking those thoughts that it's his lawful duty 12 to be made? 12 A. Let me answer that this way. If I had been in 13 13 unless he totally misunderstand his lawful duty. that situation with Officer Lopera, number one, I would 14 Q. So isn't it true that every officer, every 14 not have chased after Farmer, but, number two, if I'm arrest report ever written is an after-the-fact 15 the one leading the chase, I would have expected my 16 justification of the arrest? partner, who was in the back or behind, to try and call A. They are. Most of them are -- are accurate and 17 17 reported properly, though. It's -- to me it's unusual 18 it in. 18 Q. Are you aware that Officer Lif also did not 19 to see that kind of language where he's "I'm not that 19 kind of guy, I'm not just going to sit back." That's an 20 activate her body worn cam? 20 21 A. I'm aware of that. unusual statement. 21 Q. Are you aware that was against Metro policy? Q. Do you disagree with Officer Lopera's statement 22 22 A. I would think it would be. I -- I don't recall that he -- well, do you think it was reasonable for 23 23 that specifically. Officer Lopera, based on his discussion about what his 24 25 Q. Isn't it true that you've rendered other SOP with Officer Lif was, do you think it was

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opinions where you've criticized officers' integrity when they don't activate their body worn cam?

A. I have done that, and I would if there's a reason for it. I know in my -- my Police Commissioner job here we've dealt with a number of problems where officers will activate or they turn it off in a given situation. I think that's wrong.

I question why she didn't turn it on. She was relatively new, but she had been on the street for a while. She -- she knew what those cameras were for and, I presume, in what situation they should be used in. So 12 I -- I -- I have some concern on that, yes.

- Q. And haven't you previously taken the position 14 that officers that diligently turn on their body worn cam have nothing to hide, these are --
 - A. That's the general rule. Yeah. General practice.
 - Q. So let's go to page 22, paragraph 53. This is where you're summarizing, in your words, the Venetian security guard officer. And his last name is Guy, G-u-y.
- A. Can I take a minute and read this so I can pay 22 attention to your question? 23
- 24 Q. Yes. It's paragraph 53.
 - A. 53.

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Yes. I recall that.

- Q. Okay. So this is where you recite that Officer Guy changed his testimony that he gave.
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Okay. And yet what he changed his testimony to -- first off, as an investigator with your experience, when someone starts changing their story admittedly, how much credibility do you give to any part of their story?
- A. Well, I -- I don't know that you can attach credibility when that happens. You have to ask more questions. You have to make more observations or determine why did they change their story, what's the reason for it.

In this particular case, based what I've read, and that's -- that's all I've had access to here in addition to having seen on the video exactly what happened, I think the security officer, who are not trained as adequately as police officers are, I think he was trying to be supportive of Officer Lopera. I don't know the form of the question that he was asked that led to that answer, but I -- my impression in reading that was he was trying to be supportive of Lopera's story but then was either confronted with or realized that he was treading the wrong path there and he better tell the truth. And that's what he did.

- Q. Do you believe he was supporting Lopera because 1 2 he knew Lopera and was friends with him or just --
- A. I have no idea. There's -- a lot of these security officers are want-to-be cops, but they -- for one reason or another they couldn't make it or they
- decided to go this route first. I don't know whether he knew Lopera. I don't know whether he had any other
- reason. But looking at what he had to say and the fact that it matched Lopera's story when it was not true, my assumption was, based on that and based on my
- experience, was that he decided he better tell the 12 truth.
 - Q. Is it also possible that people have different recollections based upon their direct perception, direct visual perception of things versus when they have more evidence available to make an opinion and that would be an instance where them changing their story was not -would not knock their credibility?
- A. Sure. That's what happens. And that's 19 obviously one of the big concerns about eyewitness testimony, is how unreliable it can be. I don't know what his reason was for changing his story. I can only reach an assumption based on what I've read and past 23 24 experience.
 - O. So based on his physical positioning, he had

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one perception of the events as they were occurring versus the stationary camera outside the Venetian has a different angle of perspective on the events as they 4 were occurring. Correct?

- A. I don't know where he was positioned.
- Q. But he wasn't positioned behind the camera outside the Venetian is what I'm saying.
 - A. I -- I don't know that.
- Q. But suffice it to say that we agree, I think, correct me if I'm wrong, that depending on where people are positioned, they can have a different perception of the exact same events. Correct? 12
 - A. They can have, yes.
- Q. Based on their physical positioning 14 15 differences?
 - A. That's true. But also, if one of those people changes their story, there's usually a reason that they've changed their story, and we don't know what that was here.
 - Q. It may be because he's a liar or it may be because he got new information?
 - A. Could be either one of those.
- Q. But without you knowing what that reason was, 23 you unilaterally gave him credibility and say that his changed testimony refutes Lopera's assertions. Why is 25

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Page 149 asked for that -- that question that caused him to give 1 that? that initial supportive answer. But when he was 2 A. I'm sorry. Say that again. interviewed by CIRT, he obviously changed it. Q. Well, you don't know why he changed his testimony. You just said that. You don't know the Q. Isn't it true that you discount his changed testimony because you want to mount up all the reasons? information against Ken Lopera because you give Ken 6 A. I have a presumption as to why he changed. Lopera no credibility? Correct? Q. Oh. What's the presumption? A. That he was either confronted with the fact 8 A. I -- well, after going through this -- let me 8 that it was wrong or that he received additional back up. 9 10 I don't care who has the credibility in a case. information that he was wrong and changed his story. 10 I want people to tell the truth. And I look for the 11 11 Q. Well, those are just possibilities. That's not 12 truth and I think I've got a lot of experience to back 12 a presumption. 13 me up on being able to see the truth in most cases. A. They're -- they're all possibilities. I don't 13 14 There's a reason that he told it the way he did 14 know. when it wasn't accurate. I don't know what that reason 15 O. Right. So you don't know if he's a liar or not 15 was. There's a reason that he told the truth when later or whether he got additional information. That's what 16 16 17 on he was interviewed by CIRT and what caused him to I'm asking. 17 18 change that story. Based on that and based on the fact A. I think what I said was what he started out 18 with was not true and my presumption from knowing and that his first story was definitely not true and was 19 19 having dealt with a lot of security officers over the somewhat supportive of the story that Lopera told, I --20 I -- there was a reason for that. I presume somebody 21 years, that he was trying to be supportive of Lopera but 21 then found out -- he either found out that he was wrong told him what he should say. I can't prove that, but 22 again, I've had a ton of people lie to me over the years or was confronted with the fact that he was not telling 23 24 in -- in situations like this. the truth and changed his story. I don't know. That 24 25 was an assumption. Q. Let's go to page 23 where you are talking about 25 Page 152 Page 150 LVMPD policies regarding ECDs or Tasers. O. And so, as you said, on the one hand he could 1 be a liar or on the other hand he could have gotten A. Is that in A? 2 3 Q. Yes. additional information. 3 Could be either one of those. A. Okay. Q. And you don't know which it is? Q. Now, if I say ECD or Taser, you understand what 5 6 I'm --6 A. I don't. 7 O. Okay. Yet without knowing that, you give his A. I know. Sure. Q. Okay. You say the use of a Taser, per Metro 8 changed testimony priority over Ken Lopera's CIRT policy, is not approved for use against the subject when 9 statement. Why? 10 the sole reason for the firing of the Taser is that the A. There's a number of reasons for that. Number 10 11 subject is fleeing. Correct? one, the guy that was driving the truck refuted his 11 A. That's a policy in most police departments. 12 initial story, Pierce. 12 Number two, the videos refuted the story. And 13 It's also a policy put out by the IACP. 13 Q. But just real simple, that's Metro's policy? 14 I don't know what -- this doesn't say at what point he 14 changed his story. It does say that in his interview 15 A. You don't use it to stop a fleeing person. 15 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Can we take a break? 16 with CIRT he changed his story. So maybe the first part 16 MR. McNUTT: Sure. Let me just get through about him running up to the truck, we don't know who he 17 17 gave that statement to. But obviously, by the time he 18 this section. 18 MR. LAGOMARSINO: No problem. was interviewed by CIRT, which I presume was later that 19 19 MR. McNUTT: Unless it's like an emergency. 20 20 morning because most of those were --MR. LAGOMARSINO: No. It's not an emergency. Q. Actually, you identified who he gave that 21 21 22 MR. McNUTT: I would honor that. statement to. He gave it to the FIT investigators that 22 Q. So that's Metro's policy and most policies. 23 23 night. 24 Correct? That's what you testified to? A. Okay. True. I -- I missed that.

A. It's one of -- I quoted the Metro policy

So, again, my answer is I don't know how he was

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Page 153 position was at this moment when he used the Taser. section here, so I presume that's accurate. And it is 2 So before Ken Lopera used the Taser, he my experience that's the policy with most police believed that Tashii Farmer had committed a crime, departments. however minor, of trespass, he believed that Tashii Q. So similarly, shooting a suspect is not justified when the sole reason is the suspect is Farmer was under the influence of a controlled substance and he believed that Tashii Farmer was about to commit a 6 fleeing? 7 cariacking. Correct? A. That's correct. 8 A. I don't know what Lopera believed. 8 Q. Okay. So --Q. Well, based on his CIRT statement, which you A. Well, let me qualify that. Based on the 9 9 have, that's what he said he believed at this point. 10 10 circumstances that existed at the time that he used it, 11 Correct? number one, it violated policy. It didn't create an 11 12 A. That's what he said. exception to that policy. There was no indication that 12 Q. I understand you disagree with it. I'm just ---- that Tashii had just committed a felony or was about 13 13 14 to commit a felony that perhaps would have justified 14 Q. It's real hard if we have to --15 shooting an escaped felon, and the laws have changed 15 16 A. It's what he said. Well, it's how you ask the considerably on that where that's -- that's not allowed 17 question. 17 in -- in many places now. Q. No. I'm just asking you if that's what he 18 18 Q. You mean since you shot at your suspect 19 factually said in his CIRT statement. I'm not asking 19 fleeing? 20 you to agree with it. A. Yeah. The law was a lot different back then. 20 Q. Was the 14th Amendment different back then? 21 A. I don't know what he believed. 21 A. I don't think so, but the interpretation of it 22 O. No. I'm asking you what he said. 2.2 23 A. That's what he said. was a lot different. The authority that police had in 23 24 Q. In his CIRT statement? 24 terms of shooting incidents was a hell of a lot 2.5 A. Correct. 25 different than what it is today. Page 154 Page 156 O. Okay. So taking the officer at face value, if 1 Q. So if you would have shot at someone in the we did that, I'm not asking you to do that, then he back -- good thing you didn't connect. Right? 2 would be authorized to utilize his Taser in that 3 A. It was a justified shooting. I got in no -- in no trouble or no question over that at the time. circumstance. Correct? 4 Q. So if your bullet -- if you would have been a A. I would say it's much closer to being within 5 6 policy if it was a carjacking situation under way. better shot and you would have shot the gentleman in the Yeah. back and he would have died, you would have gotten in no 7 8 Q. Are you aware that the driver of the white 8 trouble over that? Toyota pickup --9 A. That's correct. Q. But today would you get in trouble over that? 10 A. Mr. Pierce. 10 Q. -- Jonathan Pierce, the suspect -- or that 11 11 would have been the subject of the carjacking, are you Q. So under Metro Taser policy, is it authorized 12 to utilize a Taser if the officer believes a carjacking aware that he locked his doors out of, quote, fear? 13 A. I'm aware that he did. He had a female is occurring? 14 15 passenger with him, and I think he said that -- that 15 A. Has occurred, or is occurring? that was his concern. He wasn't sure. But at that 16 Q. Is occurring. 17 point and as the videos gave evidence of, it was out of A. Again, it would depend on the circumstances. 17 It would certainly be much more in the realm of being 1.8 being super cautious. 18 19 Q. So isn't it true that when the driver of the justified. Again, I'd have to go back and read the 19 vehicle corroborate -- when he says "I locked my doors 20 policies and what the training was. I mentioned the 21 out of fear" and we're talking about a potential lesson plan there. But, I mean, here I'm addressing the 21 carjacking, does that corroborate Ken Lopera's -- I'm 22 -- the fact of a fleeing person. You know, a person in not saying 100 percent corroborate or justify, but the midst committing a felony is a little bit different. 23 23

doesn't that lean towards corroborating Ken Lopera's

24

25

Q. So I know you disagree with it, but the

question I'm about to ask is just what Ken Lopera's

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	Page 157		Page 159
1	A. Not necessarily. It corroborates what Pierce	1	A. That's correct.
2	was thinking at the time. I don't know that he used the	2	Q. Correct?
3	word "fear."	3	A. Well, that's part of it. Yeah.
4	Q. He did use the word "fear"	4	Q. Well, what else is there that supports this
5	A. Okay.	5	position? The hand on head specifically.
6	Q in the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police	6	A. That's my understanding based on not only my
7	Department FIT statement given that night	7	experience but what I've read, that that is the
8	A. Okay.	8	difference between the rear naked and the LVNR.
9	Q over the phone.	9	Q. Okay. But you don't have experience in the
10	A. But he also stated that he didn't think that	10	LVNR. Just what you read. Correct? You don't have
11	that Tashii was trying to get into his car.	11	personal physical training experience?
12	Q. So don't you find those two statements slightly	12	A. I remember back in my judo days that we were
13	in conflict?	13	taught you don't ask I see you're rolling your
14	A. No. I mean, his first-blush reaction, and	14	eyes there, so to speak. You don't ask me questions
15	we've all done that I've been in situations where I	15	that I
16	was suspicious of somebody approaching the car and if my	16	Q. I'm reaching over for water.
17	wife was with me, I'd lock the doors. I I don't see	17	A. But you rolled your eyes, too. I'm trying
18	anything suspicious in it. And as the situation	18	you don't ask me a yes or no question that can be given
19	unfolded, it's pretty clear that from what he stated	19	without an explanation of what my experience is.
20	that he didn't realize that Tashii was not trying to	20	The choke positions that I recall back from my
21	carjack him or get into his car. And the video supports	21	judo days and my college days a long, long time ago was
22	that.	22	those are the different options in applying the the
23	Q. You reference that the hand-on I'm looking	23	neck restraint. Okay?
24	at page 26 now. You say, "The hand-on-head position"	24	Q. Okay.
25	A. What paragraph are you on?	25	A. And those were fortified by what I've read
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1		1	Page 160
	Page 158	1 2	Page 160 lately.
1	Page 158 Q. Very first line.		Page 160 lately. Q. So Metro's subject matter expert is a
1 2	Page 158 Q. Very first line. MR. LAGOMARSINO: A good time for a break, or	2	Page 160 lately. Q. So Metro's subject matter expert is a third-degree Brazilian jiu jitsu black belt. Did you
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Tho		er v	. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al.
	Page 161		Page 163
1	it's almost identical to judo when it comes to these	1	Q. In fact, I've never taken one Brazilian jiu
2	types of things.		jitsu course in my life, but if I went, on day one I'd
3	Q. Okay. With the exception that two experts in	3	be a white belt. Correct?
4	Brazilian jiu jitsu judo who say	4	A. That's my understanding, yes.
5	A. I don't know who those two experts are and I	5	Q. So what source did you reference to write this
6	don't know what they say.	6	synopsis?
7	Q. I just told you.	7	A. Well, as as I just said, I think the the
8	A. Weil	8	book that's listed there was the the primary source.
9	MR. McNUTT: Let's take a break, Andre.	9	I I had a couple of old books that go back many, many
10	(A recess was taken from 12:40 P.M. to 12:51	10	years that I looked at that again, this is all
11	P.M.)	11	paraphrased.
12	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Mr. Parker	12	Q. Well, I don't think there's any book referenced
13	A. Yes.	13	here. That's why I'm asking you. There's books
14	Q we are back on the record and you're still	14	written
15	under oath. Do you understand that?	15	A. I might have I might have seen it online,
16	A. I'm ready.	16	then. But this was not knowledge that I independently
17	Q. I think we left off on page 26.	17	had at the time I wrote this based on my past past
18	A. Uh-huh.	18	history with Kodakan judo.
19	Q. Are you still there?	19	Q. Okay. And sitting here today, you don't recall
20	A. Uh-huh.	20	where you got it from?
21	Q. So under the paragraph you have some	21	A. The fact that book is listed, I would say that
22	subparentheticals here. Not parentheticals, but	22	was a primary source of of the information.
23	subparagraphs A through F. Do you see where I'm at?	23	Q. And you mean the book that was listed in your
24	A. They actually continue over the	24	list of documents and
25	Q. That's right. They continue on to page 27,	25	A. Correct.
	Page 162		Page 164
1	paragraph F.	1	Q materials reviewed?
2	A. Yes.	2	A. Correct.
3	Q. This purports to be what you say, "I'm	3	Q. Okay. But you agree with me that you don't do
4	providing the following brief synopsis of how one	4	a citation anywhere in here on page 26 or 27. Correct?
5	applies this specific chokehold," being a rear naked	5	A. Well, I'd have to go back and look at that book
6	choke. Correct?	6	and compare it, but I do recall doing some research
7		7	online, looking at it. I recall seeing some videos
8	Q. And my question to you is what is the source of	8	online that that discussed it.
9		9	Q. You reference several times that Officer
10	100	10	Lopera, quote, hooked, or some derivative of that word,
11	1 16 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11	used hooks and he hooked his legs around Tashii Farmer.
12	and the state of t	12	Do you recall that?
13		13	A. Yeah. He had his legs wrapped around Tashii
14	1.00	14	Farmer. I saw that.
15	the proof of the state of the s	15	Q. Well, top of page 28, "He was able, however, to
16	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	16	hook his legs around Farmer's lower body." First
17		17	sentence.
18	1 1 6 1 1 1 1	18	A. Yeah. I mean, that that's just the term. I
19		19	could have said he wrapped his legs around.
20		20	
2	the state of the s	21	
22		22	
2:		23	Q. My question to you is, are you providing any
2		24	
		- 1	1 -
2		25	

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	Page 165		Page 167
1	A. No.	1	THE WITNESS: I'm not aware that that's an
2	Q. So that was just you were trying to	- 1	incorrect statement, either.
3	factually state what Officer Lopera did without opining	3	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: You mentioned that you in your
4	whether it was correct or not?		training back in judo, you said you didn't exactly
5	A. What I observed. I'm also aware, again from my	5	say this, but it was implied, and I want to clarify.
6	old days, I don't remember if I I did I think I	6	Were you ever rendered unconscious while training with a
7	did see this in the book or one of the the resources,	7	chokehold?
8	there are various leg holds that you can use. In	8	A. Yes. We were in the very beginning of the
9	addition to the throws that are done in judo, there's	9	instruction at San Jose State and and with the team
10	also a whole part of the sport that is mat work. And	10	when we got to the point of starting to learn what some
11	there are leg holds that are that are that are	11	of these chokeholds were, which basically is is mat
12	taught in that.	12	work, Coach Yoshida wanted each of us to know exactly
13	Q. Are you aware of whether the lateral vascular	13	what it felt like, so we had to sign a consent form and
14	neck restraint as taught by Metro teaches an officer to	14	go through that and and, you know, experience going
15	use their legs in when deploying the LVNR, or not?	15	out, you know.
16	A. I don't know that, no. I I don't see a	16	Q. Did anybody this may sound gratuitous. It's
17	connection to it other than, you know, in the way it	17	not.
18	happened here. I mean, it I'm not saying that it was	18	A. Uh-huh.
19	inappropriate for him to put his legs around Farmer when	19	Q. It's come up several places in dealing with
20	he's down on the ground, but I don't know that it has	20	this topic of going unconscious. Did anybody, including
21	any connection to the to the neck restraint.	21	you, during that training urinate themselves when they
22	Q. Okay. Page 28, just the line above paragraph	22	went unconscious?
23	69 where it starts, the last sentence says, "The	23	A. I know I didn't. I don't remember that
24	ultimate death of Farmer by a choke-induced asphyxiation	24	happening to anybody else.
25	as reported in the Farmer autopsy report." Do you see	25	Q. Okay. Like I said, it's come up
		1-	D 160
	Page 166		Page 168
1	that?	1	A. Sure.
1 2		1 2	_
	that? A. I see that.	1	A. Sure.
2	that? A. I see that. Q. You were not in any way disagreeing with the	2	A. Sure. Q in some other context.
2	that? A. I see that.	2 3	A. Sure. Q in some other context. So do you recall the interaction between Ken
2 3 4	that? A. I see that. Q. You were not in any way disagreeing with the statements made by the coroner regarding the cause of death. Correct?	2 3 4	A. Sure. Q in some other context. So do you recall the interaction between Ken and Sergeant Crumrine with respect to the discussion Ken
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Trinita Farmer v. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al.

Page 169 whatever you cite, if the choke is broken, meaning that Q. Okay. Are you aware that when someone is being the carotid arteries can cease to be compressed? rendered unconscious, whether it's in training or from this type of neck restraint, either rear naked choke or A. I know that if they have not gone beyond the 3 point of life and are dying or have died, that it lateral vascular neck restraint -- granted, I'm not generally means the blood has no longer got to the brain arguing that point on this question. Are you aware that and you got -- you got death. sometimes their body will tense so that the person I'm coming back to the question here, though, applying the choke or, excuse me, the neck restraint if I understand it correctly, is in this particular will believe that they're continuing to resist? Is that situation I think the fact that Tashii -- his body was any part of your knowledge base? limp when Lopera finally pulled away from him. They A. I know that a body can go tense before dying. 10 tried to sit him up as he went limp. I think he felt It's -- it's kind of a resistance-type move. Whether 11 that or he should have felt that. 12 it's normal in a situation like this, I have not 13 Q. So I don't agree with you about the limp, but experienced it. I've not heard of it. 13 Q. But, again, you're not an expert in martial whether I agree or disagree, when are you saying his 14 body went limp? I understand, I think from the video, I arts. Correct? 15 can think of a time when they tried to sit him up. That A. I am not. Not at all. 16 was well after Ken Lopera rolled away from him and they Q. Doesn't that indicate to you that Ken Lopera 17 17 were looking to do the sternal rubs and things like 18 did have situational awareness inasmuch as he was 18 that. Right? Is that what you're talking about? 19 19 repeatedly verbalizing to his partner, or in this case A. I wouldn't say it was well after. I mean, Tran 20 his sergeant, trying to understand exactly what Tashii 20 and Flores were really the ones trying to sit him up, as 21 Farmer's status was? 21 I recall, Tran especially, and his body was lump. He 22 A. I think it's just the opposite of that. I 22 23 kept falling over. His head was down. think it indicates that he did not know what condition Tashii Farmer was in, you know. The normal situation, 24 Q. Well, the time stamps on the videos will say 24 25 how long that was after, or not. when somebody goes unconscious they go limp. 25 Page 172 Page 170 1 A. Yeah. 1 Q. And I --O. Do you have any evidence that Tashii Farmer was A. That's my experience. 2 limp at any point when Ken was in physical contact with 3 3 Q. I'm sorry. Go ahead. 4 him? 4 A. That's it. A. Well, I think there's -- there's periods of Q. I would agree with you that that's why he was 5 5 time that you can see in the video that he is still asking that question. My question was apparently not very good. But I agree with you that he doesn't know offering some resistance or trying to get out from under 7 the position that he's in, and there's a period of time the status of Tashii Farmer and that's why he's asking 8 when that stops. He's still on the ground. Lopera is 9 Sergeant Crumrine. 10 -- is either on top of him or he's got him in that 10 A. Correct. chokehold or he's got his legs wrapped around him, so 11 11 O. Okay. Would that indicate to you that he still feels some sort of resistance and that's why he doesn't 12 it's hard to tell whether his body was totally limp or 12 13 not. 13 know the status of Tashii Farmer? What I'm saying is after Lopera rolled off of A. I don't think it indicates that. I mean, he 14 14 him, he certainly appeared to be limp, and that was --15 obviously -- as I said, he -- he did not have that seemed to be validated when Tran tried to sit him situational awareness or he wouldn't have asked the 16 16 17 17 The other thing is that he -- he would -- he 18 O. On a scale of 1 to 10, 10 being credible --18 had to have been aware to some extent that he had had 19 A. Uh-huh. 19 Q. -- 1 being not credible, where do you put that chokehold in place for more than the recommended 20 20 Sergeant Crumrine's testimony? seven, eight, nine, ten seconds. And I'm not sure that 21 22 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form. he had that awareness, that -- that he should have had 22 23 THE WITNESS: What aspect of it? 23 it. 24 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Well, the part he said that he Q. Are you aware of the fact that any choke will

perceived when he told Ken to loosen up, Ken did loosen

25 not work within the four to seven or eight seconds,

	Page 173		Page 175
1	up.	1	credibility. He has no reason to say otherwise. Why
2	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form as to the scale.	2	why would he say that he could see it and what he saw if
3	THE WITNESS: I don't know whether it's true or	3	that wasn't true?
4	not. I have no no basis for that. It does not	4	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: So at the first moment that Ken
5	appear to me, from what I saw on the video, that that	5	attempted to put a neck restraint on Tashii Farmer, do
6	Lopera had loosened up. Again, the video is from a	6	you know how far away Jonathan Pierce was?
7	little bit of a distance, not right there.	7	A. I have no idea. If he saw it in his rear-view
8	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Do you know how far away that	8	mirror, he was obviously close enough to see it.
9	camera was?	9	Q. He was 30 yards away.
10	A. It looked like it was probably had a	10	A. Okay.
11	telephoto lens on it, which I think they do. They can	11	Q. Expert testimony in this case, Jamie Borden
12	zoom in and out. I I don't know how far away it was.	12	testified he went down there and measured it. So he was
13	I would say during most of the time that I was watching	13	30 yards away and the camera was over 50 yards away.
14	it, it was probably at a distance of 75, 80, maybe 90	14	Does that change your opinion about what can be
15	feet. Something like that. It was it was a fair	15	A. No.
16	distance.	16	Q reasonably observed?
17	Q. Do you know how far away Jonathan Pierce was	17	A. No.
18	when Ken Lopera first employed the lateral vascular neck	18	Q. You think Jonathan Pierce is a great, credible
19	restraint on Tashii Farmer?	19	witness?
20	A. I don't know where he was when he applied that.	20	A. He seems like he is.
21	Q. Well, when you looked at the video, do you	21	Q. Okay. And what do you think about Sergeant
22	recall seeing his white pickup drive	22	Crumrine, who was face to face with Tashii Farmer and
23	A. I do recall seeing I wasn't paying a lot of	23	Ken Lopera at the scene and he said that when he said
24	attention to the pickup beyond the point that Tashii	24	"Loosen up, Ken," he perceived that Ken Lopera did?
25	walked around the back of it and then kind of went off	25	A. I have no idea of his credibility on that. It
	D 174	+	Page 176
	Page 174		rage 170
1	in the other direction there.	1	it did not appear unless it was just a a very
1 2		1 2	
	in the other direction there.		it did not appear unless it was just a a very
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Tho		er v	. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al.
	Page 177		Page 179
1	Q. No. I'm asking what Ken's Taser did.	1	police officer if he was in his class A uniform.
2	A. I don't know. I remember from the the	2	Q. Are you providing an expert opinion that Tashii
3	the chart that I saw that each of the the	3	Farmer did not recognize the officers as being police
4	triggerings, I think, were about five seconds, if I'm	4	officers?
5	not mistaken. Five to seven seconds, somewhere in	5	A. I don't have an expert opinion on that. I
6	there. And then there was about a six-second gap before	6	don't have any expertise in that, but I I do know
7	he pulled the the trigger again.	7	that there is a very strong likelihood that he perhaps
8	Q. And do you know whether that's how the Taser	8	did not recognize them as police officers.
9	was designed, or that Ken actually physically held it	9	Q. What's the strong likelihood that he did not
10	for five seconds and then released the trigger?	10	identify officers in a casino wearing guns and then have
11	A. I don't know.	11	badges that say Las Vegas Metropolitan Police
12	Q. Because you're not an expert in Tasers?	12	Department? What's your justification for that?
13	A. I'm not an expert on Tasers.	13	A. You really extended
14	Q. And don't intend to offer any expert opinions	14	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Well, hold on.
15	on Tasers?	15	THE WITNESS: that question.
16	A. Nothing other than what I've talked about here	16	MR. LAGOMARSINO: You're saying badge. I think
17	today.	17	you should define badge.
18	Q. Other than whether it was appropriate to use	18	MR. McNUTT: A police badge.
19	the Taser?	19	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Like a metal badge or sewn
20	A. And and what what the analysis of the use	20	into the uniform?
21	of a Taser as reflected in the reports show.	21	MR. McNUTT: Doesn't matter to me.
22	Q. What uniform do you think officers should wear?	22	THE WITNESS: Most BDUs, they don't wear the
23	A. In what situation?	23	the metal badge or the cloth patch. They have an
24	Q. Any situation. Patrol officers in Las Vegas on	24	employer badge on there. I don't know what they had in
25	the Strip.	25	this case.
	Page 178		Page 180
1	A. I think whatever uniform they wear should be	1	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Do you think that's a material
2	one that the public can readily identify them as a law	2	distinction?
3	enforcement officer.	3	A. I think the uniform is a material distinction.
4	I know we have rules here in Santa Barbara that	4	Q. No. I'm saying are you really making the point
5	the standard black, dark blue uniform is what the	5	to me that a suspect sees an embroidered badge versus a
6	officers are required to wear. In the summertime	6	metal badge and they are going to have questions as to
7	they're allowed to wear like a golf shirt or a a	7	whether that's an officer or not?
8	Polo-type shirt that still has the badge replica and	8	A. I think the metal badge carries a lot more
9		1 "	
	whatever on it. But we don't have a policy that they	9	recognition and a lot more authority than a cloth badge
10	can just at their discretion or even at a sergeant's		recognition and a lot more authority than a cloth badge does, and that's why they are what they are.
10	can just at their discretion or even at a sergeant's discretion can okay them wearing the the BDUs. They	9	recognition and a lot more authority than a cloth badge does, and that's why they are what they are. MR. McNUTT: Andre I'm sorry. Let's go off
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Thomas	Parker

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	Page 181		Page 183
1	AFTERNOON SESSION	1	A. Okay.
2	2:06 P.M.	2	Q. So unless you feel you need to read it.
3		3	A. Well, let me just take a quick look at it. It
4	THOMAS PARKER	4	looks like there's one section here that's ED related.
5	Having been previously sworn, was examined and	5	What is DSD?
6	testified further as follows:	6	Q. You'll have to ask Metro.
7		7	So my question
8	EXAMINATION (continued)	8	A. Okay.
9	BY MR. McNUTT:	9	Q is pertaining to, in the middle of page
10	Q. Mr. Parker, you're still under oath. Ready to	10	0073, Responding Patrol Officer(s) Will.
11	continue?	11	A. Uh-huh.
12	A. Yes.	12	Q. This is Metro's policy for patrol officers
13	Q. Any reason we cannot continue	13	dealing with excited delirium. You agree with me?
14	A. No.	14	A. Uh-huh.
15	Q and finish your testimony or your deposition	15	Q. Okay. And they say assess situation and confer
16	today?	16	with other on-site responders. And that's under
17	(Defendant's Exhibit 8 was marked for	17	enumerated 5.
18	identification.)	18	A. I see that. Yes.
19	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Mr. Parker, take a minute and	19	Q. Number 6, "If excited delirium is suspected,
20	look at that document.	20	request medical personnel."
21	While you're looking, my first question is	21	Number 7, "Establish containment of the area."
22	going to be have you seen this document before.	22	See that?
23	A. I don't specifically remember it. If it if	23	A. I see it.
24	it was on the list, it was one that I had, I I did	24	Q. And number 8, "Formulate a custody plan prior
25	see it.	25	to making physical contact with the subject. The object
	5 100	 	
	Page 182		Page 184
1	Page 182 Q. I will represent, but you're welcome to verify.	1	
1 2	_	1 2	of the plan is to deescalate the situation, calm the
	Q. I will represent, but you're welcome to verify.		of the plan is to deescalate the situation, calm the individual and gain control of the person. This can
2	Q. I will represent, but you're welcome to verify. In my best Doveryai no proveryai, you are free to trust	2	of the plan is to deescalate the situation, calm the individual and gain control of the person. This can
2	Q. I will represent, but you're welcome to verify. In my best Doveryai no proveryai, you are free to trust but verify	3	of the plan is to deescalate the situation, calm the individual and gain control of the person. This can include verbal communication, response of CIT trained officers or other levels of the force continuum as are
2 3 4	 Q. I will represent, but you're welcome to verify. In my best Doveryai no proveryai, you are free to trust but verify A. Yes. Q you could look at your list, but I'll 	3 4	of the plan is to deescalate the situation, calm the individual and gain control of the person. This can include verbal communication, response of CIT trained officers or other levels of the force continuum as are reasonable to the situation."
2 3 4 5 6	Q. I will represent, but you're welcome to verify. In my best Doveryai no proveryai, you are free to trust but verify A. Yes. Q you could look at your list, but I'll represent to you that you did identify this.	3 4 5	of the plan is to deescalate the situation, calm the individual and gain control of the person. This can include verbal communication, response of CIT trained officers or other levels of the force continuum as are reasonable to the situation." See that?
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Page 187 Page 185 disagree with this policy as it's written. reviewed I presume for purposes of identifying what the 2 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Which part of the policy? policy was. A. After looking at it, I do recall reading this 3 The entire policy? 3 MR. McNUTT: On the force continuum. 4 4 now. Q. That it's appropriate to use any level of force Q. Okay. So my next question -- we know that 5 5 on the force continuum when dealing with suspects that's what the policy is. My next question is do you 6 believed to be suffering from excited delirium. agree with that policy directive that Metro is giving A. Well, I would say the first two levels on the their patrol officers. force continuum would be appropriate in any of these MR. LAGOMARSINO: The containment? 9 things, and that's the physical presence or the verbal MR. McNUTT: Yeah. 10 -- the verbal aspect of it. 11 THE WITNESS: I -- I can agree with -- if this 11 12 In terms of -- of escalating that up the -- up is their policy, it -- it makes sense. You know, and 12 the continuum, I would disagree with it if that's what 13 it's kind of along the lines of what I testified to 13 it's telling them to do. But again, that's dependent on previously, what his actions should have been. You 14 15 the circumstances. know, he -- he certainly could have followed the 15 O. Okay. So let's go down to 10. "Once 16 16 subject. Assess the situation, request medical 17 sufficient officers are present and it has been 17 personnel. He didn't do any of those. determined that physical force is necessary, the custody 18 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Well, he did follow the 18 plan must be executed quickly to prevent the escalation subject. He did give verbal commands to the subject. 19 19 of the excited physical state of the person and an So we get to number 8, and you would agree with me that 20 21 increase in distress." 7 and 8 are not mutually exclusive. This is a variety 21 And then go to 11, "Consider options available 22 of steps that Metro is telling its officers to perform. 2.2 to help calm the individual. Such options include but 23 Correct? are not limited to: Using two sets of handcuffs to 24 A. Yes. It is. avoid discomfort; assisting subject in sitting upright Q. Okay. And so number 8 is to formulate the 25 Page 188 Page 186 or laying on side to facilitate breathing; calming the custody plan, to -- and now I'm saying this is to take 1 subject verbally." the person they suspect is suffering from excited So when you read that they can utilize two sets 3 delirium into custody. of handcuffs to avoid discomfort, would you understand A. Well, that's generally what the term "custody" that they, at a minimum, have taken that person into means. You know, when they're talking about deescalating the situation and whatever that -- that custody? A. Well, it's -- I -- I would agree that it normally is not a -- a custody situation. You talk about custody versus detention versus consentual certainly indicates that a -- that a detention is necessary. You know, I'm presuming here in this case whatever. I -- I don't know what they meant by that that the handcuffs that were on there -- were being put 10 word there. It certainly doesn't say -- it says on the person would be more to keep the individual from formulate a custody plan. 11 Q. So the last sentence of 8 says, "This can harming himself or harming other individuals. I mean, a 12 lot of times in those early stages they're thrashing include verbal communication, response of CIT trained 13 about or, you know, jerky type reactions. But I would officers or other levels of the force continuum as are 14 interpret it more in that sense than it is in terms of 15 15 reasonable to the situation." 16 an arrest as -- as an arrest of a person who has 16 Do you see where I'm reading? 17 committed a crime. 17 A. I do see that. O. Have you in the course of your law enforcement Q. Okay. So do you agree with me, you can argue 18 18 career or as an expert ever viewed training films for the policy, but do you agree with me that the policy is 19 20 excited delirium? that Metro is telling its officers that they can, in 20 fact, use reasonable levels of the force continuum to 21 A. I've seen one. 21 Q. In which context? As a law enforcement 22 deal with people suspected of excited delirium? 22 23 A. Yes. That's what it is. But now, there are officer, or as an expert? 23 24 A. No. It would be in the expert category. various levels on that force continuum, too. 25 Several years ago. Q. Of course. My question for you is, do you

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Page 189 THE WITNESS: -- 3, maybe 4 stage. Somewhere Q. Do you recall the length of the video, who made 1 -- he's in the early stages of -- of it. 2 the video, et cetera? 3 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Okay. And you would agree with A. Just vaguely, I think it was somewhere in the me that -- maybe I asked this, so if I did, just please 4 range of 40 minutes to an hour, maximum. indulge me. But you would agree with me that Metro Q. There has been testimony in this case that one policy does allow for the use of force to deal with of the videos that is shown in Metro's academy on excited delirium has videos of people that they claim to individuals suspected of suffering from excited delirium? -- you know, the video says they're suffering from 9 A. It -- it allows them to use some degree of excited delirium and they are taking their clothes off 10 force as depicted on the force continuum. I would agree apparently because they're either --10 with that. 11 A. Overheated or --11 12 Q. Okay. Well, with --O. -- overheated, hallucinating or --12 13 A. I don't know what they mean by custody here. I 13 A. Sure. mean, custody can be just taking control of the person. Q. -- for some reason they're always appearing to 14 14 Q. I mean, obviously, if the person -- I mean the 15 15 get into some sort of --16 force continuum does include up to lethal force. A. It's kind of a common occurrence, too. 16 A. It does. That's the upper end of the 17 17 Q. -- state of undress. 18 continuum. Do you have an understanding whether that's on 18 Q. Right. I mean, it's kind of the end of the 19 the extreme side of excited delirium, or do all people 19 20 continuum. suffering from excited delirium exhibit that? 20 21 So there's no limiting factor in there to what A. I wouldn't say that all people do. It's hard 21 you're suggesting to the first two categories of the use to say what's on the extreme side because so much can 22 22 23 of force continuum? happen in the middle of an excited delirium episode A. No, but what's reasonable. I mean, reasonable 24 and --24 is a whole big thing in these situations anyway. And, Q. Let's go back to --25 Page 192 Page 190 you know, for an average case of a person in excited A. -- in a normal sense, you know, it -- that's 1 delirium, as I understand them, as I've -- as I've come not a common occurrence. I don't know how common it is 2 to know about them, I think looking at lethal force or 3 in excited delirium. I've heard of it happening. really severe physical force, as we had in this case, Q. Okay. Do you have the experience or the 4 are -- are quite out of line. knowledge to discuss the range of symptoms for the 5 Q. Right. I understand that's your talking point, excited delirium syndrome? by my question was simply Metro does not limit the way A. I think I know what many, if not most, of the you're describing the use of force continuum in their indicators are. I -- I don't know that there is any policy on -- I'm simply asking what the policy is. established sequence that they happen in, from what I A. The -- the wording does not limit them other 10 understand. than, I think, in having been involved in some policy Q. So let's go to this case. So Tashii Farmer was 1.1 11 writing. You have to look at the context. You have to not running around taking his clothes off. Correct? 12 look at the way the rest of that sentence is worded. 13 A. No. Correct. Q. Okay. So he's somewhere short of that conduct When it said this can include verbal communication, 14 14 response of CIT trained officers, those are very, very and that symptomology. Correct? 15 1.5 low-level type normal things that you would do in a 16 A. Correct. 16 17 situation like that, and to suddenly jump from that to Q. Where would you put him, based upon these 17 other levels of force continuum as are reasonable to the observations that you've had the opportunity to review, 18 18 situation, which I think are the operative words, I the various reports and things of that nature, where 19 19 don't think by any means that suggests you could 20 would you put him on the scale of exhibiting signs of 20 21 suddenly pull out your gun and kill the person. excited delirium? And, if I could, just on a scale of 1 22 Q. No one is suggesting that. to 10, with 10 being the most extreme example and 1 23 A. Well, what you're arguing is that wording could 23 being the least extreme. 24 -- could make that --24 A. Probably around --25 Q. No. I wasn't arguing that. I was --MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form. 25

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1	A. It sure sounded like it.	1	Q. Do you agree that it should have been a low
2	Q. You're mistaken. I was simply saying that the	2	level force option?
3	limitation you put on the policy is not what Metro's	3	A. I do not.
4	policy is.	4	Q. Is that Ken Lopera's fault that it was
5	A. Well, this policy is not worded very well. Let	5	identified as a low level force option?
6	me put it that way.	6	A. It's not his fault that Metro designated it as
7	Q. That's fine, sir. And you can take issue with	7	such, no.
8	Craig Anderson on that policy issue later.	8	Q. Is that a failure of policy, or a failure of
9	A. Let me just finalize my response to your	9	application?
10	questions here.	10	A. It could be both.
11	I think I don't think this suggests that any	11	Q. Okay.
12	level of the force continuum in any situation is	12	A. I I don't know which, you know.
13	reasonable, and the way it's worded it could be	13	Q. But certainly, in your mind, is it a failure of
14	interpreted that way.	14	policy?
15	Q. Nor is any level of the force continuum	15	A. It's it's a in this case I would I
16	eliminated by the wording of that policy?	16	would say it's certainly a mistake in how they
17	A. No, but common sense, I think, tells you. When	17	designated it as a policy.
18	they use the term "as are reasonable to the situation,"	18	Q. Okay. How much we talked about this a
19	I think any reasonable police manager is going to say	19	little bit earlier, about Ken Lopera's perceptions and
20	that as they have said in this case, that Lopera's	20	statements that he made in his CIRT statement, and you
21	reactions were not reasonable.	21	have said in your report that you find these to be all
22	Q. Sure. And if somebody with excited delirium	22	after-the-fact explanations that you do not find
23	pulls out a knife and charges an officer, then it's	23	credible. In fact, at one point you refer to them as
24	reasonable to use lethal force.	24	vacuous. Do you recall that?
25	A. Totally different situation.	25	A. I do.
	Page 194		Page 196
1	Q. Correct?	1	Q. So do you give any credibility whatsoever on a
2	A A haalutaly	1 2	scale of 1 to 10 to Officer Lopera's statements that he
	A. Absolutely.	2	Scale of 1 to 10 to officer Experts statements that he
3	MR. McNUTT: Okay. Let's mark this as the next	3	made in his CIRT report?
3 4			· ·
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1	part, you have all the resources available after the	1	they're well trained, if they're if they adhere to
2	fact with which to formulate your opinions in your	2	their training, if they adhere to the policies, you
3	report. Correct?	3	you soon develop through training and experience the
4	A. Correct.	4	ability to make very quick decisions. Your life depends
5	Q. Not just the five- or seven-second window that	5	on it.
6	Ken Lopera had to interface with Tashii Farmer.	6	Q. But, of course, not all situations present
7	Correct?	7	precisely the same each and every time. Correct?
8	A. I didn't have five to seven seconds, no, but I	8	A. That's correct.
9	believe Mr. Lopera had plenty of time to come up with	9	Q. In your shooting, if I recall the facts
10	the concoctions that he did as to why he did certain	10	correctly, and correct me if I'm wrong
11	things.	11	A. Uh-huh.
12	Q. Okay. Do you know whether Metro gives any	12	Q you were a patrol, graveyard shift in Santa
13	when they look at the reasonable perceptions of an	13	Clara. Correct?
14	officer, do they give any weight to the officer's	14	A. Correct.
15	credibility or his statements?	15	Q. Marked vehicle?
16	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form, foundation.	16	
17	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: By policy, I'm just asking. If	17	Q. Uniformed black and white?
18	you don't know, you don't know.	18	A. Yes.
19	A. Well, I think initially, I know from my own	19	Q. Meaning you were in uniform?
20	experience, the agencies I've been involved with in	20	
	doing this work now for so long, I think at the	21	Q. And you identified that the back of a car
21	· · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
22	beginning of the examination of whatever the incident	22	dealership had a window broken out?
23	was, in trying to determine whether it complied with	23	A. That's correct.
24	policy or not, I think you do you do attach some	24	Q. Did you have a radio in your car?
25	believability until you learn otherwise. And in this	25	
	Page 198		Page 200
1	case I think it became obvious otherwise. And I think	1	
2	Metro agrees with me on that.	2	
3	Q. Depends which Sheriff you talk to.	3	
4	A. I'm sorry?	4	
5	Q. Depends which Sheriff you talk to. Sheriff	5	
6	McGrath doesn't agree with that.	6	
7	A. There's always going to be differences of	7	
8	opinion. But I think the actions that were taken speak	8	*
9	for themselves.	9	
10	Q. I think you said something earlier this morning	10	,
11	along the lines of all force situations are dynamic. Is	11	
12	that accurate?	12	
13	A. That what?	13	· ·
14	Q. We were briefly talking about your shooting and	14	
15	you said I asked if that was a dynamic situation.	15	
16	You said absolutely, and you said most or all force	16	
17	situations are dynamic. Correct?	17	5
18	A. I think almost any action a police officer	18	
19	takes is a dynamic situation. That's that's the	19	approached the window. Correct? You could have made
20	purpose of their role, is to deal with these things that	20	that call?
21	are out of the norm for the general population.	21	A. Well, I mean, we're we're talking seconds,
22		22	you know.
23		23	Q. Okay.
24		24	A. You don't call in an officer generally does
		1 ~ ~	to the state of th
25	part, and you have to make decisions. Most officers, if	25	not call in every suspicious thing that they see.

1110	mas raiker		D 202
1	Page 201		Page 203
	They're going to do what seems to be reasonable to try	1	Q. What did you do after before you shot at
1	and verify whether that's a real problem or not. Of	2	him, what did you do after he clobbered you? Did you
	course today, with the portable radios, you could call	3	A. I I took off after him.
4	it in immediately.	4	Q. Did you give him verbal commands?
5	Q. Well, you could have called it in when you were	5	A. Oh, I was yelling at him the whole time.
6	in your car, is what I'm saying.	6	Q. If he would have complied with those verbal
7	A. I could have, yeah.	7	commands, would you have not tried to shoot him in the
8	Q. But you didn't?	8	back?
9	A. I didn't, no.	9	A. If he complied with them, there would have been
10	Q. And you critique Ken Lopera for not immediately	10	no reason to shoot him.
11	calling in Tashii Farmer?	11	Q. If Tashii Farmer would have complied with Ken's
12	A. Ken Lopera had plenty of time to call it in.	12	verbal commands, would any of these events have
13	Okay? That's very clear.	13	occurred?
14	Q. Well, when should he have done that?	14	A. I doubt it.
15	A. When he's trying to catch up to to Farmer.	15	Q. Do you know what level of resistance Tashii
16	O. Before or after he fell?	16	Farmer was in during his interaction with Ken Lopera,
17	A. Technically, both before and after, but	17	per Metro policy?
ļ	• •	18	A. Well, I'd have to look at that policy again,
18	predominantly after he fell.	19	but I would say he was at different levels of
19	Q. And Officer Lif definitely should have called	20	resistance. I mean, turning around and walking away and
20	it in. Right?		then converting that to a run-away, that's that's one
21	A. I would have expected her to call it in.	21	level of a resistance that I think at that point was
22	Q. And you already said that Ken had a right to	22	
23	rely on his partner to make that phone call or that	23	perfectly legal for him to do.
24	telephone	24	Q. Isn't it true that I'm sorry. Were you
25	A. That's essentially	25	done?
			D 004
	Page 202		Page 204
1	Q that radio communication.	1	A. No. Go ahead. I'm done.
1 2	Q that radio communication.A. That's essentially correct.	2	A. No. Go ahead. I'm done. Q. Isn't it true that all interactions with
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Page 205 O. Why is it not proper for him to give the that, it is reactive. That's correct. warning "Stop or I'm" --Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Do you recall in any of the videos, specifically Ken Lopera's body worn camera, him A. Because the Taser was not appropriate in this 3 giving verbal directions and commands to Tashii Farmer situation. Q. But it's appropriate for an officer to warn the asking Tashii Farmer to stop or he was going to Tase suspect or to command the suspect and give him an idea him? 6 A. I do remember hearing some of those, yes. of what the consequences are? A. You might say it was a bluff. Yeah. Q. Okay. Do you believe that was in compliance Q. Well, I'm not talking about a bluff. In this with Metro's policy regarding giving warnings to case Officer Lopera believed he had an individual that, 10 suspects? as it turns out was correct, was under the influence of 11 A. I -- let me answer it this way. I think it was 11 12 a controlled substance, methamphetamines. He also a normal thing for Lopera to be doing, to -- to giving believed that Tashii Farmer was going to carjack an the verbal warnings. That's -- that's generally number occupied vehicle. So by Metro's use of force, whether 2 and part of number 3 on the continuum of -- of the use 14 you agree with it or not, use of the Taser was 15 of force. Q. So it was proper for him to do so? 16 authorized. 16 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Hold on a second. Objection. 17 A. To give those verbal warnings? 17 That is not what the evidence reveals. So I object to 18 Q. Yes, sir. 18 the foundation of that question in terms of what Ken 19 A. Yeah. It was. 1.9 Lopera believed. 20 20 O. And he did, in fact --THE WITNESS: As I've said several times, I A. Now, I'm not saying to warn that he was going 21 21 don't know what he really believed in this case. I 22 to Tase him because I think he was very incorrect in 22 think he was in a very reactive, almost a panic mode. I 23 23 what he did there. -- I don't know what he believed. I don't think that 24 Q. I'm just asking about the warnings, the 24 there was clear enough evidence that the -- that Tashii propriety of the warnings. Page 208 Page 206 Farmer was under the influence of a controlled A. I -- I think it was correct for him to give the 1 substance. And I don't believe that any of the actions 2 warnings. 3 that Lopera took were appropriate for what the evidence Q. Okay. And Had Tashii Farmer complied, you 3 know, stopped and complied, we don't know what would shows the situation was. 4 I don't know if that's a good enough answer to 5 5 have happened. your question. If not, hit me with another question. MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form. 6 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Well, I'm sure we can break it Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Correct? 7 down a little bit, but I doubt that you're going to move A. Well, we know that he would have complied and 8 we know that there would have been no basis, continuing off the point. Whether or not you -- you seem to believe that 10 10 basis at all for Lopera to think that he had to put him there is a difference when you can say I don't know what 11 into a chokehold. 11 Ken Lopera believed but then say in other instances this 12 12 Q. But Tashii Farmer did not stop when he was is clearly what Ken Lopera believed or this is evidence 13 directed to stop? 13 that what he believed is not true because you so state 14 14 A. That's correct. 15 in your report. Q. And then we get to the next step in the use of 15 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form. There's 16 16 force? 17 not a question there. A. Let me back up and clarify the answer that I 17 THE WITNESS: I don't -- I don't know that I 18 18 gave just a minute ago. 19 stated in my --Q. On which topic? 19 20 MR. LAGOMARSINO: There's not a question A. Talking about his giving the verbal warnings 20 for use of the Taser. 21 pending. 21 22 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. Q. Okay. 22 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Well, finish what you were 23 A. It was not appropriate for him to -- to give 23 the warning that "I'm going to Tase you." It's very 24 going to say now. proper for him to give the commands to stop. 25 A. If there's a question.

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1	Q. No. Finish what you were going to say. That's	1	A. I don't like Mr. Ryan at all. No.
2	my question.	2	Q. May I inquire as to why?
3	MR. LAGOMARSINO: There's no question pending.	3	A. Because I think he's probably the most corrupt
4	MR. McNUTT: That's my question, what was he	4	cop that I've come across in my career.
5	going to say.	5	Q. I appreciate your candor. In terms of your
6	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Okay.	6	reasoning, I don't know any I've read your report
7	THE WITNESS: Right now I don't know what I was	7	with respect to the allegations you make against Mr.
8	going to say. You interrupted my train of thought.	8	Ryan. I'll leave those issues to be resolved between
9	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: That's because that's what	9	A. Sure.
10	happens after speaking objections from your lawyer that	10	Q you and Mr. Anderson.
11	imply that you should be quiet.	11	My question to you is a little bit in
12	MR. LAGOMARSINO: That's not what that was.	12	contradistinction to Mr. Ryan. Have you ever dealt with
13	MR. McNUTT: Sounded like it.	13	my use-of-force expert, Jamie Borden, in a professional
14	MR. LAGOMARSINO: What? That there's no	14	capacity before?
15	question pending?	15	A. I've never heard of him before this.
16	MR. McNUTT: That's called a clue to the	16	Q. Okay. So you don't have any of the same
17	witness to shut up.	17	well, you don't think Jamie Borden is corrupt, I guess?
18	THE WITNESS: I think what I was going to say,	18	A. I have no reason to believe he's corrupt.
	if I could try and respond to your question	19	Q. Okay. So you don't have the same sort of ad
19	MR. McNUTT: Sure.	20	hominem type attacks against Jamie Borden as you're
20		21	making or alleging against Jack Ryan?
21	THE WITNESS: after my memory has come back,	22	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Object as to ad hominem.
22	is that, number one, I don't know what Lopera		
23	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Hold on a second.	23	MR. McNUTT: Well, attacks. I can
24	THE WITNESS: actually	24	THE WITNESS: I don't know that they were ad
25	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Can we go off the record?	25	hominem at all.
	Page 210	١.	Page 212
1	(Discussion held outside the record.)	1	MR. LAGOMARSINO: I object as to "attacks."
2	MR. McNUTT: We're back on the record.	2	THE WITNESS: I have no basis for any such
3	Q. And your own lawyer interrupted you in the	3	criticisms of Mr. Borden.
4	middle of your answer. So continue.	4	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Okay. So other than through
5	A. You're going to have to repeat the question.	5	this case and reading his report, which you can
6	MR. McNUTT: Why don't we read back to him.	6	professionally disagree on, you have no issue with Jamie
7	Can you read back?	7	
8	(Record read.)	8	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection as to "things of
9	THE WITNESS: I don't believe I said anywhere	9	that nature."
10	in my report that I knew what Lopera believed, if that's	10	THE WITNESS: I I think the the correct
11	what you were you were implying.	11	
12	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Would you like me to point it	12	question about his his service as a police officer.
13	out to you?	13	I have not seen anything untoward in that. I think I've
14	A. Sure.	14	I've got some feelings about his his expertise in
15	Q. We'll get to it in just a minute.	15	some of the areas that he covered in his report.
1.6	Let's mark your supplemental report.	16	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Between your experience as
17	A. Are we done with this?	17	if I say as a street officer or a street cop
18	Q. For now.	18	A. Uh-huh.
19		19	Q do you understand what I mean?
20		20	A. I sure do.
21	10.6	21	Q. What I mean is the distinction between what
22		22	1 1
23		23	
24		24	
25		25	Q. I know you were always active, but being

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Page 213 of some of the other work that he does as an expert 1 A. Hands on. Q. -- a hands-on agent dealing with criminals on a witness, as an instructor and whatever. And I have 2 checked on some of those and found out that he does not firsthand basis, making arrests versus the latter part normally disclose the problems he had with corruption at of your career, the balance of your career for 14 years Providence and how close he came to being prosecuted where you were in the more executive ranks, if you will, federally. supervisory and management. 7 So when we use the phrase "patrol officer" or The malady I'm referring to as far as --Borden, is it? Mr. Border? 8 "street cop," does Mr. Borden have more experience in 9 O. Jamie Borden. 9 that realm than you? 10 A. Yeah. Which I've seen so much in my work, is 10 A. I don't -- I don't know the extent of his that so many use-of-force experts, especially those that 11 11 experience. are still down at the patrol level or maybe a sergeant 12 It's clear from what I read, or at least it was level, they -- they tend to be very, very supportive of clear in my mind that after, you know, his first -- I 13 don't know how many years he served as a -- as a street 14 whatever the officer said that they're -- they're talking about. They find a way to justify what -- what cop. You know, everybody starts, usually, in that 15 position. But it does look like that he ultimately went type of force was used and the stated reasons for that, 16 into a specialized area on use of force. I don't know 17 often contrary to what the evidence shows. 17 And in this particular case I think both Mr. whether he continued in that capacity performing normal 18 18 Ryan and Mr. Borden, their statements were contrary to policing functions out on the street or whether that was 19 19 the primary focus of his work. I have the impression 20 what the evidence shows. And what -- what I suspect 20 strongly because of Mr. Borden's emphasis also on all of 21 21 that that's all that he focused on. 22 this human factors stuff, I think -- I think that O. Would you agree with me that he has an 22 indicates further that -- that he's -- he's been a 23 extensive resume' when it comes to police use of force 2.3 24 victim of that malady. 24 training and experience? 25 Q. Would it be fair to say that you suffer the A. It sure read like it. I wouldn't -- I wouldn't 25 Page 216 Page 214 malady of trying to dispute everything that an officer argue with that. 1 says when they're involved in these types of situations, Q. Okay. You referenced two times, at least, in given your admission that 98 percent of your work as an your report, again cumulatively -expert is for the plaintiff? A. What page? A. I don't think I suffer from that malady, Q. Well, you referenced the word "malady" and one 5 although I'm very careful in terms of the cases that I 6 time -select to -- to work on. I don't like to be proven A. I referenced the word what? Q. "Malady," m-a-l-a-d-y. wrong and I try to agree to work on cases where I've 8 gathered enough information to make a knowledgeable 9 A. I did. decision about whether it's something that I want to --10 Q. One time you referenced it with respect to Jack Ryan, and this is paragraph 16, that you experienced 11 want to work on. I don't seek out cases to go against 11 12 another officer. 12 firsthand corruption that exists within American 13 Q. Do you -- I'm sorry. policing, and springing from that malady --13 A. That's it. 14 14 A. Correct. 15 Q. Do you ---O. -- there are so-called, quote, expert 15 A. So I would disagree with your description that 16 witnesses, end quote. Do you see where I read? 16 I suffer from that malady. 17 A. I do see that. 17 18 O. I didn't think you would agree with it, but --Q. What is your evidence that there's a purported malady within American policing? And define that malady 19 A. Uh-huh. 19 Q. You state various places about the prohibited for us. 20 time that the lateral vascular neck restraint or rear A. Well, there's two different types of maladies 21 naked choke can be employed. Do you know how long Metro here that I'm talking about. One is, as I -- as I allows an LVNR to be employed? 23 indicated here and as we were just talking with Mr. A. I know what I've read in their policies of what 24 Ryan, his malady was corruption, dishonesty. And I think that continues today, as I said here. I'm aware 25 they --

	Page 217	T	Page 219
1	Q. What does it say?	1	here, seven seconds, ten, fifteen seconds and the one
2	A. Well, we talked about some of it earlier, that	2	minute fifteen seconds, what's the prohibited time when
3	if it hasn't worked in three times, they should be	3	Ken Lopera, per Metro policy, should have released the
4	looking at other situations and you explained that	4	LVNR?
5	that's not a hard and fast policy. Okay?	5	A. I think based on what I've seen, the the
6	Q. Well, sir, that's	6	seven to ten or fifteen seconds is is what they are
7	A. We're talking about the Tasers now. You're	7	saying is the policy, is the practice.
8	right. You're right. I misunderstood.	8	Q. Okay. Do you know do you have any support
9	Q. Well, hang on. My question was about the LVNR.	9	for that statement?
10	A. I understand that.	10	A. I remember reading it in there. I don't
11	Q. You kind of started going to Taser. So I want	11	remember specifically what document it was, but I
12	to make clear what my question is about.	12	remember reading it in some of the Metro documents I was
13	A. Sure. I apologize.	13	given.
14	Q. No problem. That's a good-faith mistake.	14	Q. So what you read is that if the LVNR is
15	A. What was the question again?	15	successful, that the subject could be rendered
16	Q. So my question is do you know how long, if	16	unconscious within four to seven seconds?
	Metro prescribes a limit that you can employ an LVNR for	17	A. That's certainly one assumption. Yes.
17	X amount of time and then after that time has elapsed,	18	Q. That's not an assumption. That's what's in the
18		19	policy.
19	you can no longer try to employ an LVNR?	20	A. That's what they say.
20	A. I I don't recall reading a rule to that	21	Q. So with that clarification, are you aware of
21	effect. I do recall reading some things about the	22	any timeline in Metro policy that says after if it
22	number of seconds, that a person can go unconscious in	23	hasn't been successful, whether or not it's been
23	seven, eight, nine, ten seconds if it's if it's kept	24	successful or not, at 15 seconds the encircling arm must
24	on that long. I don't I don't recall reading any	25	be removed, at 25 seconds the encircling arm must be
25	prohibition about how many times they can do it.	23	Page 220
	Page 218 Q. Okay. So go to page 12 of your supplemental	1	removed?
1	O. Okay. So go to page 12 of your supplemental		
		1	
2	report.	2	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that
3	report. A. Uh-huh.	2	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it.
3	report. A. Uh-huh. Q. This will be a little I did not highlight	3 4	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it. Q. Okay. Should there be some timeline like that
3 4 5	report. A. Uh-huh. Q. This will be a little I did not highlight yours, but if you want to go about	2 3 4 5	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it. Q. Okay. Should there be some timeline like that in Metro policy?
3 4 5 6	report. A. Uh-huh. Q. This will be a little I did not highlight yours, but if you want to go about A. Tell me what the line starts with.	2 3 4 5 6	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it. Q. Okay. Should there be some timeline like that in Metro policy? A. Well, again, I'm not an expert on those holds,
3 4 5 6 7	report. A. Uh-huh. Q. This will be a little I did not highlight yours, but if you want to go about A. Tell me what the line starts with. Q. Two inches up. The line starts with	2 3 4 5 6 7	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it. Q. Okay. Should there be some timeline like that in Metro policy? A. Well, again, I'm not an expert on those holds, but common sense would tell me that as long as those
3 4 5 6 7 8	report. A. Uh-huh. Q. This will be a little I did not highlight yours, but if you want to go about A. Tell me what the line starts with. Q. Two inches up. The line starts with "unauthorized chokehold."	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it. Q. Okay. Should there be some timeline like that in Metro policy? A. Well, again, I'm not an expert on those holds, but common sense would tell me that as long as those chokeholds have been around and have been used in in
3 4 5 6 7 8	report. A. Uh-huh. Q. This will be a little I did not highlight yours, but if you want to go about A. Tell me what the line starts with. Q. Two inches up. The line starts with "unauthorized chokehold." A. Yeah.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it. Q. Okay. Should there be some timeline like that in Metro policy? A. Well, again, I'm not an expert on those holds, but common sense would tell me that as long as those chokeholds have been around and have been used in in police work and in sports, what have you, that people in
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	report. A. Uh-huh. Q. This will be a little I did not highlight yours, but if you want to go about A. Tell me what the line starts with. Q. Two inches up. The line starts with "unauthorized chokehold." A. Yeah. Q. See where I'm at?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it. Q. Okay. Should there be some timeline like that in Metro policy? A. Well, again, I'm not an expert on those holds, but common sense would tell me that as long as those chokeholds have been around and have been used in in police work and in sports, what have you, that people in those fields, especially in police work, know that you
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	report. A. Uh-huh. Q. This will be a little I did not highlight yours, but if you want to go about A. Tell me what the line starts with. Q. Two inches up. The line starts with "unauthorized chokehold." A. Yeah. Q. See where I'm at? A. I see it.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it. Q. Okay. Should there be some timeline like that in Metro policy? A. Well, again, I'm not an expert on those holds, but common sense would tell me that as long as those chokeholds have been around and have been used in in police work and in sports, what have you, that people in those fields, especially in police work, know that you can put someone out very, very quickly if those holds
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	report. A. Uh-huh. Q. This will be a little I did not highlight yours, but if you want to go about A. Tell me what the line starts with. Q. Two inches up. The line starts with "unauthorized chokehold." A. Yeah. Q. See where I'm at? A. I see it. Q. Let's back up to the beginning of that	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it. Q. Okay. Should there be some timeline like that in Metro policy? A. Well, again, I'm not an expert on those holds, but common sense would tell me that as long as those chokeholds have been around and have been used in in police work and in sports, what have you, that people in those fields, especially in police work, know that you can put someone out very, very quickly if those holds are applied properly. And then if you hold it too long,
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	report. A. Uh-huh. Q. This will be a little I did not highlight yours, but if you want to go about A. Tell me what the line starts with. Q. Two inches up. The line starts with "unauthorized chokehold." A. Yeah. Q. See where I'm at? A. I see it. Q. Let's back up to the beginning of that sentence.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it. Q. Okay. Should there be some timeline like that in Metro policy? A. Well, again, I'm not an expert on those holds, but common sense would tell me that as long as those chokeholds have been around and have been used in in police work and in sports, what have you, that people in those fields, especially in police work, know that you can put someone out very, very quickly if those holds are applied properly. And then if you hold it too long, the likelihood is you're going to kill them because you
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	report. A. Uh-huh. Q. This will be a little I did not highlight yours, but if you want to go about A. Tell me what the line starts with. Q. Two inches up. The line starts with "unauthorized chokehold." A. Yeah. Q. See where I'm at? A. I see it. Q. Let's back up to the beginning of that sentence. A. I see it.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it. Q. Okay. Should there be some timeline like that in Metro policy? A. Well, again, I'm not an expert on those holds, but common sense would tell me that as long as those chokeholds have been around and have been used in in police work and in sports, what have you, that people in those fields, especially in police work, know that you can put someone out very, very quickly if those holds are applied properly. And then if you hold it too long, the likelihood is you're going to kill them because you cut off the blood and you cut off the air flow.
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	report. A. Uh-huh. Q. This will be a little I did not highlight yours, but if you want to go about A. Tell me what the line starts with. Q. Two inches up. The line starts with "unauthorized chokehold." A. Yeah. Q. See where I'm at? A. I see it. Q. Let's back up to the beginning of that sentence. A. I see it. Q. Why don't you just read that. Start with "The	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it. Q. Okay. Should there be some timeline like that in Metro policy? A. Well, again, I'm not an expert on those holds, but common sense would tell me that as long as those chokeholds have been around and have been used in in police work and in sports, what have you, that people in those fields, especially in police work, know that you can put someone out very, very quickly if those holds are applied properly. And then if you hold it too long, the likelihood is you're going to kill them because you cut off the blood and you cut off the air flow. Q. I think you said something like it's obvious.
3 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 100 111 122 133 144 155 166	report. A. Uh-huh. Q. This will be a little I did not highlight yours, but if you want to go about A. Tell me what the line starts with. Q. Two inches up. The line starts with "unauthorized chokehold." A. Yeah. Q. See where I'm at? A. I see it. Q. Let's back up to the beginning of that sentence. A. I see it. Q. Why don't you just read that. Start with "The fact that."	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it. Q. Okay. Should there be some timeline like that in Metro policy? A. Well, again, I'm not an expert on those holds, but common sense would tell me that as long as those chokeholds have been around and have been used in in police work and in sports, what have you, that people in those fields, especially in police work, know that you can put someone out very, very quickly if those holds are applied properly. And then if you hold it too long, the likelihood is you're going to kill them because you cut off the blood and you cut off the air flow. Q. I think you said something like it's obvious. So there isn't a policy if there is not a policy, are
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3 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 100 111 122 133 144 155 166	report. A. Uh-huh. Q. This will be a little I did not highlight yours, but if you want to go about A. Tell me what the line starts with. Q. Two inches up. The line starts with "unauthorized chokehold." A. Yeah. Q. See where I'm at? A. I see it. Q. Let's back up to the beginning of that sentence. A. I see it. Q. Why don't you just read that. Start with "The fact that." A. Yeah. "The fact that Lopera's chokehold on Farmer was excessive timewise had to have been obvious	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A. I don't recall seeing anything with that specificity to it. Q. Okay. Should there be some timeline like that in Metro policy? A. Well, again, I'm not an expert on those holds, but common sense would tell me that as long as those chokeholds have been around and have been used in in police work and in sports, what have you, that people in those fields, especially in police work, know that you can put someone out very, very quickly if those holds are applied properly. And then if you hold it too long, the likelihood is you're going to kill them because you cut off the blood and you cut off the air flow. Q. I think you said something like it's obvious. So there isn't a policy if there is not a policy, are you suggesting that there should be that policy? A. I'm saying that police officers are expected to
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excessive amount of time and that he should have -- he Farmer was 'out yet' - unmistakably inquiring if Farmer should have let go of that. But for him to keep asking 2 had entered an unconscious state, and Lopera thereby that showed me that his intention was he was going to confirming his intent." Q. Now, here you claim to be able to read Ken hold that until Farmer passed out, went unconscious. Q. That's your subjective interpretation. Lopera's mind by determining what his intent was. Correct? 6 Correct? A. I think it's based on what the evidence is. 7 A. What I'm saying is that his repeated asking of Q. Well, that's subjective. That's your those questions, his repeated holding of that chokehold interpretation. Correct? indicate that it was his intention to render Farmer 10 A. I think it's very objective. 10 unconscious. 11 Q. Of course you do. 11 O. Isn't an alternative reasonable explanation of 12 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Move to strike. that that he was asking a factual question to his law 12 13 THE WITNESS: I don't know that I need to take enforcement partners to find out the status of the 13 subject so he could release the encircling arm? I mean, 14 snide remarks like that, sir. 14 that's a fair alternative reading. Correct? 15 O. BY MR. McNUTT: It's a factual statement. 15 A. I don't care whether it's factual or not. It's A. I guess some could interpret it that way. I 16 16 an insult. 17 think -- to me, it was very clear that he wanted to know 17 if he was unconscious yet, that he -- that he could not 18 Q. You say on page 13 that Farmer went unconscious 18 well before Lopera released the chokehold. tell if he was unconscious yet. And we covered that 19 19 20 A. Where are you at? earlier. He should have been able to tell whether he 20 21 Q. First paragraph, but just listen to me. was unconscious. 21 22 A. Uh-huh. O. Officer Lopera was -- per the LVNR, that is one 22 23 Q. You state that -- hang on. Farmer "went of the acceptable outcomes per Metro policy, I mean, 24 unconscious well before Lopera released the chokehold, 24 that sometimes officers can employ an LVNR and the subject becomes compliant and they don't have to be demonstrating significant lack of situational awareness 25 Page 224 Page 222 1 by Lopera." rendered unconscious, but isn't it true that Metro allows the LVNR to be utilized up to and including 2 A. I'm having trouble finding that. What -- what 3 line are you on there? 3 rendering the suspect unconscious? Q. Fourth line down. It starts with "get on your 4 4 A. Up to and including that point. Correct. stomach." Q. Okay. So don't you believe it's a good thing 5 5 A. Yeah. I see that. that Ken Lopera was asking the state of Tashii Farmer's 6 6 7 Q. "And actually went unconscious." See that? consciousness? I mean, isn't that appropriate to do? 7 A. I think it would have been a much better thing 8 8 A. I see that. 9 Q. Read through the end of that sentence. 9 for him to release that hold much earlier than he did. 10 A. "Actually went unconscious well before Lopera 10 Q. Sure. But that's not responsive. 11 released the chokehold, demonstrating a significant lack 11 A. It is responsive. of situational awareness by Lopera." Q. That's not responsive. 12 12 13 Q. What evidence do you have to support the theory 13 A. Well -that you can pinpoint the specific time that Tashii 14 Q. I'm asking you whether Ken Lopera's question to Sergeant Crumrine "Is he out yet," that was appropriate 15 Farmer went unconscious? 15 16 in that circumstance because he is on his back looking A. He stopped moving. 16 17 Q. That's not compliance? That's unconsciousness? at the back of Tashii Farmer's head. He cannot 17 A. I think it is because of the amount of time determine Tashii Farmer's consciousness. Correct? 18 18 that that -- that hold had been in place. I think it's 19 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Compound. 19 20 pretty clear that he went unconscious. Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Correct? 20 A. What you stated. He was on his back most of 21 Q. And you can state that with 100 certainty? 21 22 A. I'm stating that as a conclusion. the time, from what I could see. He had that chokehold 22 Q. And so what will you point to as evidence to 23 most of the time, from what I could see. And if he had 24 paid attention to his training, he would have known support that? 2.4 A. The fact that it happened the way it did. 25 25 that, or should have known that this was going on for an

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Page 227 Page 225 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: So you dispute the toxicology O. Which video? 1 A. Not only the video, but the -- the verbal 2 report? 2 A. No. The toxicology report came afterwards. 3 recitations of what happened and what the other officers I'm talking about what the physical evidence was at the saw and even what Lopera had to say afterwards. He 5 time he and Lopera were -- were face to face. choked him out with a rear naked. It's pretty clear. O. So, again, that's your subjective position O. Words matter? about whether he had or had not committed a crime. But A. Pardon me? the objective evidence that we know now, since you're Q. Words matter. Every word that a cop says after sitting here after the fact, like you told me experts an interaction, a dynamic situation matters? 9 do, we know that Tashii Farmer was, as a fact, under the A. I think it absolutely matters. 10 influence of methamphetamines. O. Are you aware that Metro's policy would have 11 12 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form, foundation. allowed every officer to turn off their body worn cam 12 THE WITNESS: We don't know that he was under 13 well before that statement was ever made? 13 the influence of methamphetamines. We know that he had 14 A. I don't know what their policy is on turning 14 900 nanograms per milliliter in his system at the time 15 15 those off. It's -- I have seen -- both as a Police of autopsy. Okay? In terms of what he had at the time, 16 Commissioner here and in my work I've seen a lot of 16 I don't know. I don't know if the delusion of officers turn off their cameras when they didn't want 17 17 methamphetamine continues after death or whether it 18 things to be recorded or they didn't want their 19 remains static. I'm not a medical person. I don't know supervisors to know what happened. 19 20 that. O. You can ask Craig Anderson this, but Metro's 20 21 O. BY MR. McNUTT: Why do you know that it's not policy is that officers can turn their body worn cameras 22 150 milligrams? 22 off at their own discretion when the situation is no 23 A. Because that's what the toxicology said. longer dynamic. Q. Do you have any experience with how many --24 MR. ANDERSON: Objection. 24 25 A. No, but I consulted with a medical doctor to THE WITNESS: I don't -- I don't know that. I 25 Page 228 Page 226 find out if that would be considered a heavy level of -can't argue with that. I don't know whether it's true 1 of -- of methamphetamine, and I was told it would be or not. I would say that's a pretty weak policy if that 2 right on the borderline. 3 -- if that does, in fact, exist. 4 O. What medical doctor was this? Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Go to page 17. Paragraph 29, you say, "Four facts are clear and indisputable." 5 What medical doctor was it? 5 6 Q. 6 A. I see it. 7 It was an emergency room medical door. "Farmer had committed no crime when he 7 approached Officers Lopera and Lif and was merely What's his name, or her name? 8 8 9 It was my son. 9 seeking help." Q. Oh. Your son. What's your son's name? 10 10 A. Correct. Q. That's your opinion. Correct? 11 A. My son's name? 11 Q. Uh-huh. 12 A. I think that's a very correct opinion based on 12 13 A. Tom Parker. Dr. Tom Parker. the evidence that existed at that point. 13 14 Q. And where does he practice? Q. But it's true that Ken or, excuse me, true that 14 15 A. In the state of Virginia. Tashii Farmer was, in fact, committing a felony by being 15 Q. Why didn't you say, "I consulted with my son, under the influence of a controlled substance. Correct? 16 the medical doctor" as opposed to acting like this is 17 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form, foundation. THE WITNESS: I don't think that's an accurate 18 some third-party individual? 18 statement. I don't think the evidence is clear that he 19 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. 19 20 THE WITNESS: Because I saw no reason to drag was under the influence. I think that was an excuse 20 him into this thing. It was a very informal discussion. 21 21 that Lopera gave later on. But his -- Tashii Farmer's actions at the time, what I saw in the video, I -- I 22 I was curious as to what 950 nanograms was. I knew the 2.2 question would come up because it was in the report that wasn't there, I didn't see it firsthand, but based on 23 he was under the influence. I was not convinced that he what I saw, I think it's almost impossible to say was, and I was looking for some confirmation that I was whether he was under the influence at the time.

either right or wrong. Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Isn't that the kind of failure to disclose you just accused Jack Ryan of doing as an expert? A. It's got nothing — there's no comparison there at all. It's apples and watermelons, as they say. Q. I don't know who says that, but I'll take your word for it. Under D, "While some of the symptoms of EDS," excited delirium syndrome. Is that what you mean there? A. I see it. Q. — excited delirium? I'm asking — A. Excited delirium syndrome. Sir, you're using EDS for excited delirium syndrome. CO. That was the question. Sir, you're using EDS for excited delirium syndrome. A. I am. Q. Okay. "Can sometimes be similar to drug abuse." So you admit — I mean, earlier you quibbled with me over that, but you now admit in your own report that some of the symptoms of excited delirium can be similar to those exhibited by drug use? MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. THE WITNESS: I don't think I drew a differentiation between the two at all. Yes. Some of	31
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1	
4 the symptoms, the early symptoms of EDS can be similar Q what is that officer's first responsibility	
5 to drug abuse. I don't think that the stage he was 5 at that point?	
at in this case I don't think rose to the level of 6 A. Is to try and, number one, deescalate the	
7 intoxication. 7 situation. And again, it depends on the circumstant	ces.
8 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Do you think patrol officers 8 If he thinks there is a threat, how serious is that	
9 should be expected to read medical treatises and have 9 threat? What is the capability of the person to exact	tly
that degree of knowledge regarding the minor 10 to to carry out that threat, to actually commit	
distinctions between excited delirium and being under 11 some act of violence or whatever it is that he thinks	š
the influence of a controlled substance, which Tashii 12 they can do?	
Farmer was at the time? Q. Put simply, isn't it to protect the public at	
A. I think a patrol 14 large at that point?	
MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form. 15 A. That's the bottom line.	
THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. 16 Q. And hopefully protect that individual from	
MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form as to "which Tashii was 17 himself as well?	
at the time."	
What I'll do is I'm going to just lodge a Q. Okay. So does it matter, since that's the	
continuing objection to the foundational statement that 20 goal, does it really matter, whether or not the suspe	
he was under the influence of a methamphetamine so I 21 was exhibiting signs of being under the influence of	
don't have to keep interrupting. To the extent that it 22 excited delirium or under the influence of a control	
continues, please consider that lodged. 23 substance, the officer's obligation to society, if you	
THE WITNESS: I think a patrol officer is 24 will, or the public remains the same, protect the pu	blic
25 certainly expected to be able to at least come to we 25 and the suspect as well?	

Trinita Farmer v. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al.

	Page 233		Page 235
1	A. If there is	1	THE WITNESS: I'm not saying that. I'm quoting
2	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form, incomplete	2	what they wrote in their book, that that's a that
3	hypothetical.	3	that's a step that they're suggesting is within the
4	THE WITNESS: If there is an objective basis	4	realm of something to be considered.
5	for making that decision, that would be correct. In the	5	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: So that's for positional
6	absence of that, it would be an incorrect decision.	6	that's from excited delirium leading to positional
7	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Page 18, paragraph 30. You	7	asphyxia. Correct?
8	identify please confirm. You're taking A, B, C, D	8	A. That's what?
9	through E, F and G on the next page from the Di Maios'	9	Q. That is related to positional asphyxia only, in
10	book?	10	paragraph 30?
11	A. Yes.	11	A. They're talking about positional asphyxia at
12	Q. Okay. And are you representing that these are	12	that point, yes, that pepper spray would be a suggested
13	quotes from the Di Maios' book?	13	option instead of taking the person to the point of
14	A. If they are italicized and they're within	14	positional asphyxia.
15	quotes, those are direct quotes from their book.	15	Q. Do you know whether it's Metro policy to use OC
16	Q. So look at A. You get down to "talk down" the	16	spray on someone that's believed to be under the
17	individual, and then there's an open parenthetical	17	influence of a controlled substance?
18	"which may not be successful," close parenthetical, but	18	A. I I don't recall right now whether it's
19	that is not inside of a quote. Can you tell me	19	covered or not.
20	A. That's	20	Q. Do you know whether it's Metro's policy to use
21	Q is that you speaking?	21	OC spray with somebody who is suspected of suffering
22	A. That's me speaking at that point. It's not	22	from excited delirium?
23	italicized. It's not within quotes and it's in a	23	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form.
24	different set of parentheses.	24	THE WITNESS: I don't recall seeing that listed
25	Q. Okay. So that's you talking?	25	as an option.
2.0		" -	•
	Page 234		Page 236
1	Page 234	1	Page 236 O BY MR McNUTT: So why did you include that?
1	A. That's me talking.	1 2	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: So why did you include that?
2	A. That's me talking. Q. Now, how about in 30 (A), "An individual,"	2	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: So why did you include that?A. Because that's what was said in the in the
2	A. That's me talking. Q. Now, how about in 30 (A), "An individual," italicized, and then you have different parentheses.	2	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: So why did you include that? A. Because that's what was said in the in the Di Maio book.
2 3 4	A. That's me talking. Q. Now, how about in 30 (A), "An individual," italicized, and then you have different parentheses. A. That would be the same thing.	3 4	 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: So why did you include that? A. Because that's what was said in the in the Di Maio book. Q. So you just
2 3 4 5	 A. That's me talking. Q. Now, how about in 30 (A), "An individual," italicized, and then you have different parentheses. A. That would be the same thing. Q. Okay. But why are there different parentheses? 	2 3 4 5	 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: So why did you include that? A. Because that's what was said in the in the Di Maio book. Q. So you just A. It's one of the alternatives they suggest.
2 3 4 5 6	 A. That's me talking. Q. Now, how about in 30 (A), "An individual," italicized, and then you have different parentheses. A. That would be the same thing. Q. Okay. But why are there different parentheses? You have a bracket and then a parentheses. 	2 3 4 5 6	 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: So why did you include that? A. Because that's what was said in the in the Di Maio book. Q. So you just A. It's one of the alternatives they suggest. Q. Just block quotes?
2 3 4 5 6 7	 A. That's me talking. Q. Now, how about in 30 (A), "An individual," italicized, and then you have different parentheses. A. That would be the same thing. Q. Okay. But why are there different parentheses? You have a bracket and then a parentheses. A. That's strictly a typo. They should have been 	2 3 4 5 6 7	 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: So why did you include that? A. Because that's what was said in the in the Di Maio book. Q. So you just A. It's one of the alternatives they suggest. Q. Just block quotes? A. They are known as having written one of the
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Page 239 Page 237 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Well, this isn't about Ken Lopera should not have applied a neck restraint. 1 1. 2 Lopera. This is about your career I'm saying alleged A. Correct. because you reference that approximately a dozen or more 3 Q. And as part of that, he used his legs. incidents you've been involved with excited delirium. 4 A. Correct. You reference the street term "50-50," which is radio 5 Q. I understand that's your position. I'm asking code for -you whether or not you believe it was a violation of Ken A. Correct. Lopera by Metro policy to use his legs when he's Q. -- bizarre manic behavior. You reference other employing a lateral vascular neck restraint. 9 incidents. But I'm just asking you, can you give me one 9 A. I have not seen any policy that addresses the 10 use of legs like that. I think it was inappropriate example where you have a specific recollection of you 11 personally being involved not as a manager, but as a 11 based on the circumstances leading up to that. I think 12 it was well beyond his authority to do that. 12 street cop. 13 Q. But that's just your opinion to do anything. 13 A. Obviously, the ones that happened when I was a 14 And as to the policy question, if I show you Metro's street cop were almost 50 years ago. I -- I don't 14 remember the individuals' names. In terms of the -- the 15 policy that directs a person using a back-lying LVNR to 15 16 hook their legs onto the suspect, you would agree with situations, I'd have to wrack my brain a little bit on 16 that. I do remember dealing with these 50-50 situations 17 me that Metro's policy allows that? 17 that are now -- some of them are now known as excited 18 A. I wouldn't agree one way or the other without 18 19 19 delirium. seeing it. 20 Q. Okay. Well, I'll show it to you. 2.0 Q. So let's go to page 20. Halfway through paragraph 34, see where it starts "his braggadocious"? 21 A. I don't recall ever seeing it. 21 22 22 Q. I'll show it to you. 23 Q. Okay. That was just easy to find. The next 23 A. Okay. 24 24 sentence down, "policy-prohibited." Go to the end of Q. You said you reviewed it. 25 Page 21, paragraph 35, last sentence you say, that. You say, "His use of a Kodokan judo-style 25 Page 238 Page 240 "Both of these techniques are common in Kodokan judo in grappling technique of wrapping his legs around Farmer 1 to control Farmer's body and to hold him on the ground." 2 which Lopera was a white belt." Is that just --3 3 A. Actually, his white belt was in the BJJ, the A. Correct. Q. This reads as if you are saying Ken Lopera's 4 Brazilian jiu jitsu. I use those terms almost 5 use of wrapping his legs around Farmer for control was 5 concurrently. 6 an inappropriate technique. Q. You think they're the same? 7 A. They're very similar. They similar enough to 7 A. I'm not saying it was inappropriate. I don't be -- I mean, one came out of the other. Okay? 8 think the wording --Q. So you're just saying that's what he factually 9 Q. But having said that, your sentence as written 9 10 10 did? is incorrect. 11 11 A. They're saying -- let me read it again here. A. It would have been more correct for me to say MR. LAGOMARSINO: Any time, let's take a break. Brazilian jiu jitsu in there, yes, because I don't think 12 13 13 Any time. he was into --MR. McNUTT: I'm pretty close, so --14 Q. There's no evidence that he did judo? 14 MR. ANDERSON: That's what you said at 10:00. 15 A. Exactly. And that's why I'm saying it would 15 have been clearer for me to use that. The techniques 16 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Any time. 16 17 are covered in both, though. 17 MR. McNUTT: Is it an emergency? MR. LAGOMARSINO: No. Just it's warm in here. 18 Q. So paragraph 35, where you talk about Lopera 18 It's close to an hour 15 now. I just need a break. 19 ignoring policy regarding Taser. Did you just discount 19 20 20 Sergeant Bland's testimony regarding how an officer THE WITNESS: I -- I think that was 21 inappropriate for him to do. Yes. 21 acting alone could use the Taser more than Metro policy, 22 or did you not read Sergeant Bland's testimony? 22 Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Okay. So I want to be clear on 23 what you are saying. I just want to factually 23 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Sergeant Bland has not been 24 24 understand what your position is. Are you saying it was deposed in the case.

inappropriate -- I understand your position is Ken

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MR. McNUTT: You routinely asked other experts

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1	about whether they reviewed testimony from the estate	1	Q. And now is it identified in Metro policy as
)	case.	2	deadly force?
3	THE WITNESS: I don't remember reading Bland's	3	A. No. I believe it's moved up to the kind of mid
- 1	testimony. I may have. If I did, I didn't find it all	4	level.
1	that relevant. I think if I had read it, I I	5	Q. So it's true that it was low level force when
l	probably would have commented on it.	6	Ken Lopera employed it May of 2017. Correct?
7	But I think the important thing throughout all	7	A. Correct.
	of this is that this situation never should have	8	Q. Per Metro policy. Correct?
	occurred and, as a result of that, none of the	9	A. That's my recollection.
10	techniques that Lopera applied here were appropriate.	10	Q. And it's intermediate force now, per Metro
11	Whether policy allowed them or not, the situation did	11	policy. Correct?
	not allow them.	12	A. That's my understanding.
13	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Is the use of a Taser	13	Q. And neither of those levels are deadly force.
14	considered deadly force by Metro policy?	14	Correct?
15	A. It's it's, I believe, at the fourth level.	15	A. That's my understanding. That does not make
16	I don't know that it's actually considered a deadly	16	them appropriate, though. I think that has to be made
17	force. I have heard of situations where it causes	17	clear.
18	cardiac arrest.	18	Q. I understand your opinion.
19	Q. I'm asking about Metro policy, not what you	19	A. Well, it's not my opinion. I think it's a
20	heard about.	20	fact.
21	A. The only thing I remember at this point is it's	21	Q. Sir, your opinions are not fact.
22	listed, I think, at the fourth level. It's below the	22	Let's go to paragraph 37.
23	deadly force category. So I don't recall it being	23	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Move to strike.
24	listed as deadly force.	24	MR. McNUTT: Paragraph 37? Stipulated.
25	Q. Are empty hand strikes identified as deadly	25	THE WITNESS: I'm there.
	Page 242		Page 244
1	force per Metro policy?	1	MR. LAGOMARSINO: You're stipulating to
2	 A. Open hand strikes are down at, I think, the 	2	paragraph 37?
			1, - ,
3	second level.	3	MR. McNUTT: No. To strike it, as you
3 4	Q. Is that a no?	4	MR. McNUTT: No. To strike it, as you suggested.
		4 5	MR. McNUTT: No. To strike it, as you suggested. MR. LAGOMARSINO: I moved to strike the
4	Q. Is that a no?Is that a no?A. That's a no.	4 5 6	MR. McNUTT: No. To strike it, as you suggested. MR. LAGOMARSINO: I moved to strike the editorializing.
4 5	Q. Is that a no?Is that a no?A. That's a no.Q. They are not considered deadly force?	4 5 6 7	MR. McNUTT: No. To strike it, as you suggested. MR. LAGOMARSINO: I moved to strike the editorializing. MR. McNUTT: Yours, or mine?
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4 5 6 7	 Q. Is that a no? Is that a no? A. That's a no. Q. They are not considered deadly force? A. I I don't believe they are, according to the written policy. 	4 5 6 7 8 9	MR. McNUTT: No. To strike it, as you suggested. MR. LAGOMARSINO: I moved to strike the editorializing. MR. McNUTT: Yours, or mine? MR. LAGOMARSINO: Yours. I wasn't editorializing.
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Page 247 Q. And do you also agree that profuse sweating, Q. Okay. And so you're going to the second 1 paranoia and hyperactive are also all symptoms or can be sentence, "He also contends that the use of an LVNR was symptoms of someone suffering from being under the an approved force tactic based upon Metro policy and was influence of a controlled substance? listed as a low level force option"? A. It -- it can be, based on the circumstances and A. That's correct. what else is contributing to that opinion. 6 O. And that's a factually correct statement? 6 Q. Do you take issue with Metro and their policies 7 A. To my recollection, it is. behind Safe Strip? You've heard the phrase "Safe 8 Q. Okay. So "The fallacy in this reasoning." Strip"? He's not reasoning anything there. He's simply saying 9 9 what Metro's policy was in those first two statements. 10 A. I have. O. I believe you referenced it. Correct? 11 A. We might argue over the word "reasoning." 11 Obviously, reasoning goes into that for him to make that 12 A. Yes. 12 Q. Do you take issue with Metro having a policy of 13 13 comparison. putting officers inside casinos for Safe Strip? Q. Well, we're obviously going to argue over the 14 14 A. I have no problem with that at all. I think 15 word "reasonable" and what's a fact. So what part of 15 16 it's a good move. these factually correct -- you just admitted there are 16 Q. Did you have any issue with the fact that --17 two factually correct sentences. What part of that is 17 because you reference in your report that this was the 18 reasoning? 18 19 first time Officer Lopera had worked inside the A. I did say that. And I say it takes reasoning 19 20 Venetian. to come to those conclusions. 20 21 A. I don't know that I said that I knew that it Q. So paragraph or -- excuse me. You say, "Farmer 21 was a -- a policy of doing that is only in effect for a 22 was sweating profusely at that time" --23 couple of months. And I -- I -- you'd have to show me A. Where are you at here? 23 where I said that. It -- I would say that would have Q. Just listen. "Farmer was sweating profusely at 24 been a logical conclusion on my part. that time, seemed a bit paranoid and hyperactive -- all 25 Page 248 Page 246 Q. So you're taking issue with the fact that Metro symptoms of the possible onset of excited delirium." 1 put an officer inside a casino and he had never worked 2 Do you agree with your statement? there before? 3 A. Where is the statement? Q. I just read it. Do you agree with --A. I think -- I don't know that I would state it 4 that way. I would think that putting an officer into a A. Tell me where it is. I'd like to read it 5 position like that where there's a -- it is outside the 6 myself. normal patrol officer functions where they're driving a Q. Okay, sir. Top of page 22. I know your 7 car, which -- which I think Lopera had been doing. This opinions shift a little bit. 8 was a new assignment. It was a unique assignment. I 9 A. My opinion hasn't shifted. think that the fact that he was put out there when he O. Let's go to the second sentence in the first 10 was essentially a short-timer after coming out of the 11 paragraph. correctional facility, I don't see any indication of MR. LAGOMARSINO: Hold on. I'm just going to 12 what additional training he was given to accomplish this -- Counsel, if there's going to continue to be comments 13 14 job. I think he was put into that job without the that are not in the question and answer form about the police experience that an officer should have being put 15 witness, then I'm going to stop the deposition and move 15 into something like that with a great deal of autonomy. 16 16 for protective order. 17 And I'll tell you, quite frankly, I don't think MR. McNUTT: Direct your witness to answer the 17 18 Lopera should have been a police officer at all. questions, please, then. 18 19 19 MR. LAGOMARSINO: I've made my record. Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Do you see where I read? 20 A. Much less put into a special assignment like 20 21 21 A. Yeah. I'm reading preceding that and I want to that. 22 Q. Why should Lopera never have been a police see the whole context of that statement. 22 23 officer? 23 Correct. That's -- that's what it says. 24 Q. Okay. And do you stand by that statement? A. Pardon me? 24 Q. Why should Lopera never have been a police 25 25 A. I do.

- 1	D240		Page 251
1	Page 249 officer?	1	THE WITNESS: That's a thin line difference
2	A. Because I think he's I don't think he was	2	between the two.
	mentally fit for it.	3	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Well, words matter. Right?
4	Q. What evidence do you have of that?	4	A. Words do matter at times, yes.
5	A. This whole situation.	5	MR. McNUTT: Andre, I'm going
6	Q. That's it? You don't have any psych	6	THE WITNESS: Actions also matter.
	evaluation?	7	Q. BY MR. McNUTT: Well, since you want to talk
- 1		8	about actions, Ken Lopera did not shoot Tashii Farmer or
8	A. I I asked for evaluations. I've not seen	9	shoot at Tashii Farmer. You did shoot at an unarmed
- 1	those. I've not been provided with those. I'm also	10	fleeing suspect who had not committed anything other
	basing it upon what Officer Lif said about his	11	than burglary. Correct?
	personality, how he's handled situations where they've	12	A. He committed an assault on a police officer.
	been partners together she disagreed with, how she		He committed a burglary.
- 1	described him as being much more outspoken, much more	13	
	aggressive, a much lower level of probable cause that he	14	Q. I mean, you say he committed
	used to make situations. To me, those are indicative of	15	A. That's much different than what what this
	a personality that probably should never have been	16	situation is.
1	selected to be a police office. If they do, the	17	Q. You say he committed assault on a police
18	psychiatric evaluations which I think they do, that	18	officer. Is there any objective evidence of that?
19	should have been detected.	19	A. He busted my nose, if you want to know the
20	Q. Since the parallels between your shooting the	20	difference. Okay? That's a lot different than what
21	runaway in the back, or shooting at him and this case	21	this situation is.
22	are very similar	22	Q. Is there a medical report of that?
23	A. They're totally different.	23	A. There was a medical report back at the time.
24	Q should you have never become a special agent	24	Q. Is there objective evidence of that?
25	in the FBI?	25	A. There was a medical report at the time.
	Page 250		Page 252
1	A. You're getting ridiculous now.	1	Q. Did anyone see that?
2	Q. No.	2	A. What do you mean did anyone see it?
3	A. I'm going I'm going to on the record I'm	3	Q. Did anyone see it?
4	going to disagree with that. They're totally different	4	The state of the s
5	situations. The probable cause of both of them was	5	
6	totally different. The laws were totally different.	6	1 200 000 00000
7	And for you to draw a comparison and say they're nearly	7	Q
8	identical is totally incorrect.	8	, , ,
9	Q. I will draw comparisons very closely to your	9	,
10	personal situation because, in fact, you acknowledge	10	Q. You can resent it all you want.
11		1.	
	that under Tennessee v. Garner today your actions would	11	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
12	not be justified. Correct?	12	going to disagree with it when you're totally wrong.
12 13	not be justified. Correct? MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form.	12	going to disagree with it when you're totally wrong. MR. McNUTT: Andre, I'm going to pass this
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1 sure. 1 A. I do. Q. Now, as part of your consulting work do you Q. Okay. As I've been introduced, my name is 2 2 keep up to speed on Ninth Circuit case law and Supreme Craig Anderson and I represent the police department, Court case law involving police officers, 4th and 14th Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, and then Amendment issues? Officers Crumrine, Tran and Flores. So we're kind of A. I try to, but it tends to be -- for the most done talking about Lopera. Okay? 6 part, it tends to be more case specific if there's a A. Yes. need to. But I do -- I belong to organizations that Q. As part of your consulting work do you ever send out those decisions pretty routinely. So I try to provide training for law enforcement organizations? A. I have not since I've been doing the consulting 10 stay on top of them. 10 O. What organizations do you belong to that send 11 11 Q. When was the last time you provided training to 12 out that information? 12 13 A. I -- I've been involved with legal aid a law enforcement organization? 13 foundations. I -- the two specific organizations have A. Would have been in Russia when I was working 14 been California Attorneys for Criminal Justice, which under -- we had a State Department grant to teach the 15 16 sends out a lot of things. The National Association of Russian police in nine different cities about 16 Criminal Defense Lawyers. I belong to the Tactical 17 professionalism, basically. 17 Officers Association. I belong to the -- a couple of Q. What year was that, roughly? 18 18 homicide investigators associations. I belong to a 19 A. That would have been from -- boy. Roughly '99 19 number of policing and psychology -- police or 2000, for about a three-year period. 20 21 psychologists. I belong to those. All of those send Q. And then does part of your consulting involve 21 out notices and literature on court decisions, what have 22 the drafting of policies for police agencies? 22 23 you. 23 A. No. Q. Based upon your personal experience, your 24 24 Q. In your consulting work and your expert witness work have you ever done another case that involved a subscription to journals and these organizations --Page 256 Page 254 1 A. Uh-huh. neck restraint and death? 2 Q. -- how would you define the duty to intervene? 2 A. I don't believe so, but I'm not positive of A. I think it's a critical part of a supervisor or 3 that. a manager's job, primarily. I also think it's a duty of O. Have you ever done another case as an expert 4 any law enforcement officer that -- who sees something that involved the use of the LVNR? 5 that is improper, incorrect, dangerous. I think they 6 A. I don't believe so. have a duty to intervene. But people in supervisory or O. So is it fair that as you sit here today, and 7 managerial jobs I think have -- it -- it goes beyond of course you could supplement this answer later, this 8 just a duty. That's a part of their job. is the only LVNR case that you've done? 9 Q. And do you have a definition for the duty to 10 10 A. That I can readily recall, yes. intervene? If you were drafting a policy, how would you Q. Okay. Have you ever testified at trial 11 1.1 12 describe the duty to intervene? regarding the duty to intervene? 12 A. I'd have to sit down and think about it. But 13 13 A. I do believe so, yes. The vast majority -- I'm basically, it's -- the duty to intervene is to stop 14 sorry. I'm getting past. 14 something that's improper. And improper could include O. Go ahead. 15 policy violations, law violations, standard police 16 A. The vast majority of work that I have seen that 16 practice violations; whatever. 17 I have fallen into in -- in this work has been in 17 Q. Would you agree that for the duty to intervene 18 homicide cases. And I've talked a lot about the duty of to be triggered the supervising or other officer would management to intervene and where an investigation was 19 first have to recognize something was wrong and, second, going, especially when things were going wrong, but only 20 they'd have time to actually intervene? 21 in that sense, that I recall. 21 Q. Have you ever testified in a trial that a 22 A. I believe those can be factors, yes. 22 23 Q. Are there other factors you can think of? 23 police officer properly intervened where that was an A. Well, the main thing I think of and -- and 2.4 24 issue in the case? basically, it's based on my own experiences and having A. One does not come to mind. I can't say no for

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1	supervisors working for me. I had 27, 28 supervisors	1	Code Red is?
2	working for me in L.A. By the time they get to that	2	A. We used to call it Code 30 or Code 20 here in
3	point, they've got a lot of experience. And I think to	3	California, but it's an officer needs help. And I don't
4	recognize for a supervisor or manager to notice that	4	in terms of Las Vegas, I don't know what level
5	something is improper I think happens really almost	5	usually there's a differentiation of a couple levels. I
6	instantaneously when they encounter that. In terms of	6	presume a Code Red is probably the top one.
7	having time to intervene, obviously that depends on the	7	Q. So when Crumrine arrived, all he knew was that
8	situation. But I think it's their duty to intervene as	8	there was a Code Red, which meant his fellow officer was
9	soon as as humanly possible if it's if it's off	9	in trouble. That's all he knew upon arriving, based
10	track.	10	upon the record?
11	Q. Okay. But prior to intervening they would	11	A. I think that's essentially correct.
12	first have to recognize that something was wrong. Is	12	Q. And do you agree that when Crumrine arrived,
13	that fair, just as a general statement?	13	all of the Tasing and punches had already occurred?
14	A. I think it's fair. Yes.	14	A. I'd have to look at the tape again. My I
15	Q. And then, second, they would have to have time	15	I think that's correct.
16	and opportunity to intervene. Correct?	16	Q. And so when Crumrine arrived, all he saw was
17	A. Basically, yes.	17	Mr. Brown and Lopera on the ground fighting?
18	Q. Can verbal commands be a form of intervention?	18	A. Correct.
19	A. It can be. And that's generally the first form	19	Q. Would you agree that when Crumrine arrived, he
20	that intervention would take, is a verbal command to	20	had very little information about what had occurred
21	stop.	21	prior?
22	Q. And then you can also intervene by physically	22	A. I would agree with that.
23	going hands on. Is that fair?	23	Q. Would you agree that when Crumrine arrived, he
24	A. Correct.	24	encountered a dynamic situation or what appeared to be a
25	Q. So there can be verbal intervention and	25	dynamic situation? Let me strike that and start the
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	Page 258		Page 260
1	physical intervention?	1	question over.
2	physical intervention? A. Correct.	2	question over. Would you agree, from Officer Crumrine's
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	2/1		Page 263
	Page 261	,	_
- 1	assumption.	1	A. No.Q. So you would agree that the moment Officer
2	Q. I mean, officers are allowed when they come	2	•
Ì	onto these scenes to assume their officers acted	3	Crumrine arrived, he got physically involved in the
4	reasonably up to that point. Correct?	4	altercation?
5	A. Yes.	5	A. Yes.
6	Q. Would it be reasonable for an officer in	6	Q. And then 20 seconds after Officer Crumrine
7	Officer Crumrine's situation to make the decision that	7	arrived he gave Lopera the order to "Let him go, Ken"?
8	the first task would be to handcuff Mr. Farmer?	8	A. Correct. I I don't know exactly on the 20
9	A. I don't know that that would be the first	9	seconds, but that's certainly the ballpark.
10	decision that he has to make. I think the first	10	Q. And Lopera said, "Are you sure," and Crumrine
11	decision goes back to the the almost instantaneous	11	said "Yeah." Do you recall that?
12	assessment that he's got to make and whatever his his	12	A. Yes.
13	assumptions are, presumptions are at the time. I I	13	Q. Now, you testified you're not an expert in the
14	think helping to subdue in this case Mr. Brown or Mr.	14	LVNR. Is that correct?
15	Farmer would based on what he saw, would probably be	15	A. Correct.
16	in the realm of a fair assumption.	16	Q. But you're familiar with the LVNR?
17	Q. So I understand there's lots of things police	17	A. Yes.
18	officers can do. In this situation was it reasonable	18	Q. Okay. Are you aware that it's training with
19	for Officer Crumrine to first attempt to assist with	19	the LVNR that if an officer is performing it and is told
20	handcuffing?	20	to stop performing the LVNR but the suspect is not yet
21	A. I don't know that handcuffing would have been	21	in custody or handcuffed, that the officer releases the
22	I mean, certainly that would have been in the upper	22	pressure but maintains the restraining arm around the
23	levels of his priorities. But I I think the big	23	neck? Did you know that?
24	thing would be to get to get him under control.	24	A. Repeat the question.
25	Q. Okay. To get Mr. Farmer under control?	25	Q. Horrible question. Too long.
	Page 262		Page 264
1	Page 262 A. Correct.	1	So the training of the LVNR is that until a
1 2	-	1 2	So the training of the LVNR is that until a suspect is handcuffed or under control, the officer
	A. Correct.		So the training of the LVNR is that until a
2	A. Correct. Q. Okay. And so maybe I'm misunderstanding you.	2	So the training of the LVNR is that until a suspect is handcuffed or under control, the officer
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	Page 265		Page 267
1	choke?	- 1	not attempting to assist. He wasn't standing around
2	A. From what I saw, it appears that he was using a	2	passively. Do you agree with that?
3	rear naked.	3	A. No, he wasn't.
4	Q. And do you also agree it would be difficult to	4	Q. When you're involved in these dynamic
5	tell whether it was a rear naked choke or an LVNR?	5	situations, is time difficult to quantify for a police
6	A. From the perspective I had from the tape, it's	6	officer?
7	difficult, yeah. And as I said earlier, I based my	7	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form, foundation.
8	opinion on seeing Lopera's hand up on the head of of	8	THE WITNESS: It it depends on the
9	Brown or Farmer.	9	situation. You know, it depends on the threat the
10	Q. And would you agree that if you were an	10	police officer himself is feeling or herself is feeling.
11	observer on the ground, like Crumrine, Tran and Flores,	11	There's an old saying that time does stand still in
12	would it be difficult to tell if it was an LVNR or a	12	those situations. That's very true. Not every
13	rear naked choke?	13	situation. Usually the more experienced you are, the
14	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form, foundation.	14	more training you've had, it's it's it's not as
15	THE WITNESS: It shouldn't have been. I mean,	15	big a problem.
16	from what I saw of Crumrine and also Tran and Flores,	16	Q. BY MR. ANDERSON: I've had some officers say
17	they were in they were right there on top. They were	17	that minutes pass very quickly and others say seconds
18	looking right down on it, within a matter of a foot or	18	pass very slowly. Did you have those type of
19	two. They should have been able to tell. There's	19	experiences as well?
20	enough distinction in the visibility.	20	A. Early in my career, I think so. Yeah.
21	Q. BY MR. ANDERSON: They should have been able to	21	Q. But as you get more experience, you get better
22	tell which type of hold was being used?	22	at gauging time?
23	A. Yes.	23	A. Yeah. Yes. I'm sorry.
24	Q. But you would agree that it would be difficult	24	Q. These situations that Officer Crumrine
25	to tell how much pressure, if any, was being applied at	25	encountered, can they be stressful?
	Page 266		Page 268
1	any given moment?	1	A. Very stressful.
		l	, -v · · y ·
2	A. Very difficult. Yes.	2	Q. Do you believe that officers in these
2 3	A. Very difficult. Yes. MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form, foundation.	2	
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Page 271 with a suspect and an officer believes that a prolonged was a -- a probationary or it was -- he had just been neck restraint is being used, would the officer ever put in that position. And I -- I would guess that he -physically intervene with the officer performing the his first reaction, again based on experience of what I neck restraint before the suspect is handcuffed? saw there, that he reverted back to his street police officer thinking and action and -- and jumped right in. MR. LAGOMARSINO: Incomplete hypothetical. 5 And I'm not saying that that was the wrong thing to do 6 THE WITNESS: Yes. O. BY MR. ANDERSON: And so you wouldn't have a at the time, especially when it was just he and Lopera problem, if two officers were fighting, to stop another there. 8 officer before a suspect was actually handcuffed? When Tran and Flores stood up and they came in, 9 A. If they tried to stop the chokehold, you mean? and Tran especially immediately got involved, at that 10 10 Q. I can maybe say this more simply. 11 situation a supervisor would -- would normally take a 11 12 I have not talked to anyone, this doesn't mean step back and let them handle it. 12 anything, who has ever said that you would physically O. BY MR. ANDERSON: Okay. And so correct me if 13 13 stop Lopera from doing the chokehold before Farmer was I'm wrong. You don't have any criticisms of Sergeant 14 14 handcuffed. 1.5 Crumrine's actions until after Tran and Flores arrived? 15 A. Well, it would depend on what Farmer was 16 16 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form. exhibiting at that time, you know. My recollection is 17 THE WITNESS: That's essentially correct. 17 that most of the resistance had stopped at that point. 18 18 Yeah. Q. BY Mr. ANDERSON: And you would agree with me 19 In fact, it -- I recall that Farmer's -- Crumrine, I 19 believe, did get a handcuff on -- or one of them got a that Crumrine did intervene in some form by going hands 20 20 on and attempting to assist with the handcuffing? 21 handcuff on one of his hands -- one of his arms, but 21 22 they couldn't do the other one because their bodies were 22 A. That's correct. together and the one hand was kind of trapped between Q. And you would agree that he did attempt a form 23 23 the two. I don't recall there being much physical of intervention by giving the verbal orders to Lopera? 24 24 25 resistance around that time. A. That's correct. He just didn't go to the next 25 Page 272 Page 270 1 Q. And based upon your experience, if you arrived 1 step. on a scene such as this, when you first arrive, how long Q. And the next step, is that physically stopping 2 3 Lopera from performing the neck restraint? would you think it would take to get this suspect into handcuffs? There's three of you. He doesn't have any A. I think that when Tran and Flores arrived and 4 visible weapons. I mean, typically how long would it started to participate in the thing, as I said, Crumrine 5 take to get someone into handcuffs? should have -- should have stood up and let them handle 7 A. It obviously depends on the situation. But it. At that point he should have tried again the verbal 7 with -- with three people, and four especially, it thing to reinforce that. He -- the next thing that I should have happened relatively quickly. There's think he should have done is direct -- if Lopera is not various techniques you can use to do that. 10 hearing it, that he should order Tran and Flores to --11 Q. And would you agree that an objectively 11 to stop it. If they're not stopping it, then I think he should step in and assist in -- in pulling them apart. 12 reasonable officer arriving at the same time as Tran and 12 Q. Now, do you agree on disagree with this: When Flores would have had that same thought, it shouldn't 13 13 handcuffing was completed on Mr. Farmer, all four take very long to get this guy into handcuffs? 14 14 15 A. I would think so. stopped within a couple of seconds? 15 16 Q. This kind of became a weird situation that it 16 A. Yes. took so long to get control of him? Unusual situation? 17 O. And so when we're talking about physically 17 intervening and prying Lopera's arms off Mr. Farmer's 18 A. It was an unusual situation, not necessarily --18 it was an unusual situation because of the way it had neck, would an officer ever do that before Farmer was 19 19 20 started and the way it was being handled. 20 handcuffed? Q. And so before I get to Flores and Tran, just to 21 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form. 21 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. Say that again. 22 make sure I understand you, it's your opinion that 22 Sergeant Crumrine, when he arrived, acted appropriately 23 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form, incomplete 23 by intervening by giving verbal commands and attempting hypothetical.

Q. BY MR. ANDERSON: If officers are struggling

to assist with handcuffing, but when the other two

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Page 275 obviously saw when they got there, without knowing all officers arrive, he should have stepped back and took the circumstances. It would have been a form of better control of the situation? intervention to help get him into a -- a control A. He should have taken control, you know, whether 4 position. -- when I say step back, that's kind of a philosophical Q. And as we just talked about, a reasonable type -- type term here. But he should have taken officer in their situation would assume it would just control of the situation. take seconds to get Mr. Farmer into cuffs with three Q. But you generally agree with my statement? present? A. Yes. 9 A. Seconds. Yeah. O. Okay. So when Flores and Tran arrive, they're 9 kind of in the same situation as Crumrine, that they 10 O. And did you see any period of time on the video 10 where Officer Tran stood around and did nothing prior to don't have a lot of information as to what's occurred 11 12 handcuffing? prior to their arrival? 12 13 A. No. 13 A. Yes. Q. Okay. Did you see anywhere on the video where O. And when they arrive, all of the Tasing and 14 1.4 Officer Flores stood around and did nothing prior to 15 punches had already occurred? 1.5 A. To my recollection. I'm a little confused, you 16 handcuffing? 16 17 A. No. know, without looking at the tape again. But I could 17 Q. Did you see any actions taken by Tran or Flores 18 18 vividly see the punches that Lopera was throwing. 19 before handcuffing that you would consider to be Q. Well, when they arrived, Mr. Farmer was already 20 passive? in some form of neck restraint. Is that fair? A. Flores was a little more passive than Tran was. 21 21 A. Yes, he was. But, you know, broadly characterize it as passive? I 22 Q. Okay. And so he obviously wasn't using his Taser and if his arms are encircling Mr. Farmer's head 23 wouldn't characterize it as that. Q. And the officers were hands on with Mr. Farmer and neck area, he was done punching? 24 until handcuffing was complete. Is that correct? A. I think you're correct that those punches 25 Page 276 Page 274 1 A. I -- I believe so, yes. occurred before they arrived. 1 Q. And would you agree that when Tran and Flores 2 O. And when Officer Tran arrived -arrived, although they could tell Officer Lopera had A. The reason I'm a little confused is there were 3 some form of neck restraint, they could not tell how those hotel security guys there. I'm trying to much pressure, if any, was being applied? differentiate between whey they were still there while A. I think the earlier answer I gave would apply he was still -- I remember there were some bodies kind here also. I think it would be very difficult to tell. of in front between him and the camera but directly 7 7 Q. And according to your review of the record, 8 right at the incident itself. Tran ordered Officer Lopera to loosen up once Q. And your recollection is the same as mine. The handcuffing was complete? 10 hotel security was present. Crumrine, Tran and Flores all arrived after the punches and Tasing. 11 A. I believe that's correct. 11 Q. And once Officer Tran gave that statement to 12 12 Now, when Officer Tran arrived, he immediately Officer Lopera, that's when he rolled off Mr. Farmer? 13 physically intervened, too, by assisting with the 1.3 A. Again, that -- that's what I recall. 14 handcuffing? 1.4 Q. And so do you agree that Officers Tran and 15 15 A. Yes, he did. Flores physically intervened by assisting with the Q. And Flores was just seconds behind him? 16 16 17 handcuffing? A. A few seconds. 17 A. It was a form of physical intervention. My --O. And would you agree that when Tran and Flores 18 arrived, it could still be characterized as a dynamic my -- my problem that I have with Crumrine and Tran and 19 20 -- and Flores is that they did not really try to extract 2.0 situation? A. Yeah. Maybe on the borderline, but it was 21 Lopera from that chokehold. 21 22 Q. Okay. And so it's your expert opinion that one 22 still dynamic. of the three officers or all three of the officers Q. And Tran and Flores' attempts to assist with 23 23 should have left Farmer unsecured and attempted to pry handcuffing was a form of intervention? 24 25 Lopera's arms off of Mr. Farmer's neck prior to A. It was a form of intervention for what they

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Page 277 minute mark for sure. But it would certainly be at the 1 handcuffing? point where it's accomplished its purpose or at least MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form. 2 what Lopera's purpose seemed to be, which is to render THE WITNESS: I don't know that I would go that 3 Farmer unconscious. far. I think -- and I'd have to go back and look at the Q. And you would agree -video again as to exactly what the resistance level was, 6 A. It's clear he was unconscious for a while if any, from Farmer at that point. But certainly if -before separation occurred. if things are accurate, which I have no reason to O. And you would agree that at the one minute mark disbelieve, that Farmer was, in fact, unconscious at Mr. Farmer still was not handcuffed? that one minute level or -- obviously, he would have been unconscious before that if the other estimates and 10 A. I can't say specifically at one minute, but it 10 didn't happen until after he had gone unconscious. whatever are correct. I think there would have been an 11 11 Q. But the fact the officers were still struggling opportunity there for them to extract Lopera from that 12 12 to handcuff Mr. Farmer at the one minute mark, you find without incurring any additional danger from Farmer. 13 that behavior of the officers conscience shocking? Q. BY MR. ANDERSON: Are you aware of any legal 14 14 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form, misstates precedent that says an officer has to physically 15 15 16 intervene in order to fulfill his duty to intervene? the evidence. 16 THE WITNESS: I -- I don't know whether. 17 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form, foundation. 17 because of the -- the grappling-type hold that Lopera 18 THE WITNESS: A legal requirement to do so? 18 had on him, I don't know if any of Farmer's actions or 19 Q. BY MR. ANDERSON: Yes. What is your opinion 19 perceived actions were a result of that because of -- of 20 that the officers should have physically stopped Lopera 20 Lopera's movements. But if he had that rear naked on, 21 from performing the neck restraint based upon? 21 and he was certainly, as I said before, bragging about 22 A. The fact that it continued too long. And I --22 23 it afterwards. Farmer was most likely unconscious at I feel fairly safe in stating that Farmer was probably that point. And if the -- if the hold or the choke was unconscious at that point because we know that Lopera 24 continued that for a while. And I -- I think there were still in place, it shouldn't have been. 25 Page 280 Page 278 1 I also do recall that there was some question opportunities there for them to have -- have stopped it. 1 about the fact that his arm, Farmer's arm was caught Q. I doubt you'll have a name, but are you aware 2 of any case law from the Ninth Circuit of the Supreme between his body and -- and Lopera's, which made completing the handcuffing difficult, which may have Court that supports your opinion? MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form, foundation. prolonged it. 5 Q. BY MR. ANDERSON: Now, in your report you use THE WITNESS: I'm not specifically aware of any terms like "conscience shocking," "deliberate case law. I would presume that it's probably been 7 indifference," "gross negligence," "reckless." In your addressed at some point at -- at the levels. I -- I 8 years as an expert have you ever been allowed to testify don't know that for sure. But I think some of this as to what you believe to be deliberate indifference, comes back, too, to the whole concept of the difference 1.0 gross negligence or conscience shocking? between the 4th and the 14th, what's reasonable and what 11 11 12 A. Only in depositions. shocks the conscience. I mean, it got to a point where 12 Q. You would agree that it's up to a jury to 13 it -- it definitely was at a point of shocking the 13 decide whether those terms apply to the facts that you 14 conscience when Lopera, you know, was carrying that on 14 15 give? way too long, which all comes back to this deliberate 15 16 A. Absolutely. indifference concept. 16 Q. Are you aware that there is another case going 17 Q. BY MR. ANDERSON: And in your expert opinion, on involving Farmer's estate and his children? what's the point where it becomes conscience shocking? 18 A. I am aware of that. I don't know all the 19 When would you draw that line? 19 20 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form. details of it. 20 Q. Did you know that Crumrine, Tran and Flores 21 THE WITNESS: When it's obvious that it's 21 have been dismissed from that lawsuit, having been found 22 become excessive. 22 23 to have properly intervened? Q. BY MR. ANDERSON: And when is that in this 23 24 A. I just learned that recently. case? 24

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A. Well, I -- I think it's probably at the one

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Q. Did that surprise you?

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Thomas Parker

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A. Again, I don't know --

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Page 281 that and that tends to really loosen the string at that 2

MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: -- if any of the facts were different than -- than what I learned. Like I say, I think it's in -- my -- my disagreement is not with their initial reactions to things. It's the -- the failure to physically intervene.

Q. BY MR. ANDERSON: Now, going to the police department itself, let's just see what we agree on.

Are you offering any opinions that just the written policies, not as they're applied, not as they're trained, just the written policies in a binder, that any of the written policies are unconstitutional or below the standard?

A. Let me put it this way. I don't have any real problem with the written policies. I've done some comparisons of those policies to the model policies put out by the International Association of Chiefs of Police, which is kind of the -- the guru on all of this. I do think that, as -- as has been identified here today and ran into, I think there's some policies that can go a little bit further, that can be a little clearer. But in a general sense, I don't have any real -- any real problems with the policies.

Q. Is that IACP? Do I have the acronym right?

point. 3 So I think the problem I've got is that there seems to be a lack of management attention to the violations or enforcing those policies. I couldn't tell if there was refresher training or reinforcement-type

training. 8 The other question I had when we talked about it this morning is I think some of the training was a little too short, but I also recognize the problems in 10 giving longer training when you're short on manpower. 11

- Q. Okay. I'm going to talk about everything that 12 you just brought up, but to go back, you understand as 13 an expert that any opinion you're going to offer at 14 trial needs to be in your expert report. Is that fair? 15
 - A. I -- I do understand that generally, yes, though I've been asked to opine on things that weren't in my report.
 - Q. You would agree with me that there are no criticisms of LVMPD's training in your written reports?
 - A. I don't think I mentioned any of these that I just -- that I just mentioned to you.
- Q. Well, you do mention what you just talked 23 24 about, and that's the culture.

A. Right.

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- A. International Association of Chiefs of Police.
- Q. Are you aware that Metro's policy, use of force policy on the date of the Tashii Farmer incident is cited by IACP as a model policy?
- A. I wasn't aware of that, but I -- I found all of their policies in -- in basic compliance with the IACP model policies.
- Q. And you would agree that your reports do not offer any criticisms of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department's training of their officers. Is that fair?
- A. Well, I haven't looked at all of the training lesson plans and all of that stuff. Basically, what I've seen is what training has been offered to the officers.

The -- the -- I think the problem that I've got with Metro is the fact that there's been such a long history of violations of policy, both in shootings and physical things like the case we're talking about here, which leads me to believe, again, based on my experience, and I've been writing and enforcing policies both, you -- you have to reinforce those policies. 23 Violations, the officers doing them have to be held accountable. And, believe me, when there are violations and there's no accountability, the other officers know

- Q. So I'm going to talk about that next. But you would agree there's no specific criticisms of Metro's training in your expert reports. Is that fair?
 - A. I believe that's correct.
- O. Okay. So now I want to talk to you about this culture.

7 The culture that you're talking about is that Metro has adequate written policies, adequate training, 8 but they do not enforce the training and the policies. 10 Is that what you just said?

- A. I see a lot of indications of that. Yeah.
- Q. Okay. Did I state your opinion fairly there?
- A. Yes. I think so.
- O. Okay. What do you rely upon for this culture argument you're making?
- A. Well, I've read these various reports that have 16 come out. I don't remember right now whether ACLU. I 17 think that they were involved. There is this 18 collaborative project, that there's been a number of 19 20 those situations. I rely somewhat on my own three years in Las Vegas. It was the wild west back then. But --21 and I'm not saying that that hasn't changed. I presume 22 23 that a good portion of it has. But --
 - Q. Well --
 - A. I -- I think there would be a lessening of

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	Page 285		Page 287
1	these situations if there was enforcement and sufficient	1	relying upon for that opinion?
2	refresher training.	2	A. Well, I don't remember when the Gibson case
3	Q. And you were in Las Vegas in the 1970s?	3	happened. Is that 2012 or '13? Somewhere.
4	A. '77 to '80.	4	Q. 2012.
5	Q. Okay. And the collaborative report, the COPS	5	A. Okay. There was obviously some breakdowns
6	report you're talking about, that was dated 2012.	6	there. I don't know that I can name another specific
7	Correct?	7	one. I I'm kind of a news junky. I follow the news
8	A. Correct.	8	a lot. I I've seen stories both online and in the
9	Q. Did you read the follow-up to the 2012 report?	9	press of other incidents that have happened.
10	A. I've read some things where some things had	10	Q. And in the Gibson shooting in 2012, the
11	been implemented from the report, but I've also I	11	shooter, Jesus Arrevela, was not terminated or
12	also understand there have been things that have not	12	disciplined, was he?
13	been followed up on. I couldn't tell you what those are	13	A. That's correct.
14	as we sit here.	14	Q. So it was different than this case, is that
15	Q. And in this case you reviewed the CIRT report.	15	correct, in the discipline field?
16	Correct?	16	A. It was.
17	A. Correct.	17	I I will say, and I don't remember whether I
18	Q. The redacted CIRT report. Correct?	18	said it in my report, but I think in general, Metro is
19	A. The what?	19	to be commended for the actions they took. In fact,
20	Q. The redacted.	20	it's I would say overall in law enforcement those
21	A. The redacted. Yes.	21	were unusual actions, except maybe New York.
22	Q. And you're aware of the discipline received by	22	Q. Did you view the factual findings of the CIRT
23	the officers, that it was recommended that Officer	23	report to be accurate?
24	Lopera be terminated and that Sergeant Crumrine was	24	A. For the most part, yeah.
25	busted down to a patrol officer?	25	Q. Did you see anywhere in the CIRT report where
	Page 286		Page 288
	e e		
1	A. Correct.	1	you believe that Metro slanted the investigation in
1 2	A. Correct.Q. Okay. Do you agree with that discipline in	1 2	you believe that Metro slanted the investigation in favor of the officers?
2	Q. Okay. Do you agree with that discipline in	2	favor of the officers?
2	Q. Okay. Do you agree with that discipline in this case?	2	favor of the officers? A. I'd have to go back and look at it. Nothing
2 3 4	Q. Okay. Do you agree with that discipline in this case?A. In those two instances, I do. I think the thing that I disagree with is, and	3 4	favor of the officers? A. I'd have to go back and look at it. Nothing comes to mind. Usually in the answer is that's a
2 3 4 5	 Q. Okay. Do you agree with that discipline in this case? A. In those two instances, I do. I think the thing that I disagree with is, and I realize there was some court decisions involved, is 	2 3 4 5	favor of the officers? A. I'd have to go back and look at it. Nothing comes to mind. Usually in the answer is that's a report. No. Usually in situations like that there is disagreement within the ranks, within the management
2 3 4 5	 Q. Okay. Do you agree with that discipline in this case? A. In those two instances, I do. I think the thing that I disagree with is, and I realize there was some court decisions involved, is Crumrine was given his stripes back. I don't know if he 	2 3 4 5 6	favor of the officers? A. I'd have to go back and look at it. Nothing comes to mind. Usually in the answer is that's a report. No. Usually in situations like that there is disagreement within the ranks, within the management
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Trinita Farmer v. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al.

Page 291 A. It was a Santa Barbara case. Right. A A. It's hard not to when you have experience. 1 7 Q. Okay. Now I want to talk to you about your 2 shooting case. 2 Q. Was Mr. Ryan allowed to testify in that case? 3 rebuttal report and your opinions on Mr. Jack Ryan. A. I don't believe he ever testified in court. I Okay? 5 -- I sat in on his deposition. A. Okay. Q. Oh, okay. The case never went to trial? Q. You would agree that there has never been any 6 finding of wrongdoing against Mr. Ryan based upon the 7 A. I think it was settled. O. Are you aware of any Court ever allowing two decades-old allegations. Correct? testimony or evidence regarding Operation Plunderdome to A. I don't know that I would agree with that the way you stated it. He escaped prosecution by some very 10 be used against Mr. Ryan? 10 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form, foundation. cunning moves on his part, and his pension was withheld, 11 11 12 THE WITNESS: I have no knowledge of any to say which he took to court and got back. But beside that, 12 I'm not aware of any other actions. He resigned to 13 that it didn't happen. I -- I couldn't go that far. 13 Q. BY MR. ANDERSON: Are you aware or have you 14 avoid prosecution. 14 ever reviewed any of the numerous trial court orders 15 Q. When you say his cunning actions, what are you 15 16 stating that there is no support for the allegations referring to? 16 against Mr. Ryan? A. Well, there was a whole series of events that 17 17 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Form, foundation. 18 I'm familiar with where not only the Providence Police 18 19 THE WITNESS: I've never heard of nor seen Department officers that were charged with investigating 19 20 what he had been involved with with the mayor and those. 20 21 O. BY MR. ANDERSON: Would that surprise you? others, along with the investigation by the FBI, that 21 22 A. It would surprise me. there were numerous attempts to interview him and in 22 some cases appointments would be made and he wouldn't 23 Q. Okay. Has there ever been any finding of wrongdoing against Mr. Ryan in any forum, including keep them. The bottom line was he -- when those 24 administrative hearings, for his alleged role in attempts were being made he always -- he'd make an 25 Page 292 Page 290 1 Operation Plunderdome? agreement but then duck showing up for that. A. No, because I think he resigned before -- other 2 However, there was a point, again, that I'm than withholding his retirement, I think he resigned aware of, where it appeared that he became pretty aware 3 before all that really came to fruition. of the evidence about the -- the transgressions he Q. Do you have any supporting evidence that Mr. participated in, and he hired an attorney. They 5 Ryan was ever listed as a target or subject in the prepared a proffer and he went in and started 7 Plunderdome investigation? cooperating with the FBI. 7 A. I do have knowledge of that. Q. What is your source of the information you just 8 8 Q. And what's that knowledge from? Is that from 9 relayed? 10 Mr. Aiken? A. It comes from my acquaintance with the lead FBI 10 A. Some of it's from Mr. Aiken. Some of it is agent that was on that case. It was called Operation 11 11 from reading some of the press. I talked to -- I don't 12 Plunderdome. And there's been a lot of press. There's 12 13 remember his name now, but I talked to a -- a City been books written. I recently reacquired the -- "The 13 official who was not involved in it but was mentioned in Prince of the City" I think was the name of the book 14 the press in terms of being knowledgeable. And I called 15 about the mayor, and Mr. Ryan is mentioned quite and talked with him briefly. That was back on the Santa 16 prominently in there. 16 17 Barbara case. Q. What's the name of your source? 17 18 Q. What was his name? A. Dennis Aiken. 18 A. I don't remember his name now. It seemed to me MR. McNUTT: How do you spell the last tame? 19 19 20 it was an Italian name. I don't know who it was. THE WITNESS: He's from where? 20 Q. Was Mr. Ryan listed as a government witness 21 21 MR. McNUTT: How do you spell the last name? 22 during the trial of the Providence mayor? THE WITNESS: A-i-k-e-n. 22 A. I think it was intended for him to be a Q. BY MR. ANDERSON: Now, you mentioned a Santa 23 23 witness, but I don't know whether it ever happened. Barbara case where you were against -- is it Santa

Barbara where you were against Mr. Ryan?

25

Q. Did you know that the government listed him as

		CI V	. Las vegas Metropontan i once Bepartment, et al.
	Page 293		Page 295
1	a witness on their side for that trial?	1	A. Well, there there was also an opinion
2	A. I don't know.	2	written by I think it was the State Attorney General,
3	Q. Would that surprise you?	3	if I'm not mistaken, that said Ryan had clearly
4	A. If the government would have listed him?	4	committed wrongdoing in the case. And I think that's
5	Q. Yeah. As their witness.	5	part of what committed or that's part of what led to
6	A. The federal government, or the state	6	his retirement and at least temporarily withheld. There
7	government?	7	is a document that states that.
8	Q. Federal.	8	Q. And you put "I have been told by former FBI
9	A. Federal?	9	colleagues familiar with the case that as Ryan was about
10	Q. Yes.	10	to be charged with various crimes associated with these
11	A. That wouldn't surprise me, no. If if he	11	and other situations, he offered to cooperate."
12	did, in fact, make this proffer and did work with the	12	Who are the former FBI colleagues that told you
13	FBI, I I don't know in what context they continued to	13	
14	use him.	14	A. Well, obviously, Mr. Aiken was. He was the
15	Q. In your rebuttal report you reference the	15	primary one.
16	\$5,000 payment scheme to the son of a is it Cianci,	16	Q. Now, your report states in paragraph 6 that Mr.
17	C-i-a-n-c-i, supporter?	17	Ryan, and I quote, "prefers to give the impression that
18	A. Cianci was the mayor at the time. Yeah.	18	he served honorably and also honorably retired from
19	Q. Who provided you that information?	19	police service," end quote.
20	A. I saw it in a number of places. I don't think	20	Is that what you wrote?
21	Aiken ever referred to that. It's listed in the book,	21	A. Correct.
22	and I also excuse me.	22	Q. You know that Mr. Brian has documentary
23	Q. Do you need a break? Are you okay?	23	evidence that he was honorably discharged. Do you know
24	A. I'm all right.	24	that?
25	I also at one point had access I never had	25	A. I know that he resigned. I don't know that it
***************************************	Page 294		Page 296
_	copies, but I had access to some of the some of the	1	was classified as an honorable discharge. I have not
1	copies, but I had decess to some of the	Į.	
1 2	pages in a the major city investigation that took	2	seen paperwork to that effect.
	-	ļ	seen paperwork to that effect. Q. Okay. Are you aware that since his 2002
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$\overline{}$	Page 297		Page 299
1	A. 6 B?	1	allegations without the supporting information in your
2	Q. Yeah. If you want to read that paragraph.	2	possession?
1	It's rather short.	3	A. Not at all.
		4	Q. Okay. At the bottom of 6 C you write about
4	A. Do you want me to read it out loud or	5	Ryan working out special deals with a local automobile
5	Q. No. Just read it to yourself.	6	dealer.
6	A. 6 B, you're saying, or D, as in David?	7	A. Correct.
7	Q. 6 B, as in boy.		
8	A. Okay. Yes. What's the question?	8	Q. What's that based upon?
9	Q. In that, you state that Ryan admitted to the	9	A. I believe that's in the book, and I believe I
10	FBI he had been provided source data for the questions	10	also saw that in in some of the reports of that of
11	to promotional exams.	11	that task force.
12	A. That's correct.	12	Q. And then in 6 D is when you talk about your FBI
13	Q. What is your basis for that statement?	13	colleagues where Ryan was a target in the investigation.
14	A. I believe it's in the book. I believe it's in	14	A. That's what I'm talking about. It was the U.S.
15	the pages that I saw of that big task force	15	Attorney, not the Attorney General.
16	investigation related to Ryan and I believe it was	16	Q. Okay. U.S. Attorney.
17	mentioned in in that as well. And I believe I was	17	A. Right.
18	told that by Dennis Aiken as well.	18	Q. Who is the person that told you Mr. Ryan was a
19	Q. And then	19	target? Is that Mr. Aiken?
20	A. And and I recall well, I recall reading	20	A. I think he confirmed it, that he was a target.
21	in some of that that Ryan had, in fact, admitted that.	21	Q. Okay. Anybody else tell you that he was a
22	Q. That he admitted it?	22	target besides Mr. Aiken?
23	A. Yeah. I think part of it was in the proffer.	23	A. Well, I I also it's obvious that I I
24	Q. Have you ever seen that proffer?	24	had I was given access to some pages of that that
25	A. I have not seen it, no.	25	
	Page 298	-	Page 300
	1 uge 270	1	
1	O Okay Would you garee that most of your	1	corruption And I I was I was put in touch with
1	Q. Okay. Would you agree that most of your	1 2	corruption. And I I was I was put in touch with
2	statements regarding Mr. Ryan are hearsay based?	2	one of the the key investigators in that who
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1 110		CI V	Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al.
	Page 301		Page 303
1	covered in that what I saw, that task force report.	1	department.
2	I believe it's in the book.	2	A. I'm not aware of that either.
3	Q. Could you get copies of those papers?	3	Q. Okay. Now, in section H are you claiming that
4	A. Could I get them now?	4	Mr. Ryan's pension was actually revoked?
5	Q. Uh-huh.	5	A. That's that was what I was told, that it was
6	A. I don't know.	6	cancelled or withheld.
7	Q. Okay. Are you aware that Mr. Ryan's office at	7	Q. And who told you that?
8	the time was located next to the Providence Police	8	A. You know, at this point I don't remember. I
9	Chief's office in the Providence Police Headquarters?	9	I do recall reading about it. I don't know whether
10	A. I know that he was the Director of	10	Aiken told me about it or the the officer that I
11	Administration and was considered kind of the right-hand	11	talked to that was involved in that investigation.
12	man of Pergano or whatever the Chief's name was at the	12	Q. Did you review Mr. Ragosta's, R-a-g-o-s-t-a,
13	time.	13	stipulation on behalf of the City of Providence in which
14	Q. So he would have been right next door to the	14	he acknowledged that Mr. Ryan did not act for corrupt
15	people that were supposed to be trying to find him. Do	15	purposes but, rather, to resolve a potential lawsuit?
16	you know that?	16	A. I'm sorry. Did I say that?
17	A. I I don't know where the task force was	17	Q. No. You don't mention it at all. You don't
18	located. The normal process, they would have been	18	mention Mr. Ragosta's stipulation.
19	located outside of the police department. I don't know	19	A. Let me read that paragraph again here.
20	where they were located, but I I think it's I	20	Q. Okay.
21	don't know that it was a question of them not trying to	21	A. And what's the question again?
22	find him, that he just was not to be found.	22	Q. The question was, have you ever reviewed Mr.
23	Q. Okay. In section G you claim that Mr. Ryan	23	Ragosta's stipulation on behalf of the City of
24	made a \$1,000 donation to the Cianci campaign.	24	Providence in which he acknowledged that Mr. Ryan did
25	A. Yes.	25	not act for corrupt purposes.
		-	
	Page 302	Ì	Page 304
1	Q. What evidence do you have of that?	1	Page 304 A. I have not seen that.
1 2	· -	1 2	
	Q. What evidence do you have of that?	Ì	A. I have not seen that.
2	Q. What evidence do you have of that? A. I was shown a check of his campaign donation	2	A. I have not seen that. Q. Would that be important to you?
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The	omas Parker I filma Farme	SI V	. Las vegas Metropolitan i once Department, et al.
	Page 305		Page 307
1	A. I'm not aware of that. I would be a little	- 1	being with the New Jersey State Police and the position
2	surprised at that. We usually did a pretty good job of	1	he was in. He was administrative rank.
3	checking out who we had come in to teach courses.	3	Q. So you spent 45 minutes with that person?
4	Q. Exactly. You don't think they do a good job	4	A. That's correct.
5	anymore?	5	Q. And you put "whose credibility I am very
6	A. Is there evidence of that, or is it Mr. Ryan's	6	familiar with"?
7	statements?	7	A. Based on what Mr. Aiken told me, yes, and my
8	Q. He'll testify to it under oath.	8	own impressions of him.
9	A. Okay. There's a big difference, though,	9	Q. Are you aware that information is wrong?
10	between is there documentation of that or	10	A. That it's wrong?
11	Q. There is documentation.	11	Q. Yeah. I'm
12	A. There is? I'd be surprised at that.	12	A. I'm not aware it's wrong. I wouldn't put it
13	MR. ANDERSON: I apologize.	13	there if I thought it was wrong.
14	MR. McNUTT: Do you want to take a break?	14	Q. Well, if you're interested, Mr. Ryan has only
15	MR. ANDERSON: I don't have much longer. If	15	been retained in one case in South Portland, Maine. The
16	you want to take a break, we can.	16	case is Parker versus Gerrish, G-e-r-r-i-s-h, which is a
17	Q. Paragraph J.	17	published opinion citing Mr. Ryan's opinions as the
18	MR. McNUTT: Do you want to take a break?	18	basis for the Court granting a summary judgment motion.
19	THE WITNESS: I'm fine.	19	A. I'm not aware of that.
20	MR. ANDERSON: I'm almost done.	20	Q. Okay. Who drafted the 59-page investigation
21	THE WITNESS: I'm just curious what time it	21	you reference in paragraph L in
22	was.	22	A. That's that that's that task force.
23	Q. BY MR. ANDERSON: In Paragraph J you put, "I	23	Q. Who signed it?
24	have been further advised by a very reliable source,	24	A. I don't remember. Like I say, I didn't see the
25	with whose credibility I am very familiar, that Ryan was	25	1
	Page 306		Page 308
1	reportedly 'dumped' from the New Jersey State Police	1	, , ,
2	Oversight Project described above. The same reliable	2	, , ,
3	source advised that Ryan was also reportedly," and I	3	
4	quote, "'booted," b-o-o-t-e-d, end quote, "as a	4	
5	•	5	
6	l ·	6	
7	1 J	7	, ,
8	1	8	119 2011 8 0 0 0 0 0 7
9		9	
10		10	
11		11	
12		12	
13	that I stumbled across at a meeting I was at.	13	
14		14	*
15		15	
16	•	16	•
17		17	
18		18	
19		19	,
20	1	20	
21	1 -	21	
22		22	, ,
23		23	
24		24	13
25	than him being very reliable, part of that because of	25	
70	OASIS REPORTIN	١G	SERVICES, LLC Page: 77 (305 - 308)

	Page 309		Page 311
1	A. I don't know what he was asked to look at.	1	to the code of silence, the blue wall, whatever you want
2	Q. Okay. If you were retained to render opinions	2	to call it. Did you see any information that that
3	to specific officers, would you go out and render	3	existed in this case?
4	opinions against officers who didn't retain you? Would	4	A. I think they were they were definitely
5	you render opinions against officers you were not	5	present in this this situation. I do recall I
6	retained to look at their actions?	6	mean, I I read over 5,000 pages. I I do recall
7	A. If there was a reason to, I would. I've done	7	that there were officers or personnel within Metro that
8	that.	8	were defensive of what Lopera did, saw nothing wrong
9	Q. In paragraph 8 of your rebuttal opinion, this	9	with it. I know Ryan and Borden, was it? Is that your
10	is about the officers	10	expert?
11	A. Okay.	11	MR. McNUTT: Jamie Borden is my expert.
12	Q it parrots kind of what you talked about	12	THE WITNESS: Jamie Borden. They were both, I
13	today. You label Crumrine's actions as significant	13	think, very, very defensive of Lopera's position and saw
14	negligence-related liability. Is that correct?	14	nothing wrong with with what he did. And I think
15	A. Let me read this again.	15	they they ignored the evidence there.
16	I don't see. Where did I say that,	16	But in terms of your question with regard to
17	"significant"?	17	Metro, I I do recall seeing some statements in there
18	Q. Let me see.	18	that were were in defense of Lopera's actions, saw
19	A. I see it. It's at the top of page 8.	19	nothing wrong with them.
20	Q. I'm sorry. Did I get it wrong? The top of	20	Q. BY MR. ANDERSON: Now, you just mentioned Ryan
21	page 8.	21	was defensive of Lopera's actions, but in your report
22	So you wrote that Officer Crumrine "bears	22	you also state he didn't say anything about Lopera. Can
23	significant negligence-related liability for" Farmer's	23	you show me in Ryan's report well, you probably don't
24	death. Correct?	24	have Ryan's report. Where in Ryan's report
25	A. I think he was negligent in not physically	25	A. No. I think he I think he did. I'd have to
	Page 310		Page 312
1		1	
	intervening.	1	go back and look at it again, but I my recollection
2	Q. You don't think it was intentional? That it	2	is that he did talk about Lopera in there.
2			*
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3	Q. You don't think it was intentional? That it was negligent?	2	is that he did talk about Lopera in there. Am I wrong on that?
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Trinita Farmer v. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al.

Page 313 way or the other on that. 1 1 A. Level one? O. BY MR. McNUTT: Is it your opinion that had 2 2 Yes. O. Sergeant Crumrine or Officers Tran and Flores, had they A. Yeah. That's a very -- as I understand it, 3 intervened as you suggest they should have in this case, it's a very mild -- it's not enough to by itself result would Tashii Farmer have survived? in a person going unconscious. 5 MR. ANDERSON: Okay. I have nothing further. A. Well, let -- let me say this. I may have -- I 6 don't know if I gave the wrong impression or not, but MR. McNUTT: Couple follow-ups. 7 they should have intervened -- I -- I use the term a MR. LAGOMARSINO: Let's just take a quick 8 minute or a minute ten, whatever it was. They -- they 9 break. should have intervened much sooner than that. I mean, I 1.0 MR. McNUTT: Okay. -- I know that Tran and Flores arrived from -- the video 11 (A recess was taken from 4:50 P.M. to 4:58 11 12 I saw had time markings on it. It was about 20, 23 P.M.) 12 13 seconds, something like that. One of them should have 13 intervened at that point. And -- and certainly, along 14 14 **FURTHER EXAMINATION** with that, when -- when Crumrine told him to let go, 15 BY MR. McNUTT: 1.5 Q. Mr. Parker, I have just a couple follow-up when Tran told him to loosen up and he didn't do it, 16 whatever time those occurred, there should have been a 17 questions. 17 physical intervention at that point. 18 18 A. Okay Q. Are you making any opinions that Tashii Farmer MR. ANDERSON: Just a few. 19 19 would have survived if they would have done as you O. BY MR. McNUTT: Did you physically type up your 20 suggest they should have? reports? 21 22 A. There's a greater possibility that he would A. I did. 22 23 have survived. I can't say for sure. Q. So you don't have a secretary or anything --23 O. During Officer Lopera's interaction with Tashii 24 24 A. No. 25 Farmer, do you know whether or not he had ever checked Q. -- that helps you with that sort of thing? 25 Page 316 Page 314 A. Well, my wife will help me out once in a while. 1 him for weapons? 1 A. I don't know that he had. I know he said that 2 2 Q. Sure. that was one of the reasons he reached for him in the A. But I -- I generally type them up. 3 3 first place when -- when Tashii Farmer started to walk Q. Just curious. Craig asked you a few questions away. I think that, again, is a disingenuous statement. before regarding whether you could or are allowed to Q. Set aside what you think about his statement. testify at trial regarding what standards apply in terms I'm just asking factually, the record in this case, had of shocks to conscience, deliberate indifference. Do any Metro officer determined whether or not Tashii you remember that question? A. I do. And I've never testified at a trial for 9 Farmer had any weapons? 9 10 A. I'm not aware of them doing that up to the 10 any of that. point where they finally handcuffed him. I don't know Q. Okay. And so if you know that you aren't going 11 11 12 whether they checked him at that point or not. to testify about it at trial, why do you put it in your 12 Q. Okay. Verbal commands can be a form of 13 report? 13 14 deescalation. Correct? A. Because it's a finding or conclusion that --14 that I've come to. I've -- I've never been told or even 15 A. If they're effective. I mean, they're nothing 15 16 if they're not effective. hinted at or ever thought about the fact that I should 16 17 Q. Per Metro policy, verbal commands are one of not put anything in the report that I'm not going to 17 the techniques they use for deescalation. Correct? 18 testify because I never know what I'm going to testify. 18 So I put my findings and conclusions and my observations A. It's considered, I believe, the second level of 19 19 20 -- of their use of force policy and, thus, could be a 20 in every report that I write. 21 level of deescalation. O. So it won't surprise you if a Court in this 21 case doesn't allow you to testify about those legal 22 Q. So is that a yes, that per Metro policy, verbal 22 23 commands -standards? 23 24 MR. LAGOMARSINO: Objection. Relevance. A. Yes. 24 THE WITNESS: I -- I have no basis to think one Q. Thank you, despite the flack that we're getting 25 25

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	Page 317		Page 319
1	from our co-counsel here about	1	it right then if that was humanly possible, feasible.
2	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Sorry.	2	And if I gave that order to a suspect, you
3	MR. McNUTT: fashion and sunglasses, I	3	know, depending on what it was, if it was a situation
4	guess.	4	where I suspected, you know, he had a firearm and and
5	Q. As a law enforcement officer, when they give a	5	I was concerned about what was in his hands, I would say
6	verbal command, how long should they take to assess	6	"Let me see your hands," I'd want to see that right now.
7	whether that command is being complied with?	7	Q. If you told a suspect not to move if you
8	A. Depends on the situation, depends whether it's	8	told a suspect that was prone on the ground not to
9	a life-and-death matter, depends what the command is	9	move
10	relating to. I know in situations I've been in I've	10	A. Right.
11	given those commands and I expected them to be acted on	11	Q and the suspect started to get up
12	immediately.	12	A. Yeah.
13	Q. And so in a situation where you expected your	13	Q would that indicate to you the suspect was
14	command to be acted upon immediately, if then	14	not complying with your commands?
15	immediately the subject or the suspect did not comply,	15	A. It would indicate that he was not complying.
16	you then could take further action?	16	What action I would take based on that would depend on
17	A. Are you talking about the suspect, or you're	17	what that action was.
	talking about the what the officers were doing?	18	Q. Sure.
18 19		19	A. I might give it to him verbally again. If he
	Q. So A. What Lopera ordered Farmer to do?	20	was considered dangerous, you know, I might move in and
20	O. Well, I was trying to you answered what you	21	take physical action on him, but it depends.
21		22	MR. McNUTT: Okay. I have no further
22	would do.	23	
23	A. Right.	24	MR. LAGOMARSINO: Just for the record, what
24	Q. So I was trying to make that so since I've appropriately mucked the record, you said that you have	25	
25	Page 318	+	Page 320
-	given commands where you expected your command to be	1	
1	complied with immediately.	2	
2	A. Correct.	3	
3	Q. Okay. And so when you gave those types of	4	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
4	commands, if someone did not immediately comply, did you	5	
5 6	have to wait any arbitrary amount of time to further	6	
7		7	
8	next reasonable use of force or escalation technique?	8	
9		9	
10		10	
11	The state of the s	11	
12		12	
13		13	
14		14	
15		15	
16	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	16	THOMAS PARKER
17		17	,
18		18	3
19		19	
20		20	
23		2:	
22		22	
2:	11 24 4 4	2:	3
2	But, you know, if if I told an agent or a SWAT team	2	4

Th	omas	Parker	
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1110	omas Parker I filma Parti	er v. Las vegas Metropontan Ponce Department, et al.
	Page 321	
1	CERTIFICATE OF	
2	CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER	
3	I, THE UNDERSIGNED CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER IN	
4	AND FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DO HEREBY CERTIFY:	
5	THAT THE FOREGOING PROCEEDINGS WERE TAKEN BEFORE ME	
6	AT THE TIME AND PLACE THEREIN SET FORTH; THAT ANY	
7	WITNESSES IN THE FOREGOING PROCEEDINGS, PRIOR TO	
8	TESTIFYING, WERE DULY SWORN; THAT A RECORD OF THE	
9	PROCEEDINGS WAS MADE BY ME USING MACHINE SHORTHAND,	
10	WHICH WAS THEREAFTER TRANSCRIBED UNDER MY DIRECTION;	
11	THAT THE FOREGOING TRANSCRIPT IS A TRUE RECORD OF THE	
12	TESTIMONY GIVEN. FURTHER, THAT IF THE FOREGOING	
13	PERTAINS TO THE ORIGINAL TRANSCRIPT OF A DEPOSITION IN A	
14	FEDERAL CASE, BEFORE COMPLETION OF THE PROCEEDINGS,	
15	REVIEW OF THE TRANSCRIPT [X] WAS [] WAS NOT REQUESTED.	
16	I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT I AM A DISINTERESTED	
17	PERSON AND AM IN NO WAY INTERESTED IN THE OUTCOME OF	
18	SAID ACTION, OR CONNECTED WITH OR RELATED TO ANY OF THE	
19	PARTIES IN SAID ACTION, OR TO THEIR RESPECTIVE COUNSEL.	
20	THE DISMANTLING, UNSEALING OR UNBINDING OF THE	
21	ORIGINAL TRANSCRIPT WILL RENDER THE REPORTER'S	
22	CERTIFICATE NULL AND VOID.	
23	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I HAVE SUBSCRIBED MY NAME ON	
24	THIS DATE: October 19, 2019.	
25	CSR NO. 2818	
	Page 322	
1	IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULE 30(e)	
2	FEDERAL RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE	
3	PAGE LINE CHANGE REQUESTED REASON THEREFOR	
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5.3(a)(vii) List of Due Diligence Documents Sierra LLC

Sierra LLC

FirmEx Folder

- 11. Commercial & Industrial Opportunities
- 12. Revenue Breakdown
- 13. Top 30 Customers
- 14. Service Line
- 1. Employee Census
- 2. Organizational Chart
- 3. Equipment list
- 4. Workers Compensation
- 4. Workers Compensation
- 4. Workers Compensation
- 5. Litigation
- 5. Litigation
- 6. Equipment Manufactures & Suppliers
- 7. Company Leases
- 2017 SLLC Monthly FS
- 2017 SLLC Monthly FS 2017 SLLC Monthly FS
- 2017 SLLC Monthly FS
- 2017 SLLC Monthly FS
- 2018 SLLC Monthly FS